

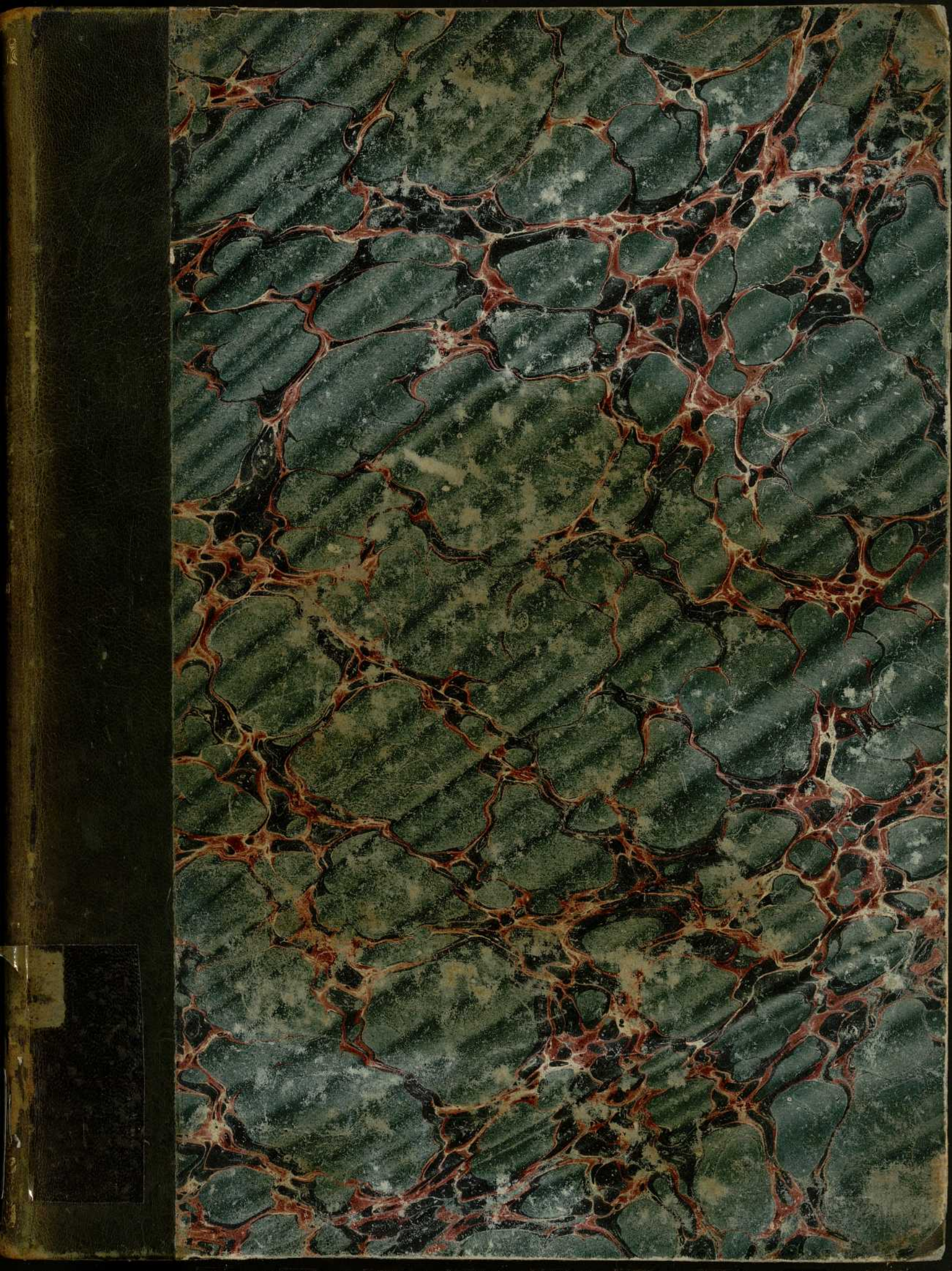
ENCYCLOPEDIE

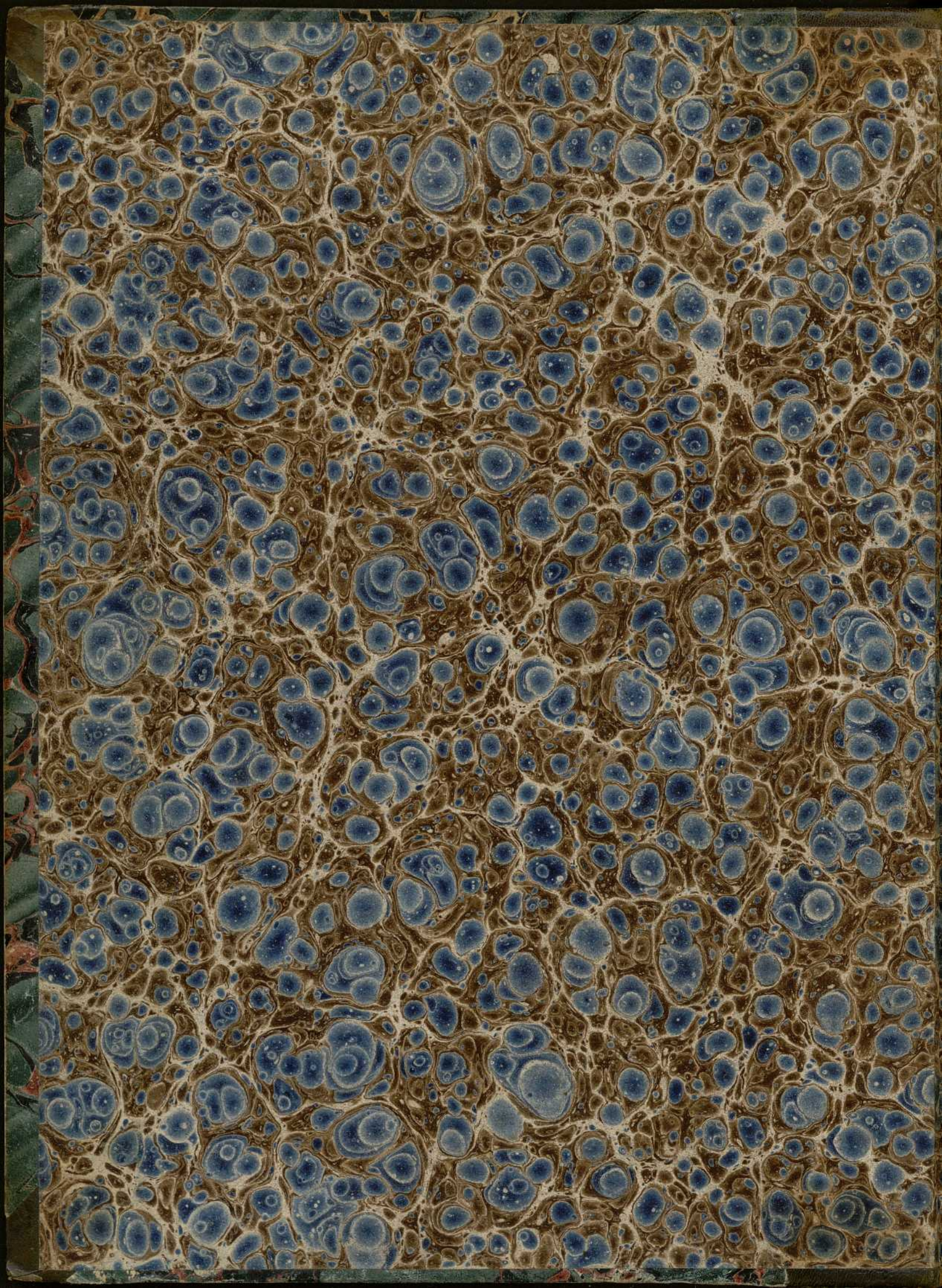
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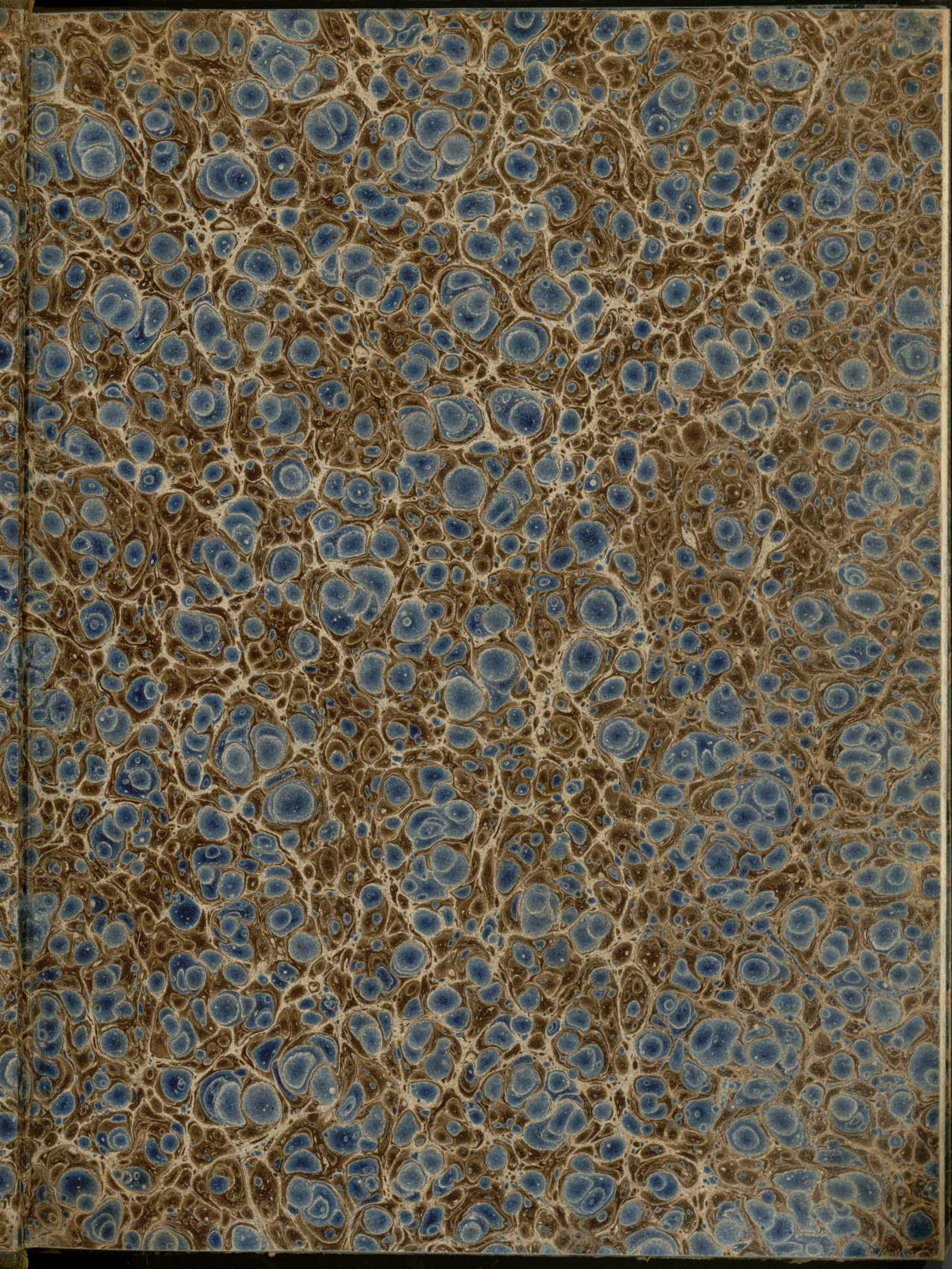
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BIBLIOTECA MUNICIPAL REAL	
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Numero:	419

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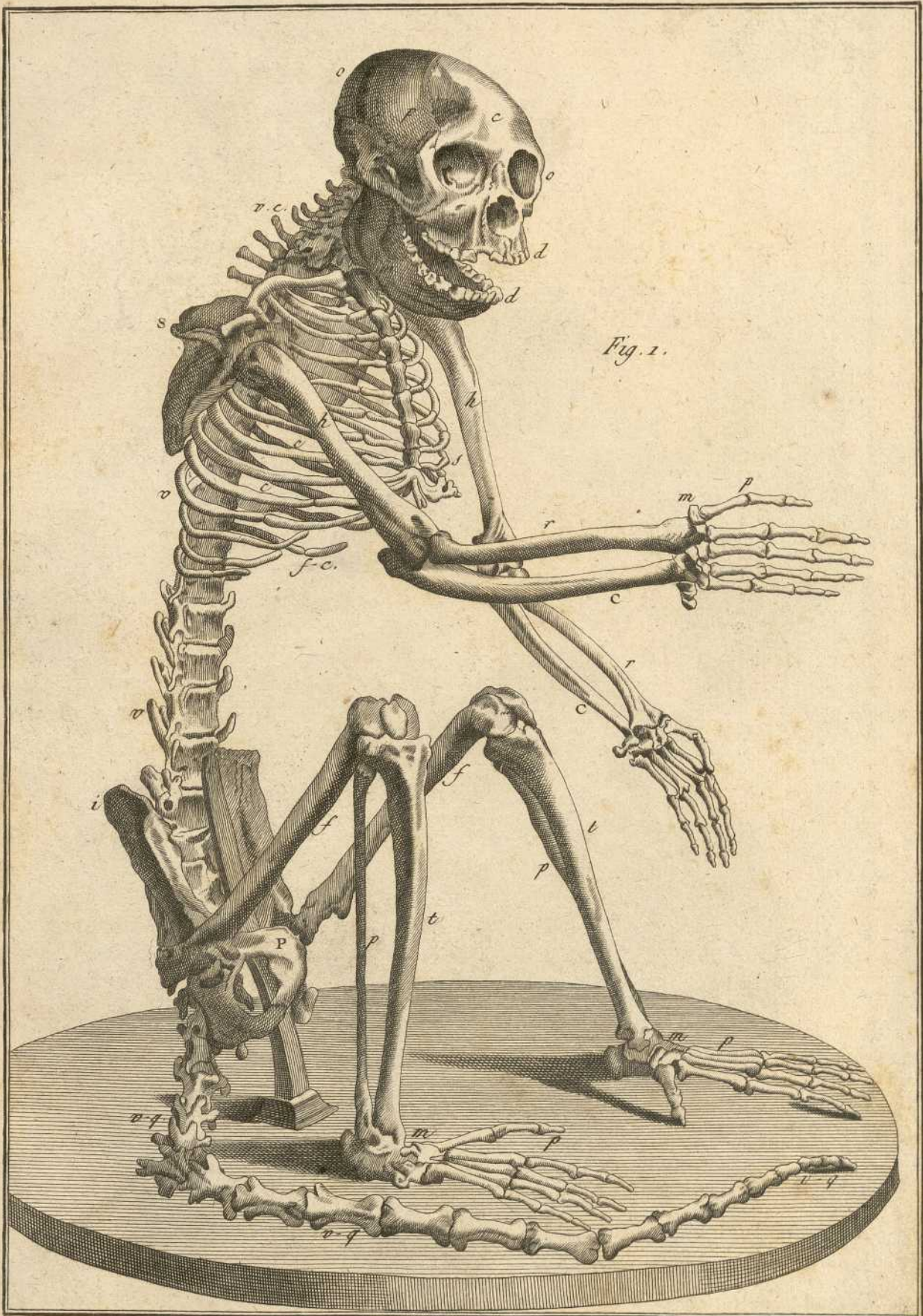
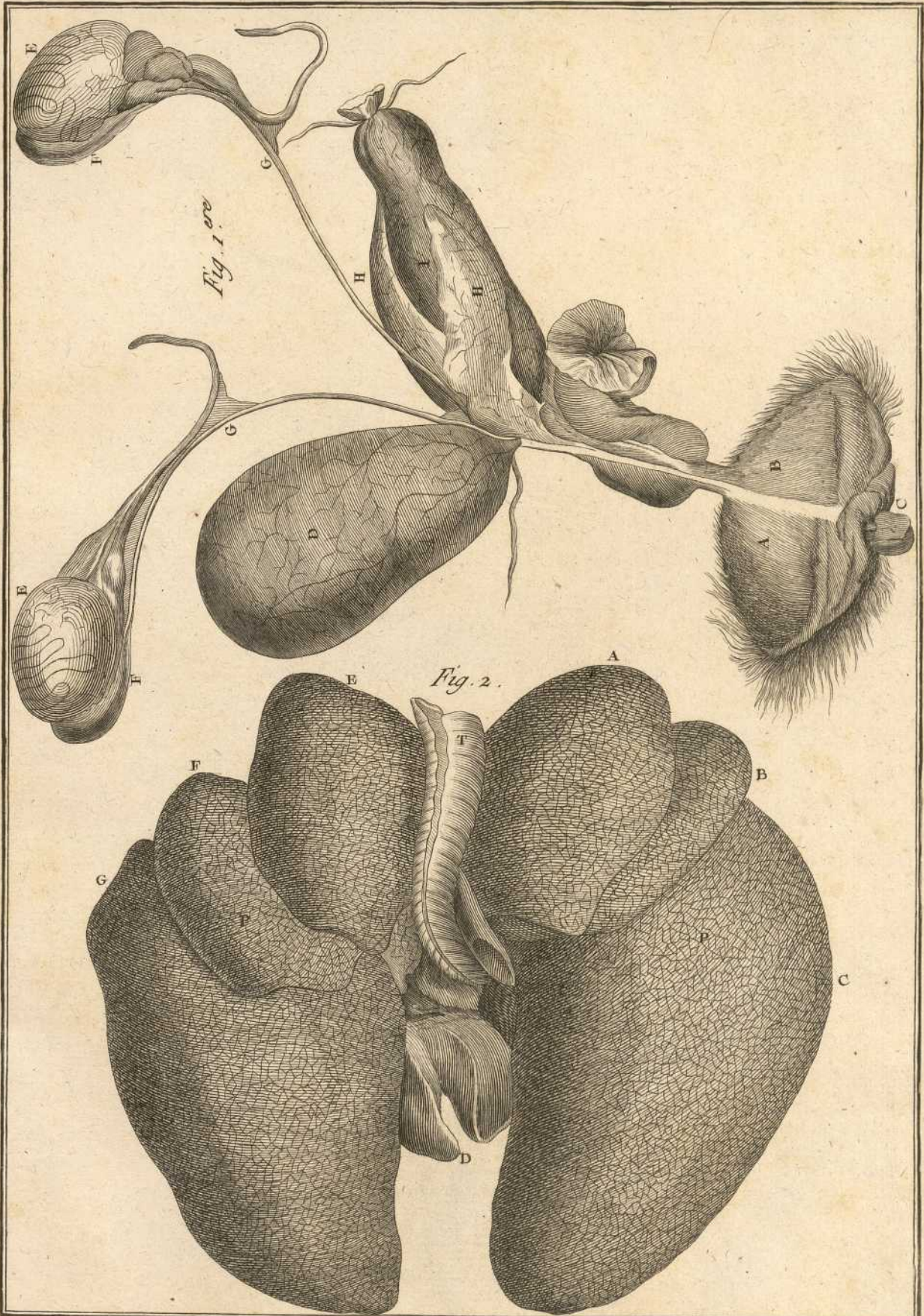
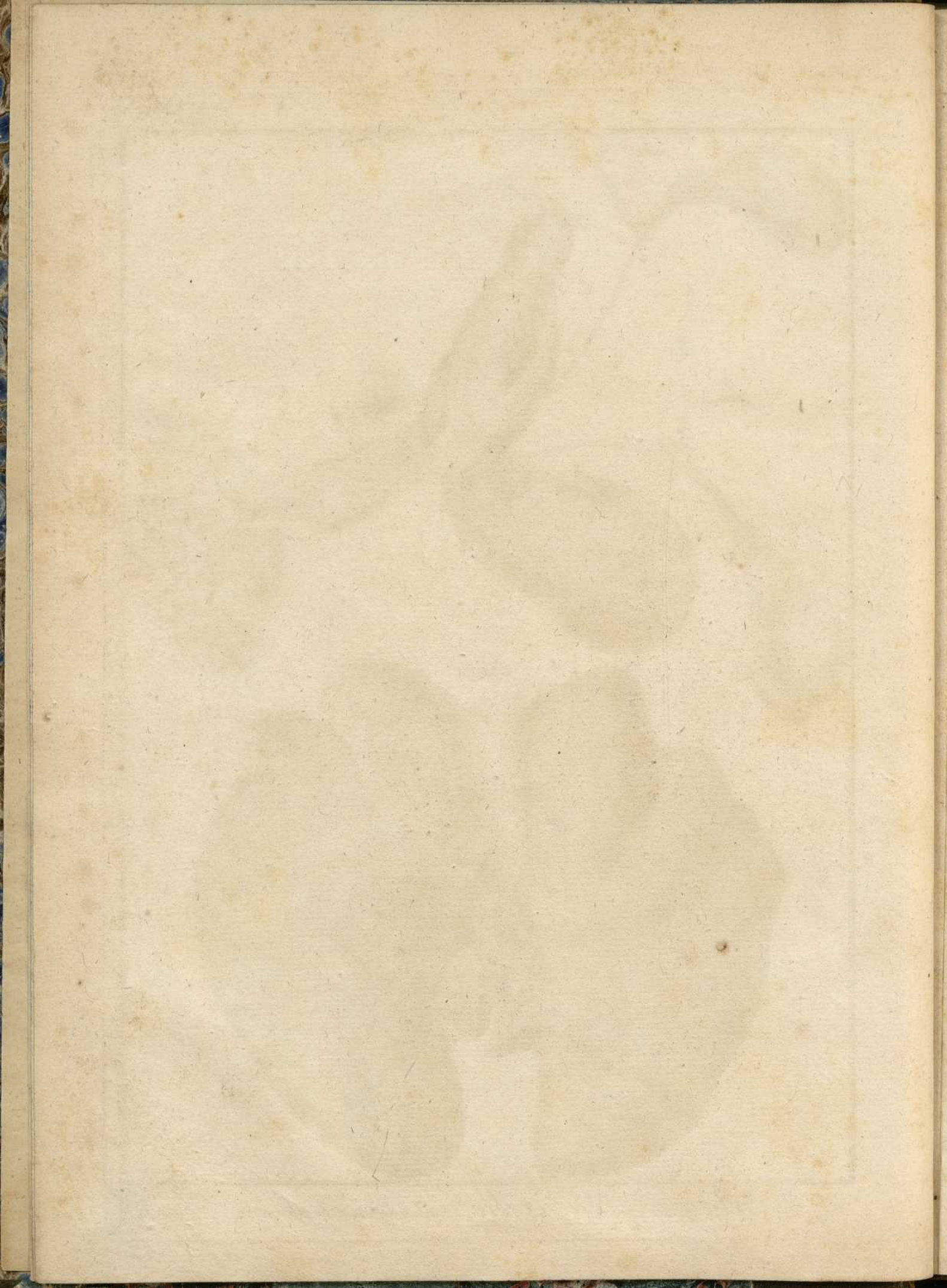


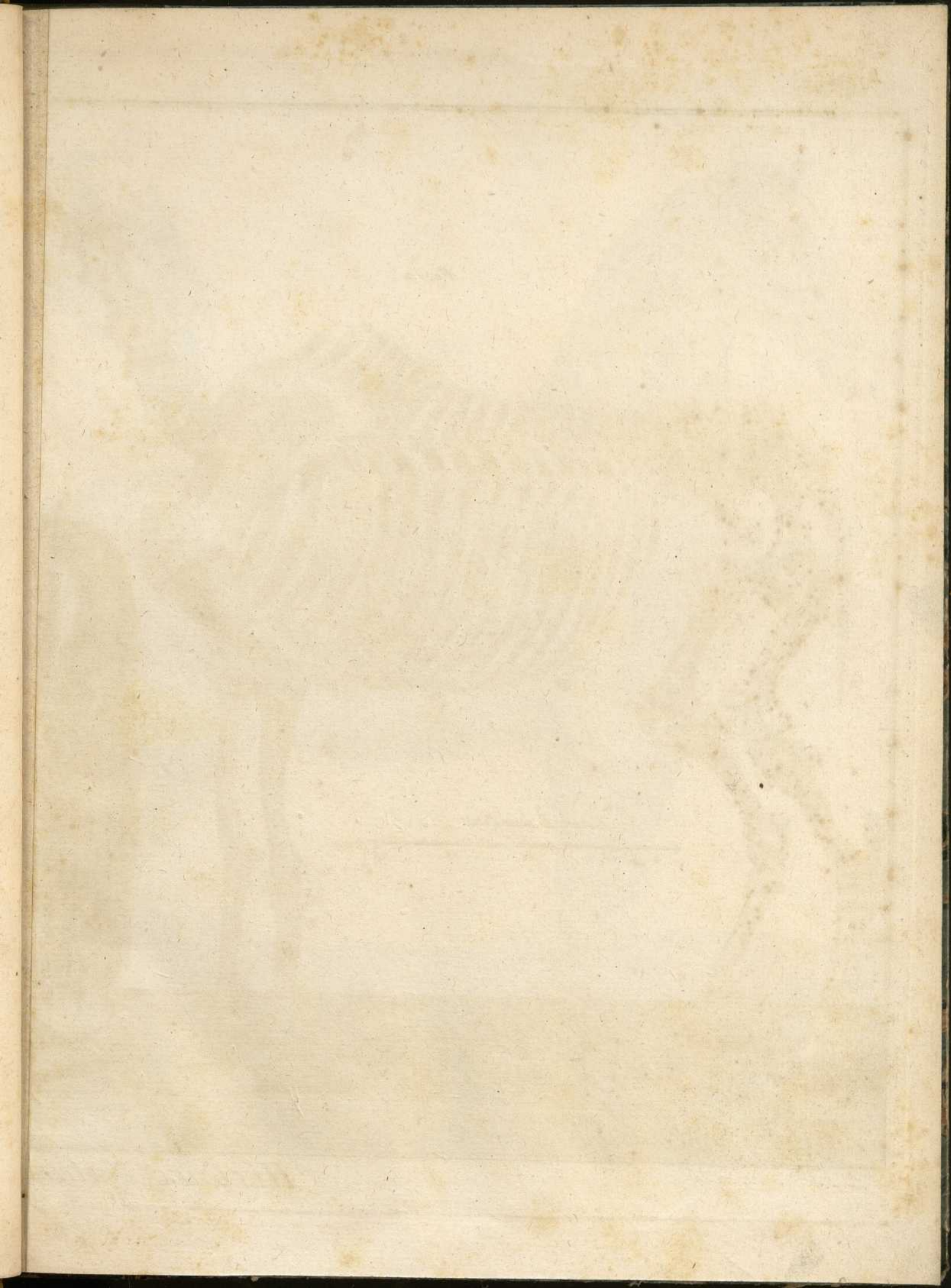
Fig. 1.

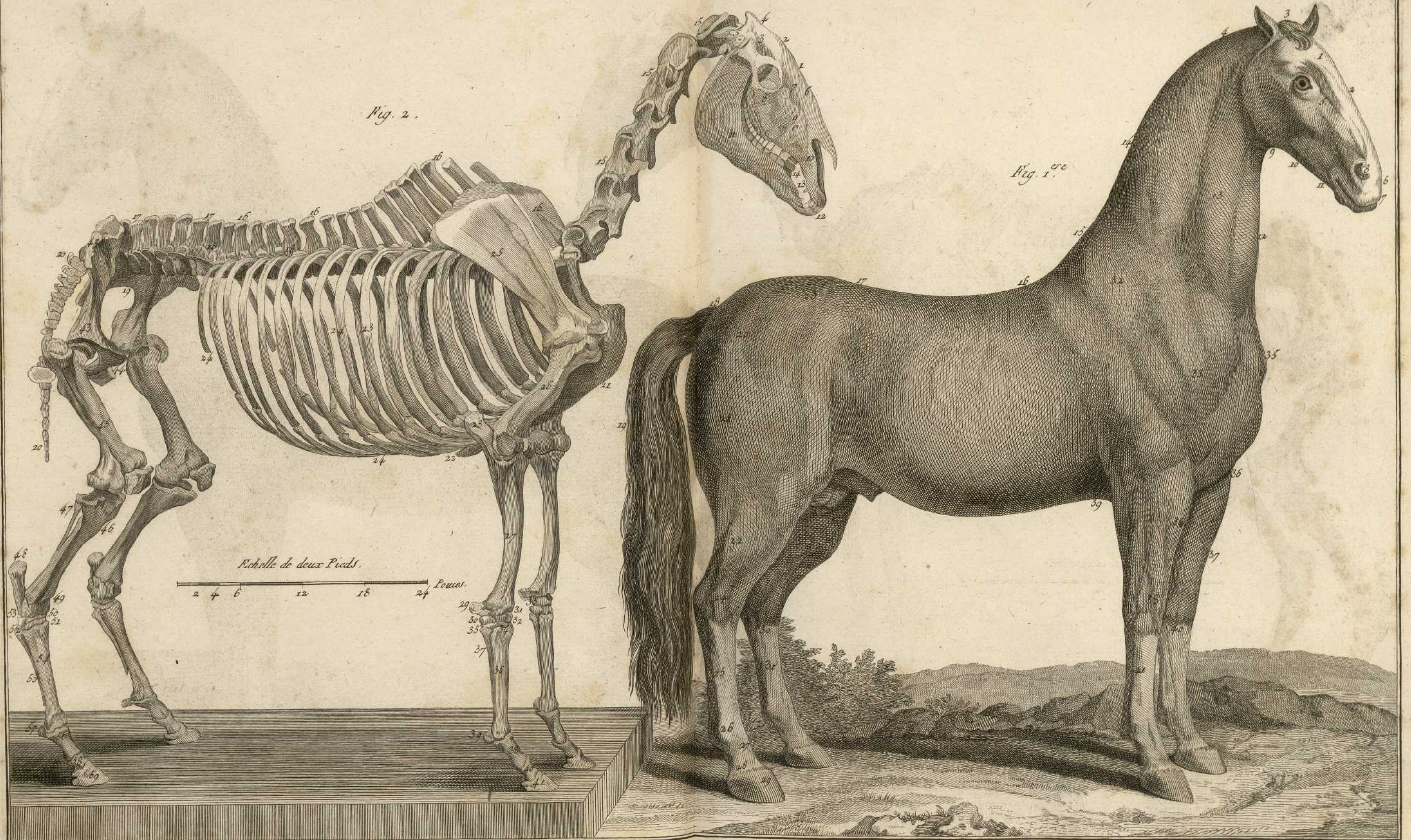
Histoire Naturelle, Quadrupèdes; Squelette de Singe.

Benard Dorexit











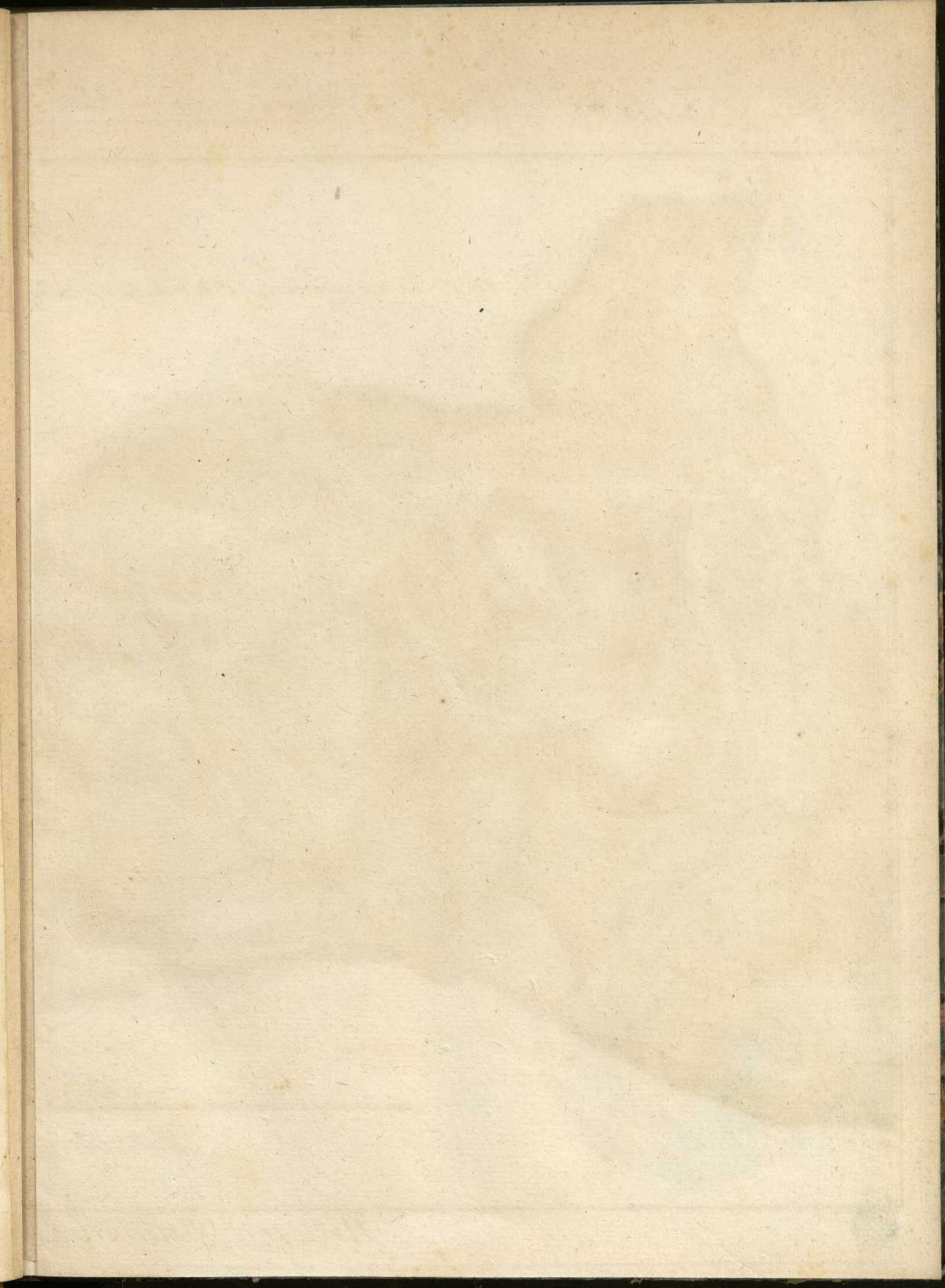


Fig. 1.^{re} Parties intérieures du Cheval, ou l'ensemble des Viscères.

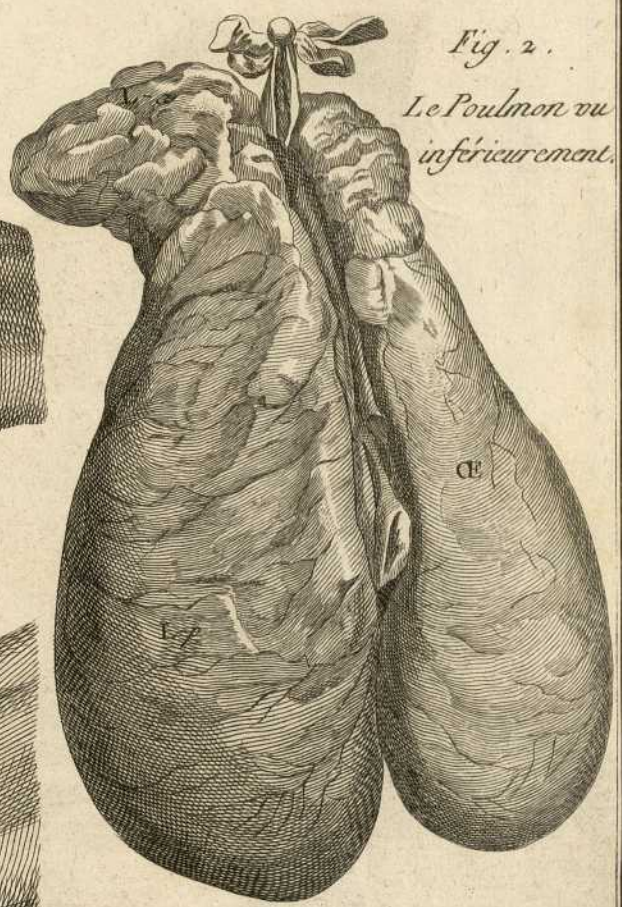
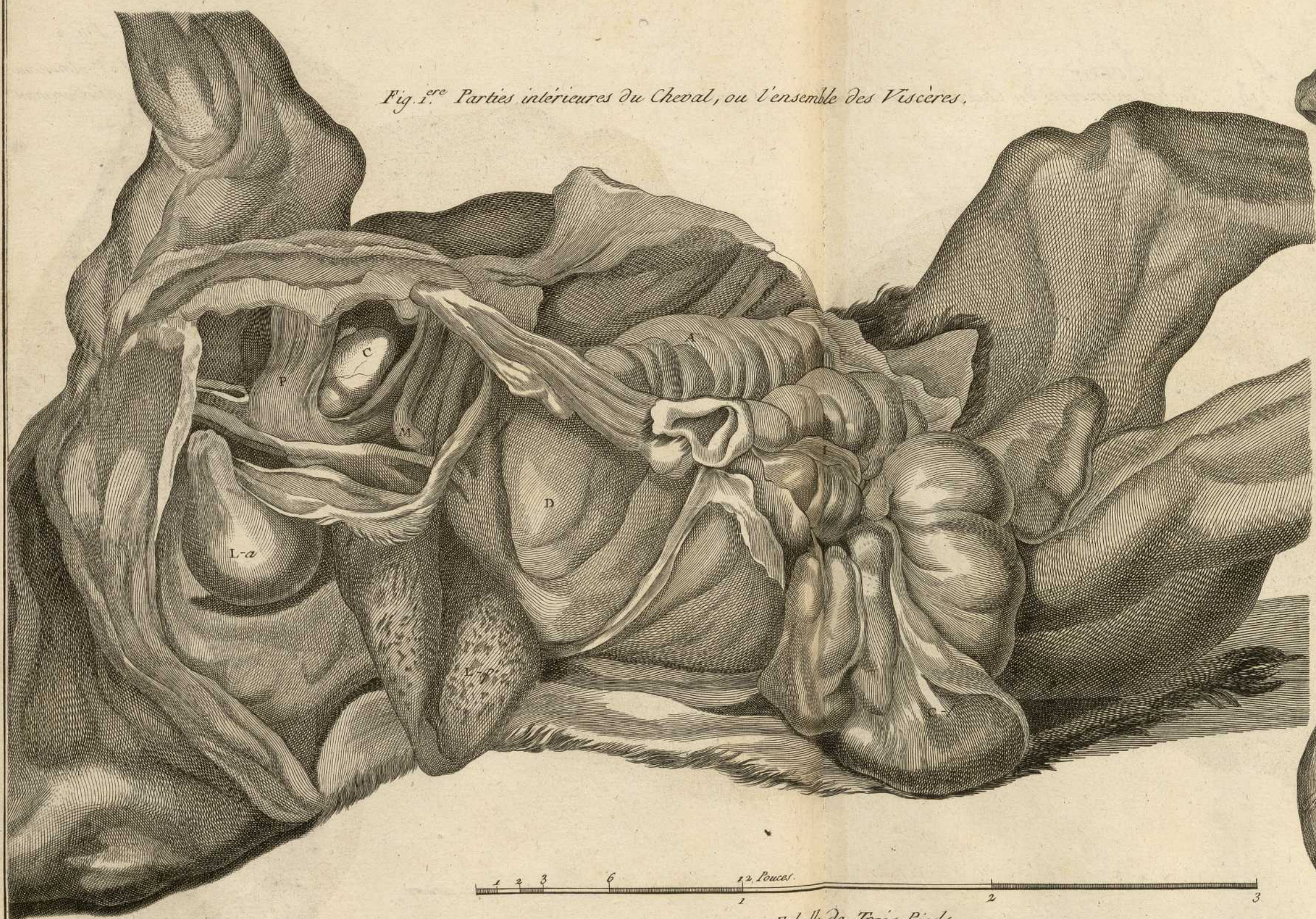


Fig. 2.
Le Poulmon vu
inférieurement.



Fig. 3.
L'Estomac vu de profil,
et Intestins grêles.



Echelle de Trois Pieds.

Fig. 1^a Pongo Wurmbii Desm. — Pongo.

Fig. 2^a Simia Satyrus L. } Jocko
Pithecius Satyrus Desm }

Fig. 3^a Simia Lar. L. } Le Grand Gibbon.
Hylobates Lar. illig. }

Fig. 4. Simia Lar. var. Auct. } Le Petit Gibbon.
Hylobates variegatus Lep. }
— agilis Fred. Luv. }

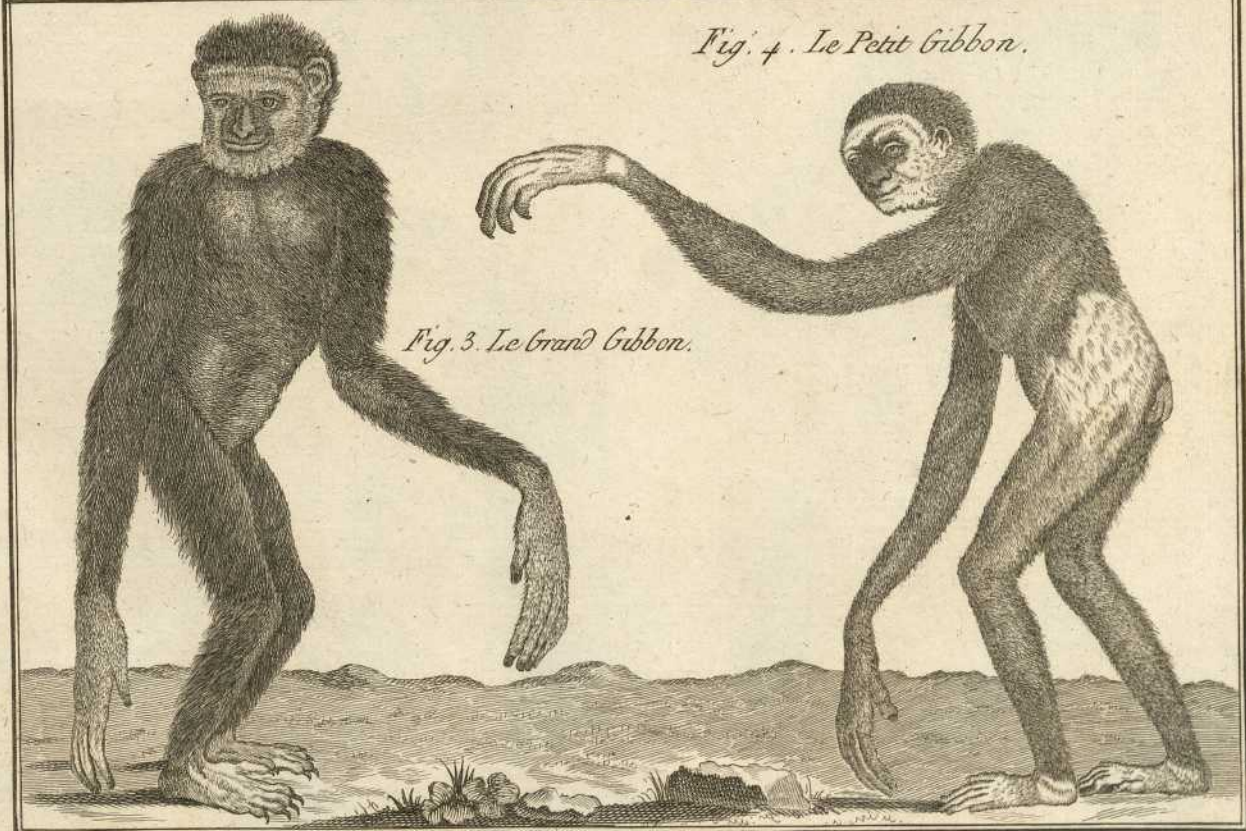
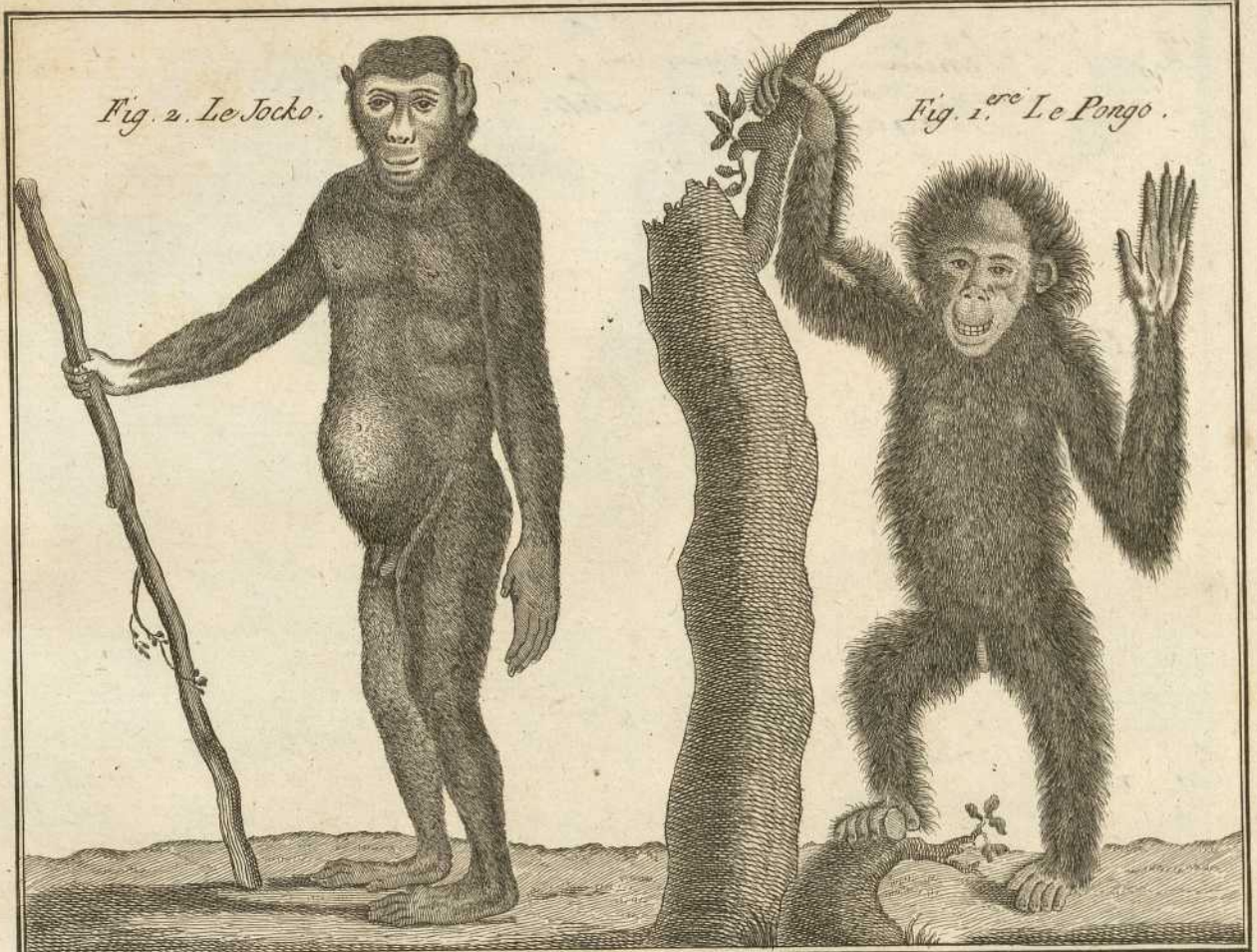


Fig. 1.^a *Simia sylvanus* L.
Magus id. Less.

Fig. 2.^a *Simia Mormon* Em

Fig. 3.^a *Simia unius*. Em.

Fig. 4.^a *Simia sphinx* L.

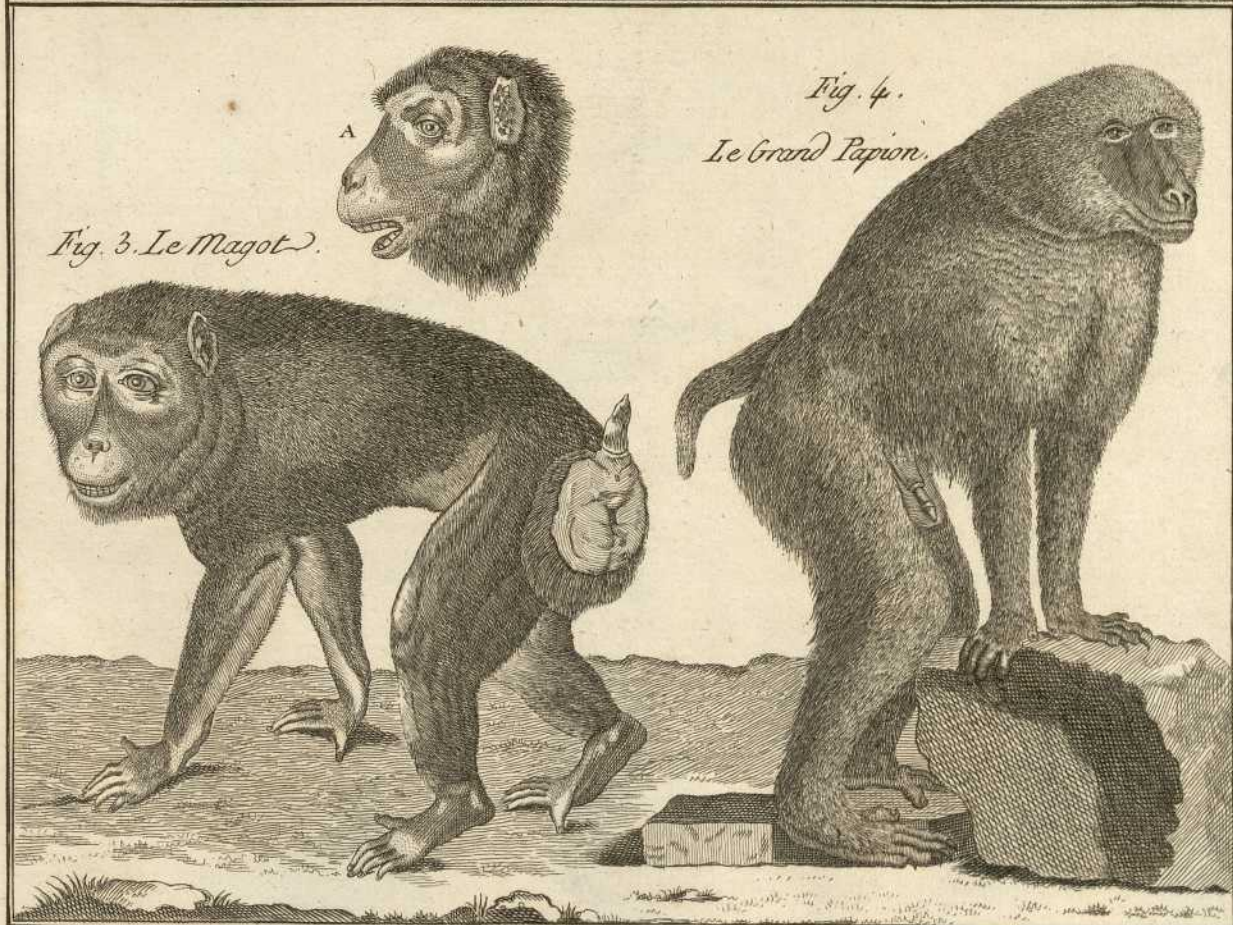


Fig. 3. *Cercopithecus pileatus*.

Fig. 1.^a *Magus sylvanus* Less.

Fig. 2 *Simia erythroga* Cels.

Fig. 4. *Cercopithecus petaurista* Germ.

Fig. 3. La Guenon couronnée.

Fig. 1.^{re} Le Petit Cynocephale.

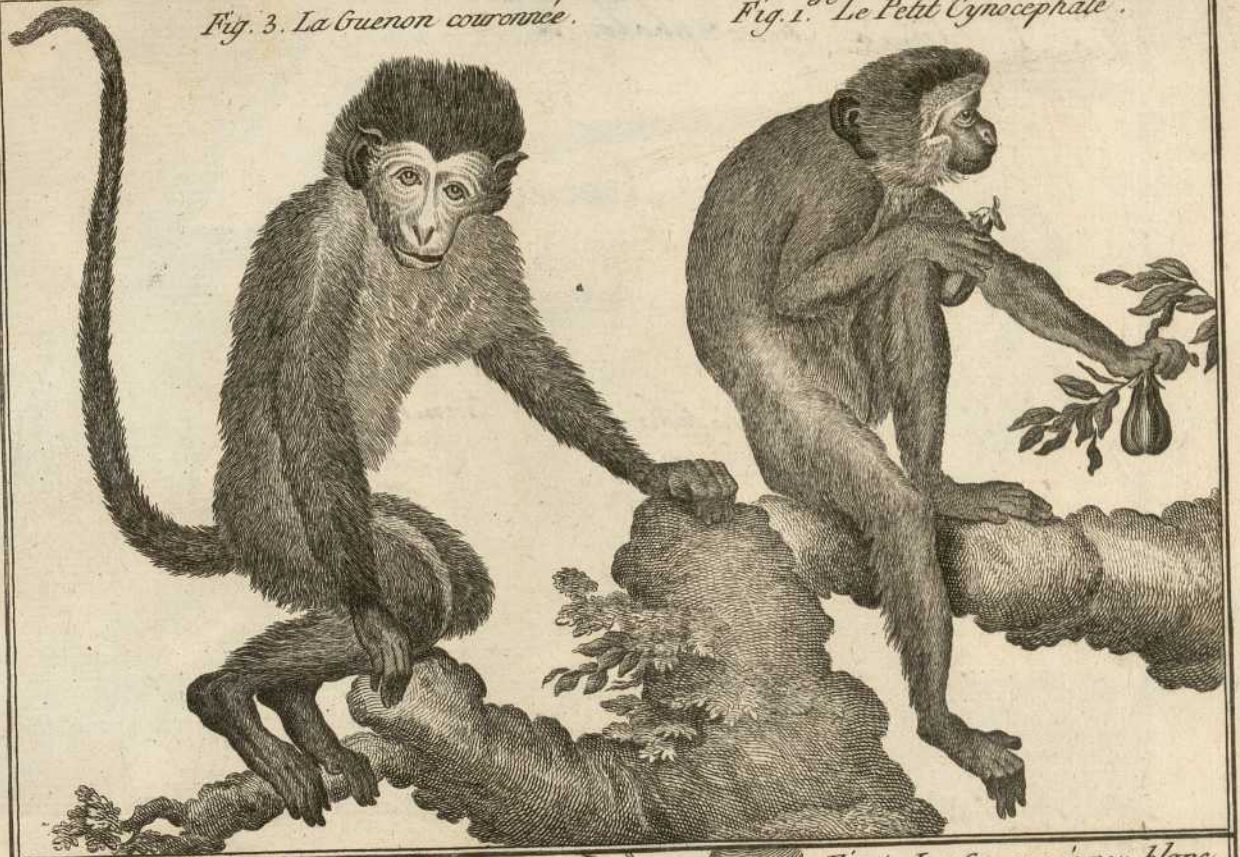
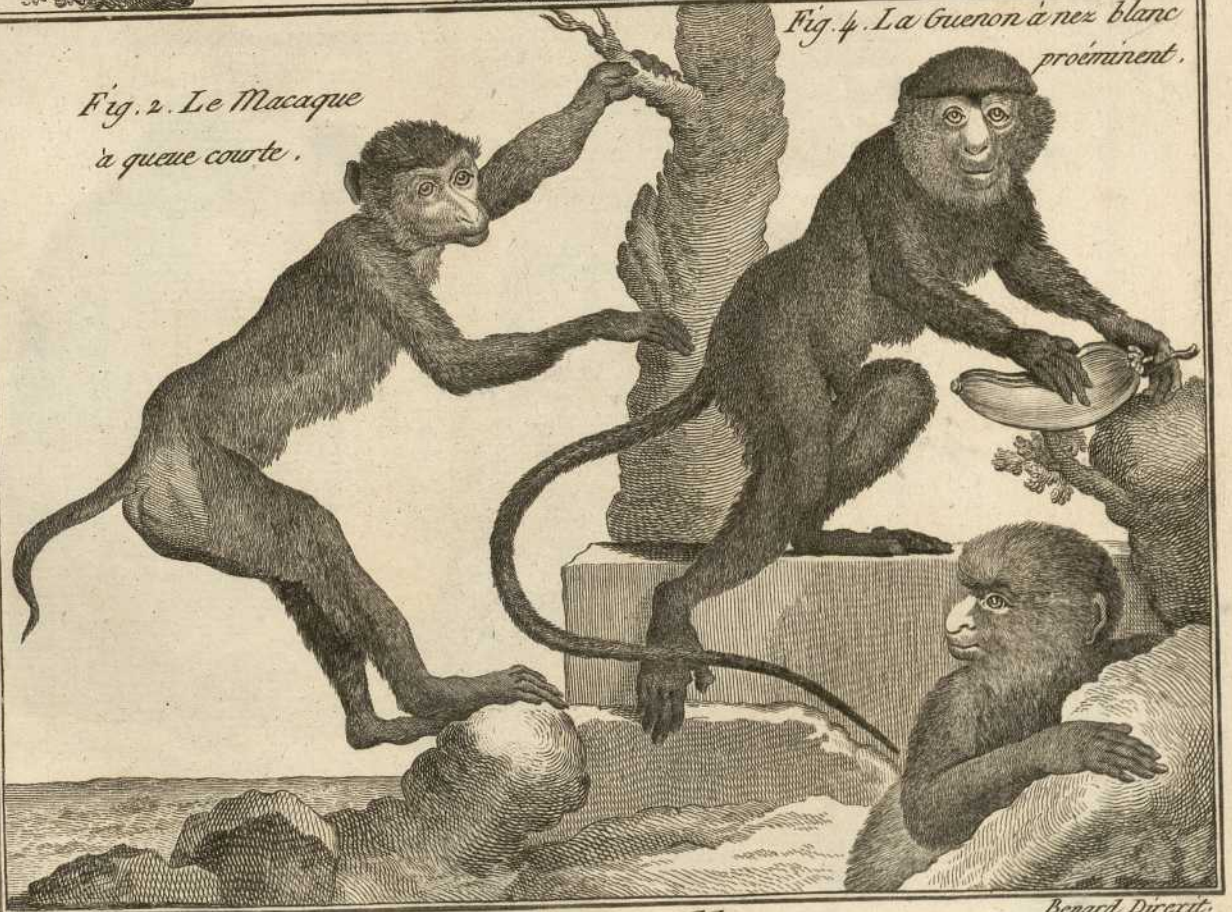


Fig. 2. Le Macaque à queue courte.

Fig. 4. La Guenon à nez blanc proéminent.



Benard. Delin.

Fig. 1 *Simia cynocephalus* L.

Fig. 2 *Cercopithecus latibarbatus* Temm.

Fig. 3 *Simia silenus* L.
Macacus id. Temm.

Fig. 4 *Cynocephalus niger* Temm.

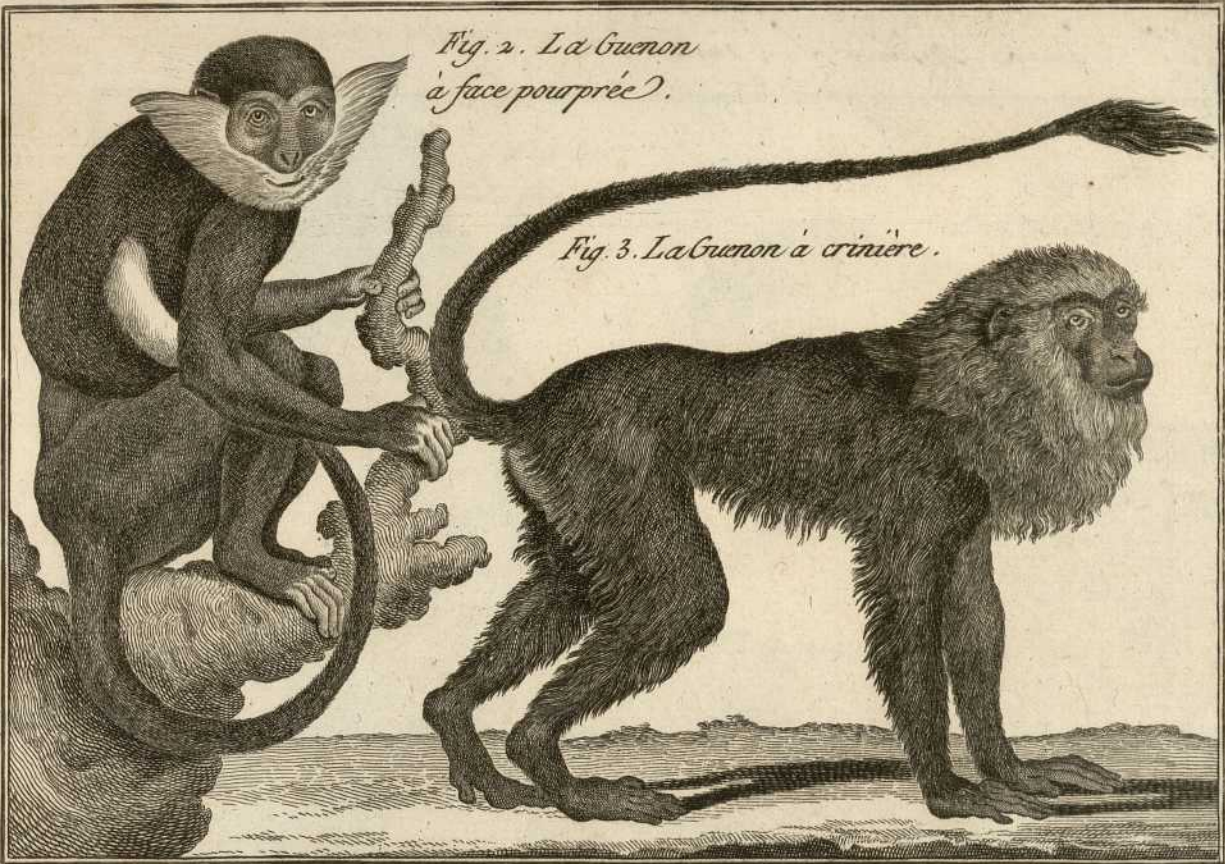


Fig. 2. La Guenon à face pourprée.

Fig. 3. La Guenon à crinière.

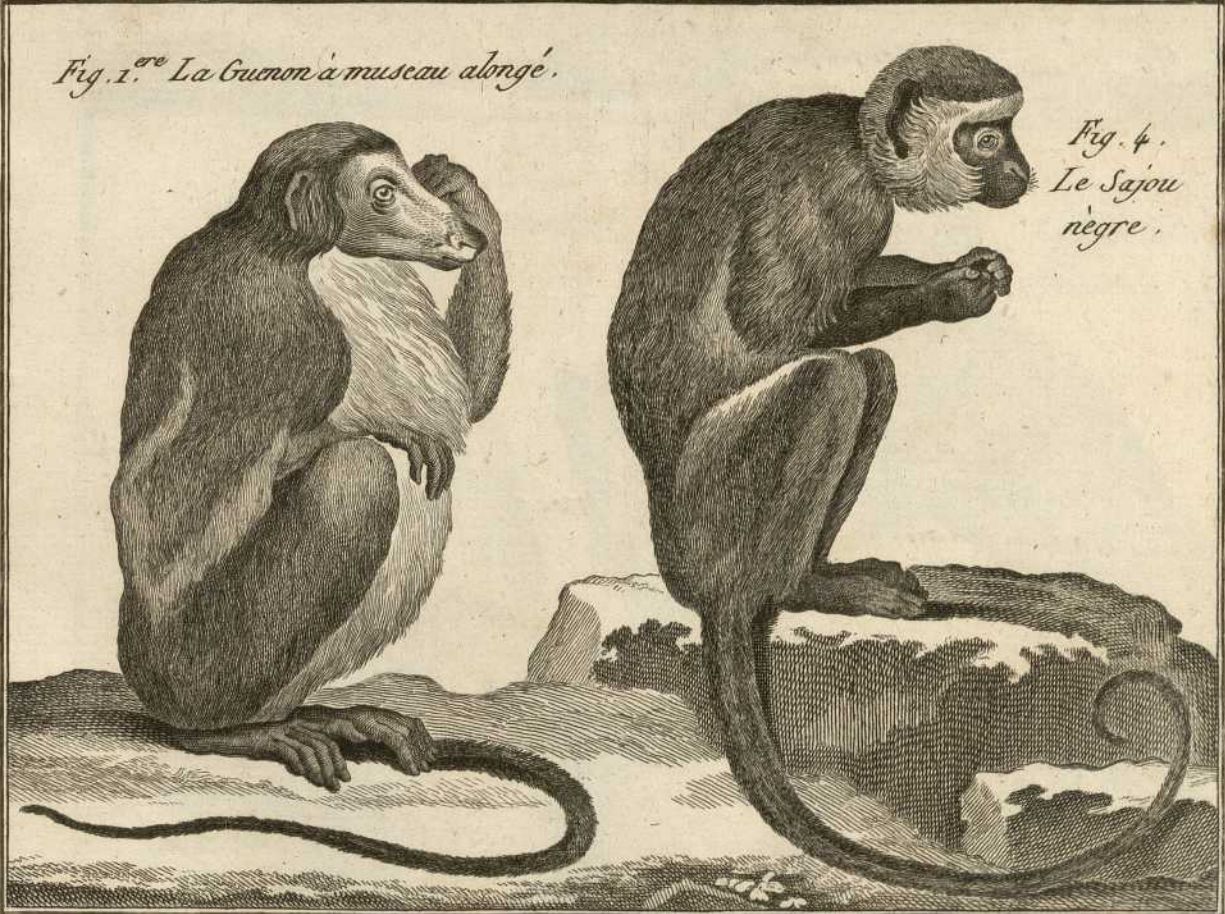


Fig. 1.^{re} La Guenon à museau allongé.

Fig. 4. Le Sajo noir.

Fig. 1^a *Cimia sphinx* L. (junior).

Fig. 2^a *Cimia maimon* L.

Fig. 3. *Cimia mormon* L.

Fig. 4^a *Magus maurus* Fr. Luv. ? Wood babouin de Pennant. ?

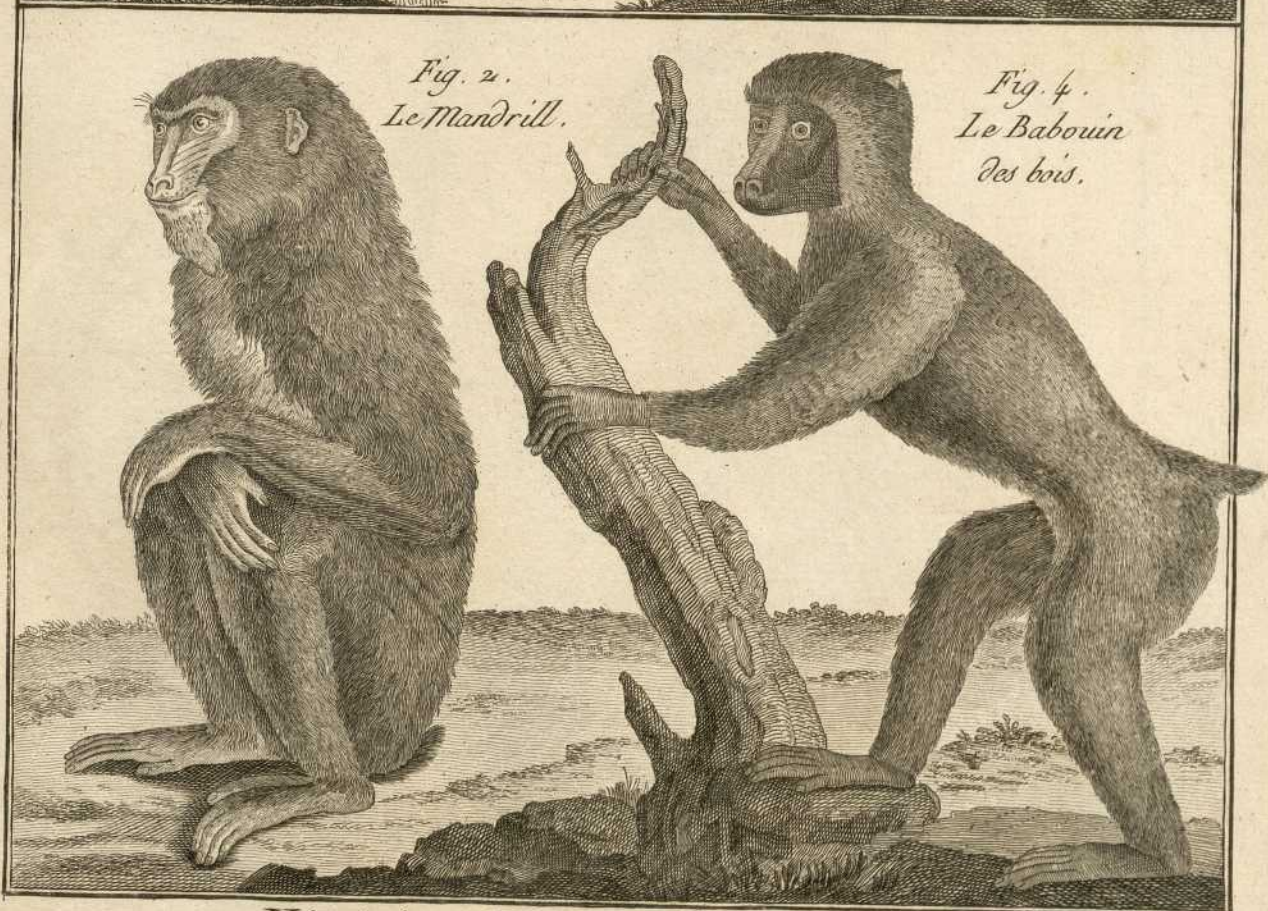
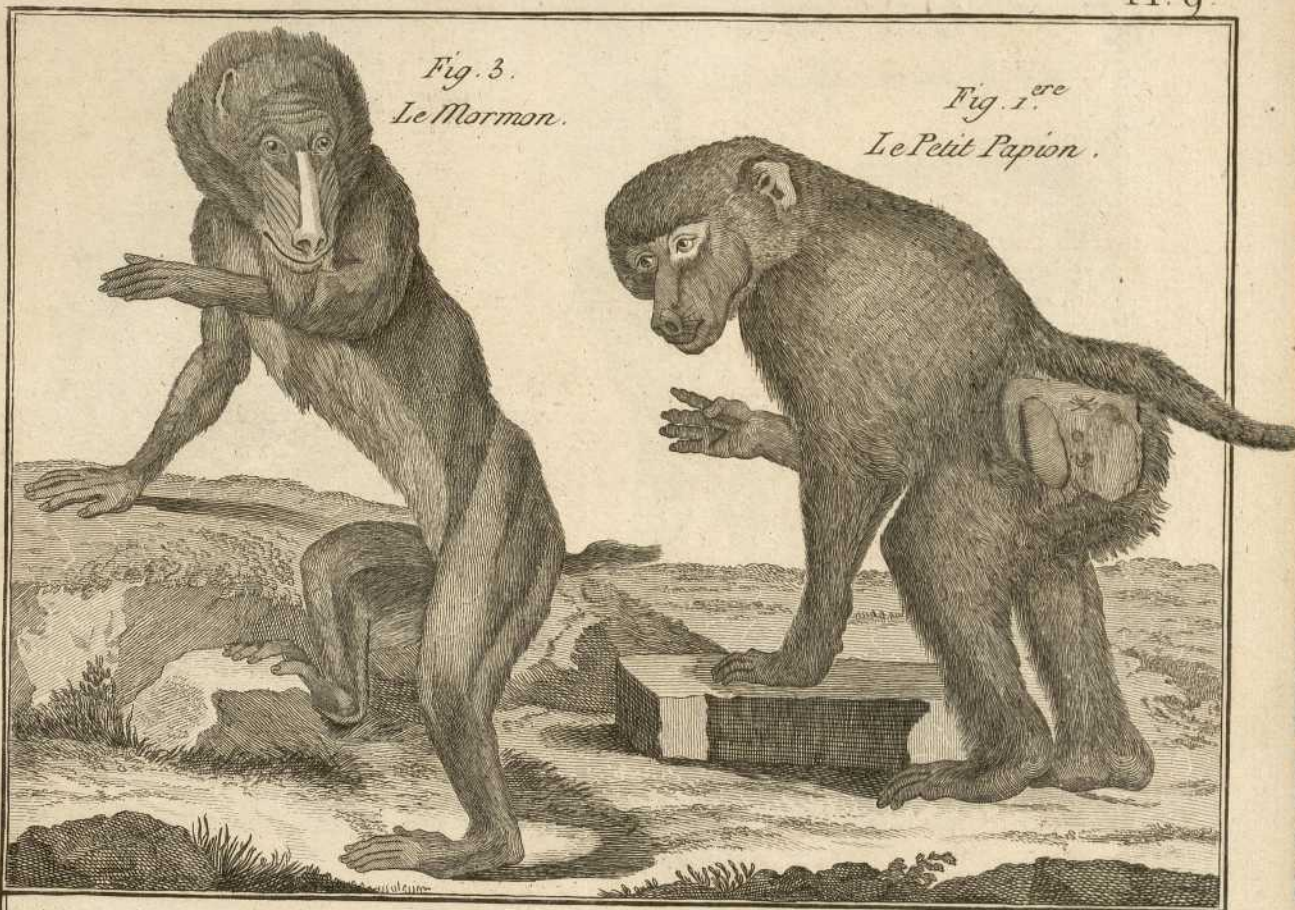


Fig. 1. *Simia maimon* L.

Fig. 2.

Fig. 3. *Simia Hamadryas* L.

Fig. 4. *Simia Silenus et leonina* L.

Fig. 3.
L'Hamadrias.



Fig. 2. Le nouveau Babouin.

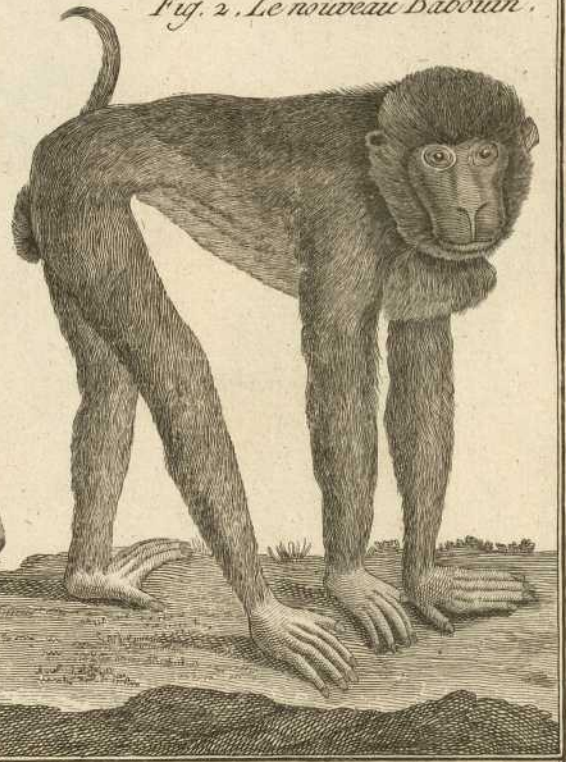


Fig. 1^{re}. Le Maimon.



Fig. 4.
L'Ouanderou.



Fig. 1 *Simia faurus* Em.

Fig. 2 *Simia cynomolgus* L.

Fig. 3^a (o. 4^a) *Simia Diana* L.

Fig. 4 *Simia mona* et *S. monacha* Schv. *So mona*.

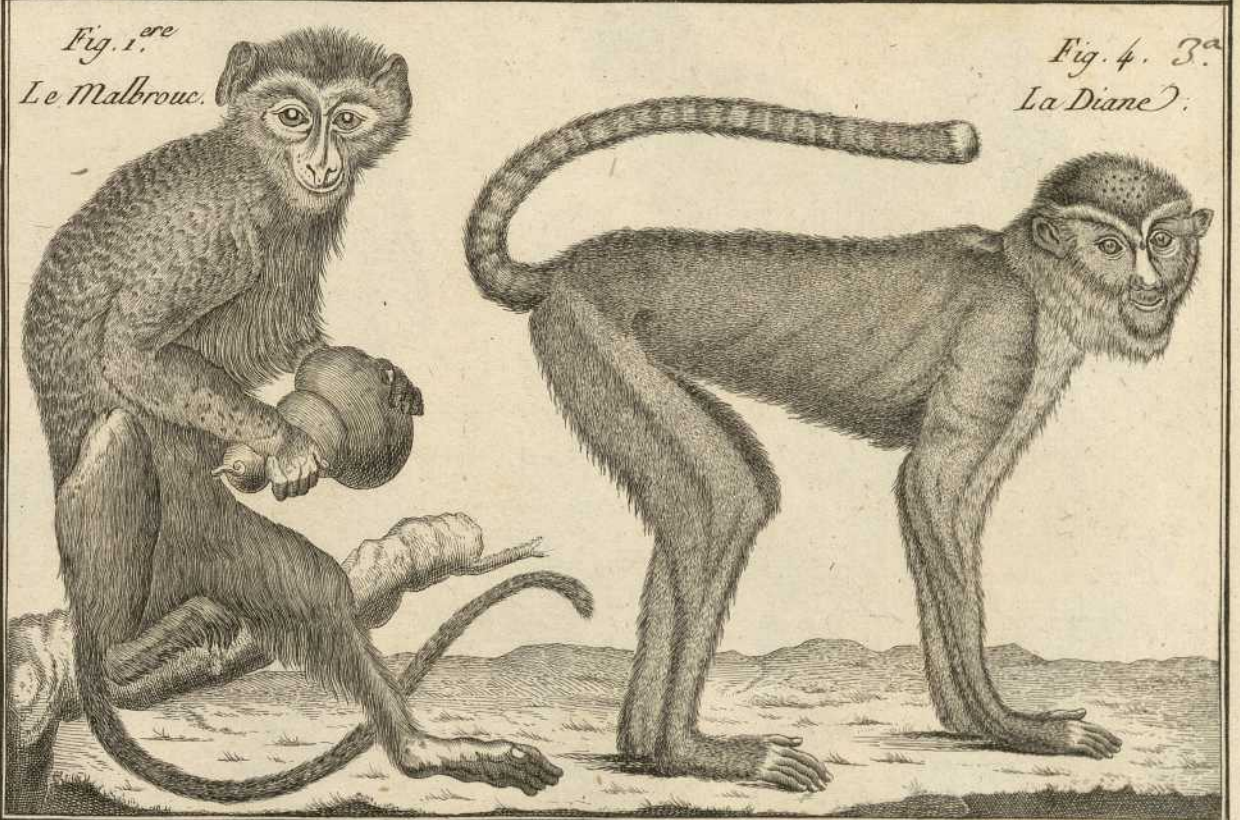


Fig. 1.^a *Simia saba* L. Le callitriche

Fig. 2. *Simia rubra* Sm.

Fig. 3. *Simia petawicita* Schr.

Fig. 4. *Leucopithecus nictitans* Germ.

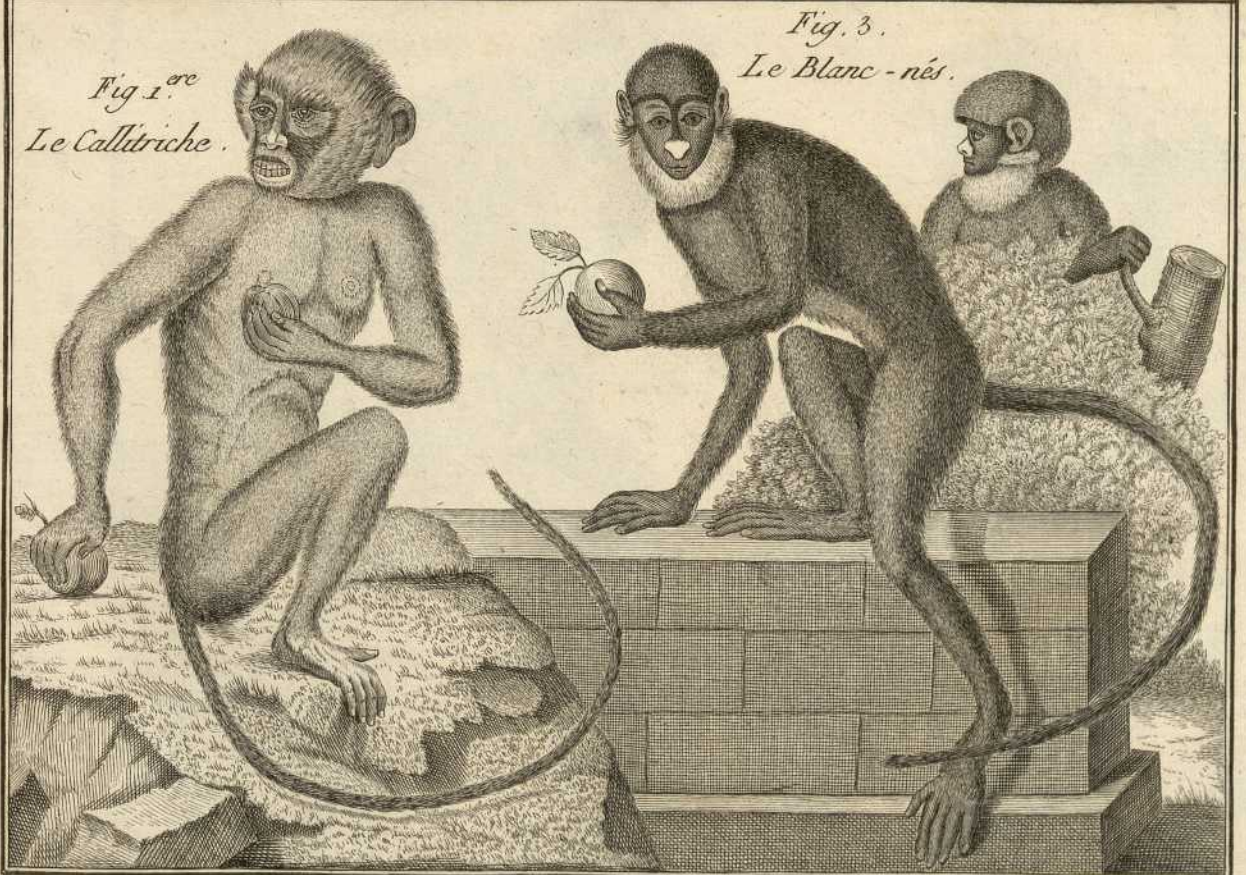


Fig. 1^a *Simia melanocephala* Fr. Cav.

Fig. 2. *Simia cephus* L.

Fig. 3 *Simia aethiops* L.

Fig. 4 *Simia aethiops* L. var.
— *fuliginosa* Geoff. ?



Fig. 1^a *Simia aegula* L. L'aigrette.

Fig. 2. *Simia maura* L.

Fig. 3. *Simia sinica* Sm.

Fig. 4. *Simia voloway*. Sm.

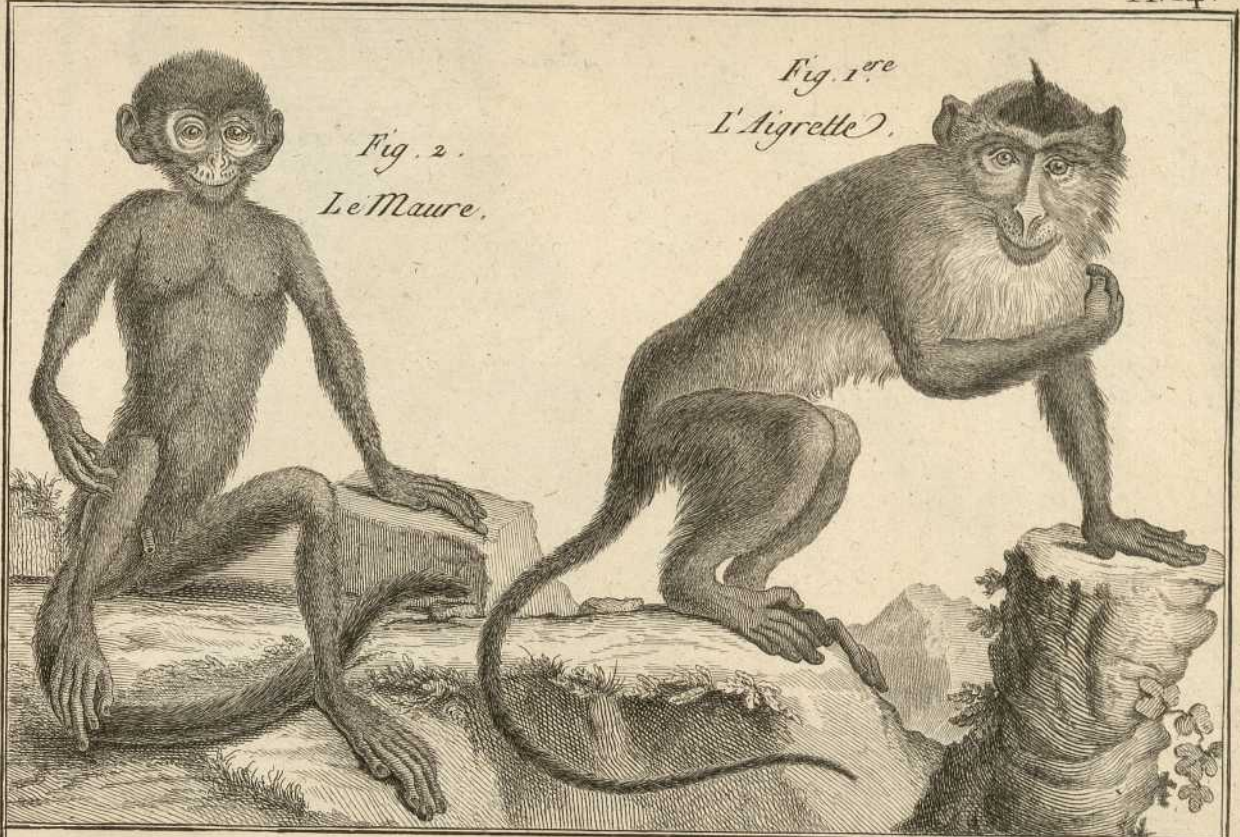


Fig. 2.
Le Maure.

Fig. 1.^{re}
L'Aigrette.



Fig. 3.
Le Bonnet chinois.

Fig. 4.
La Palatine.

Fig. 1. *Simia nemaus* L. Le Douc.

Fig. 2

Fig. 3. *Colobus polycomus* Geoff. Guenon à l'Amal Buff.

Fig. 4. *Simia Beelzebub* L.

Fig. 5. *Simia seniculus* L.

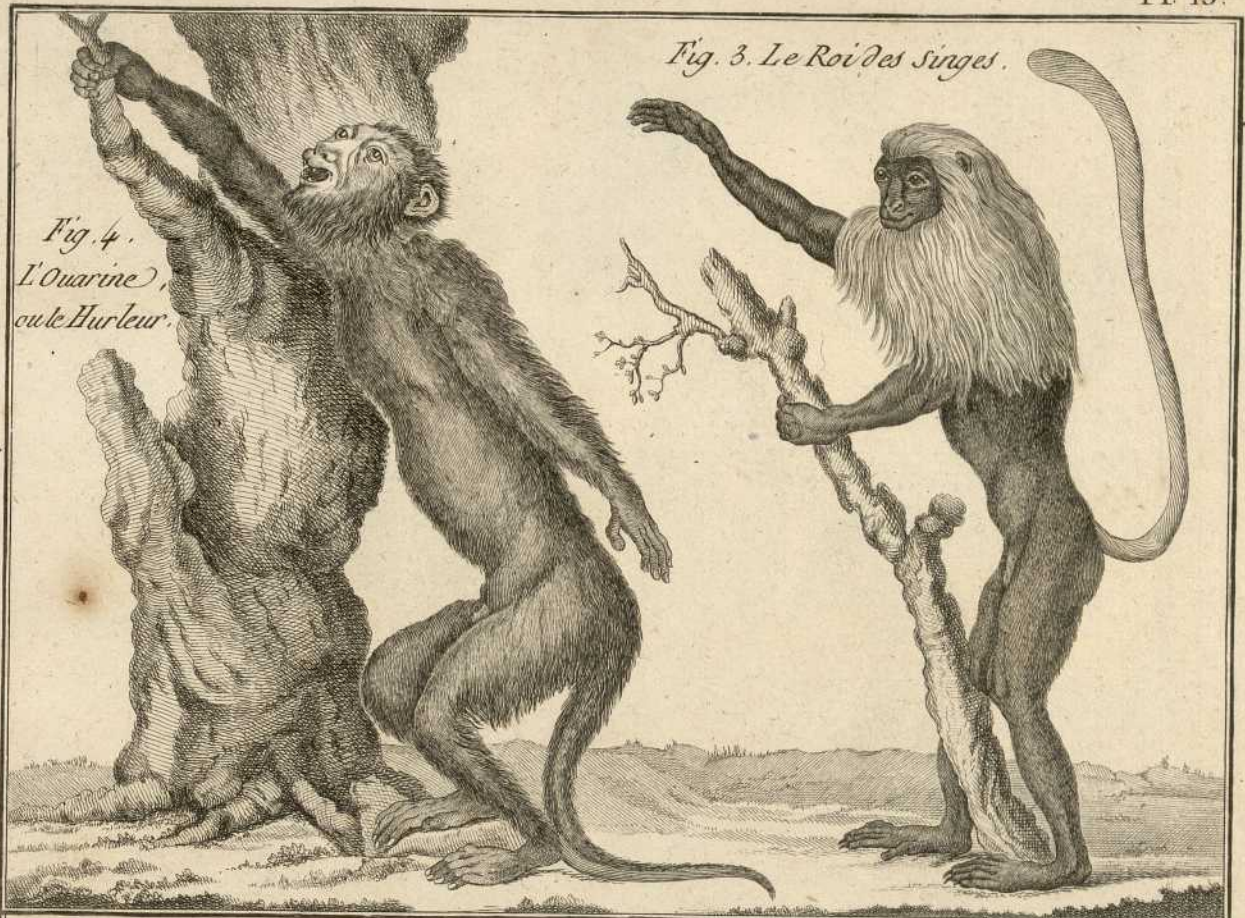


Fig. 1. *Simia paniscus* L.

Fig. 2. *Cebus unicolor* Tr. Cav.

Fig. 3. *Cebus griseus* Desm.

Fig. 4. *Simia capucina* L.



*Fig. 1.^{re}
Le Coûda.*

Fig. 3. Le Sajou gris.

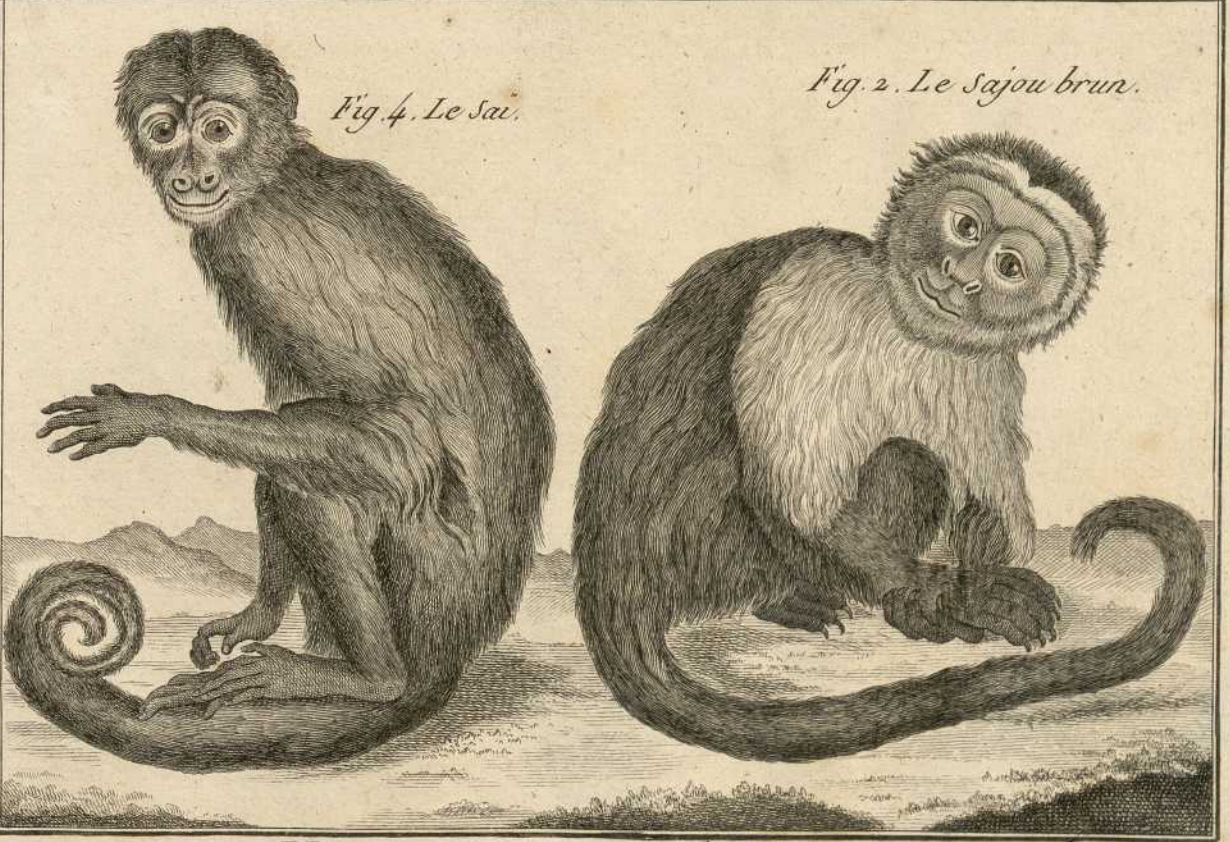


Fig. 4. Le Sau.

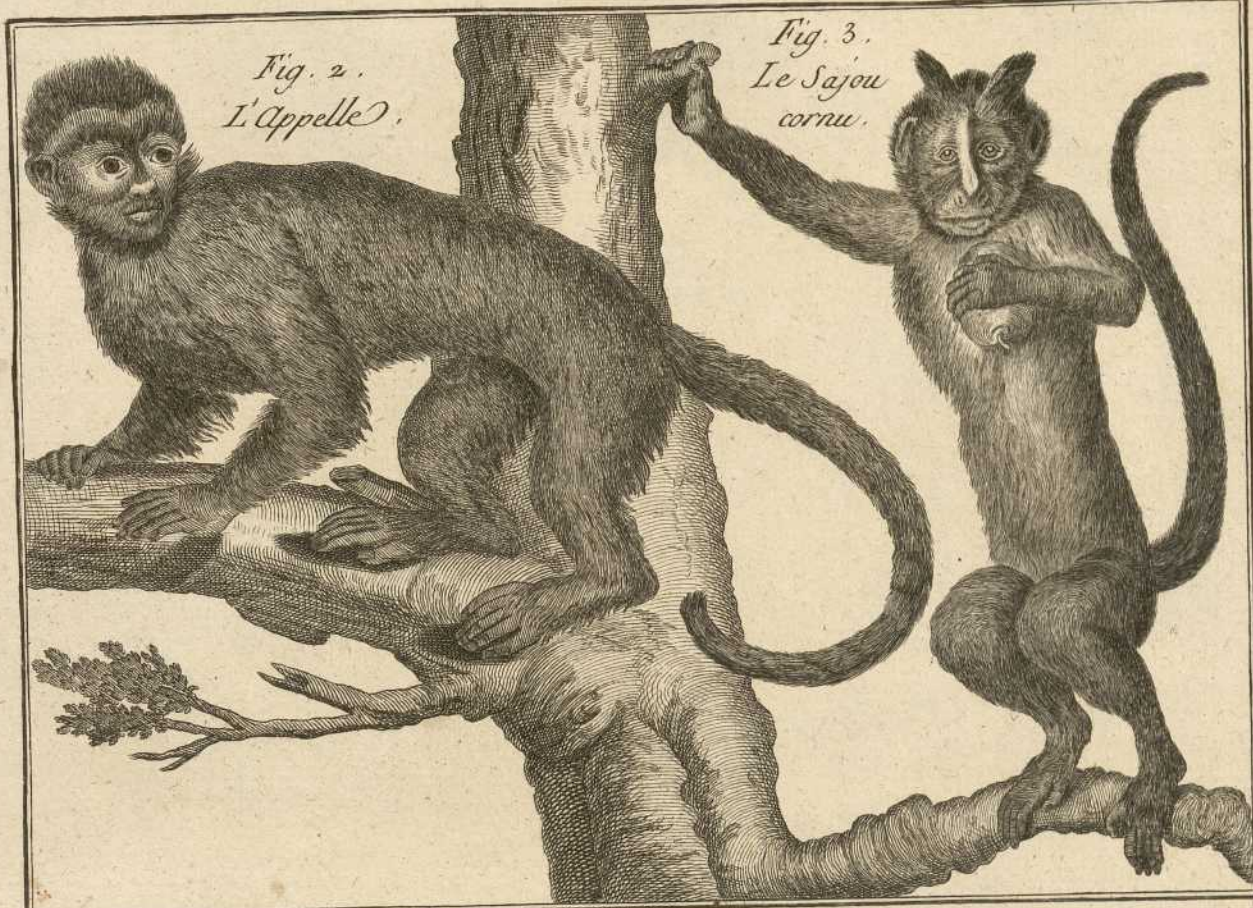
Fig. 2. Le Sajou brun.

Fig. 1^a *Simia hypoleucos* Buff.

Fig. 2 *Simia apella* L.

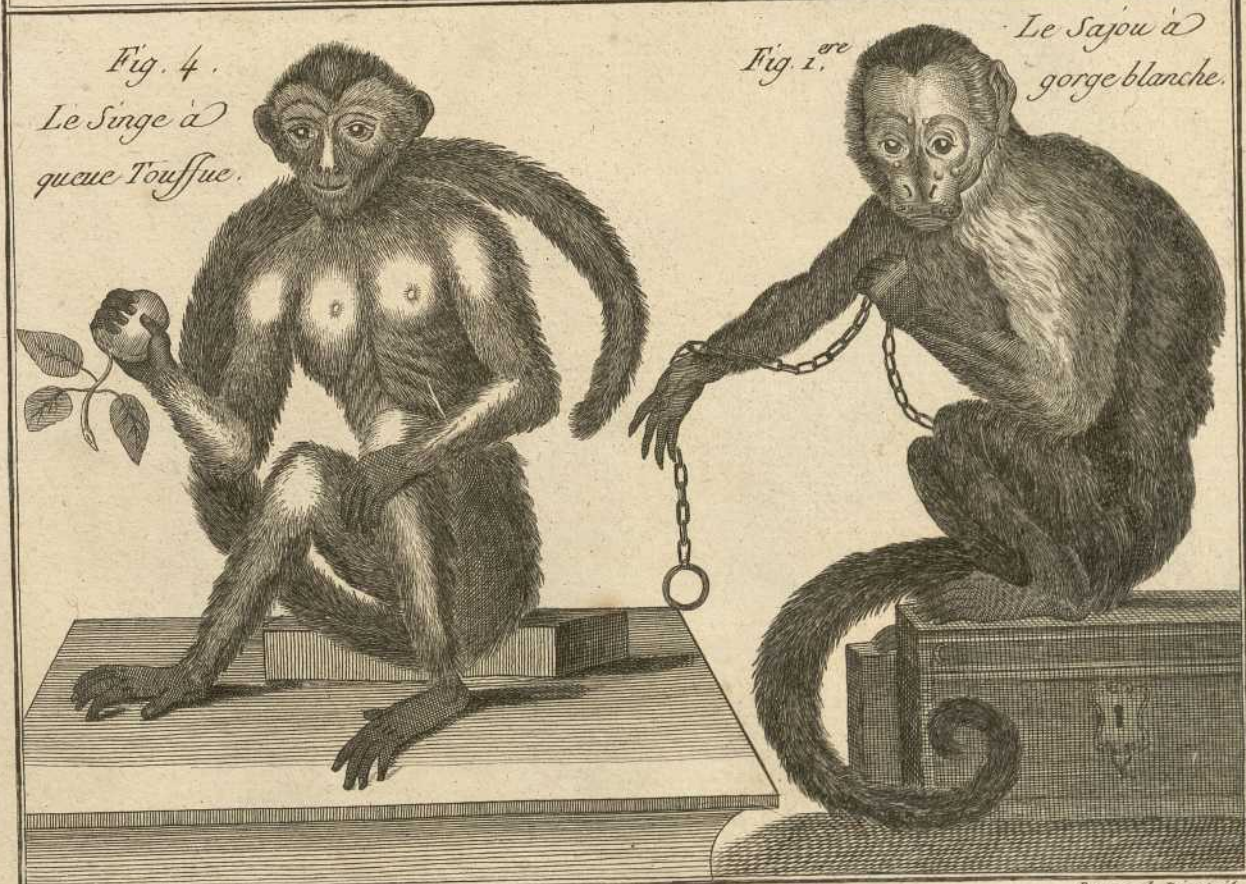
Fig. 3 *Simia fatuellus* Em.

Fig. 4 *Simia pethecia* Em.
Cercopithecus cauda vulpina Buff.



*Fig. 2.
L'Appelle.*

*Fig. 3.
Le Sajou
cornu.*



*Fig. 4.
Le Singe à
queue Touffue.*

*Fig. 1.^{re}
Le Sajou à
gorge blanche.*

Fig. 1^a *Simia sinica* Buff.

Fig. 2

Fig. 3 *Simia pithecia* L.

Fig. 4 *Simia jacchus* L.

Fig. 5. *Simia oedipus* L.

Fig. 3.
Le Saki.



Fig. 5. Le Pinche.



Fig. 1.^o Le Saimiri.



Fig. 4.
L'Ouistiti.



Fig. 2.
Le Marmoset.

Fig. 1. *Simia Rosalia* L.

Fig. 2. *Simia argentata* L.

Fig. 3. *Simia midas* L.

Fig. 4. *Simia tardigradus* L.

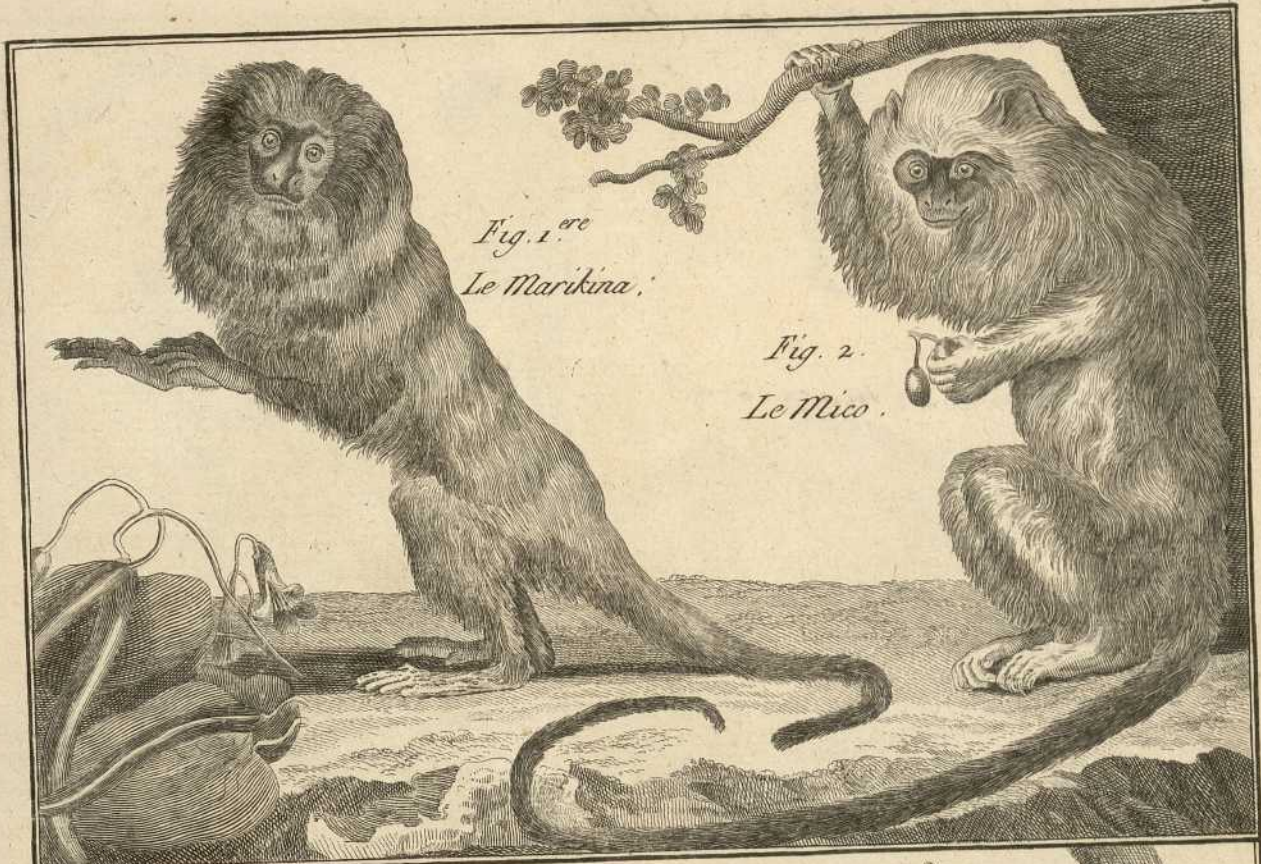


Fig. 1.^{ere}
Le Marikina.

Fig. 2.
Le Mico.

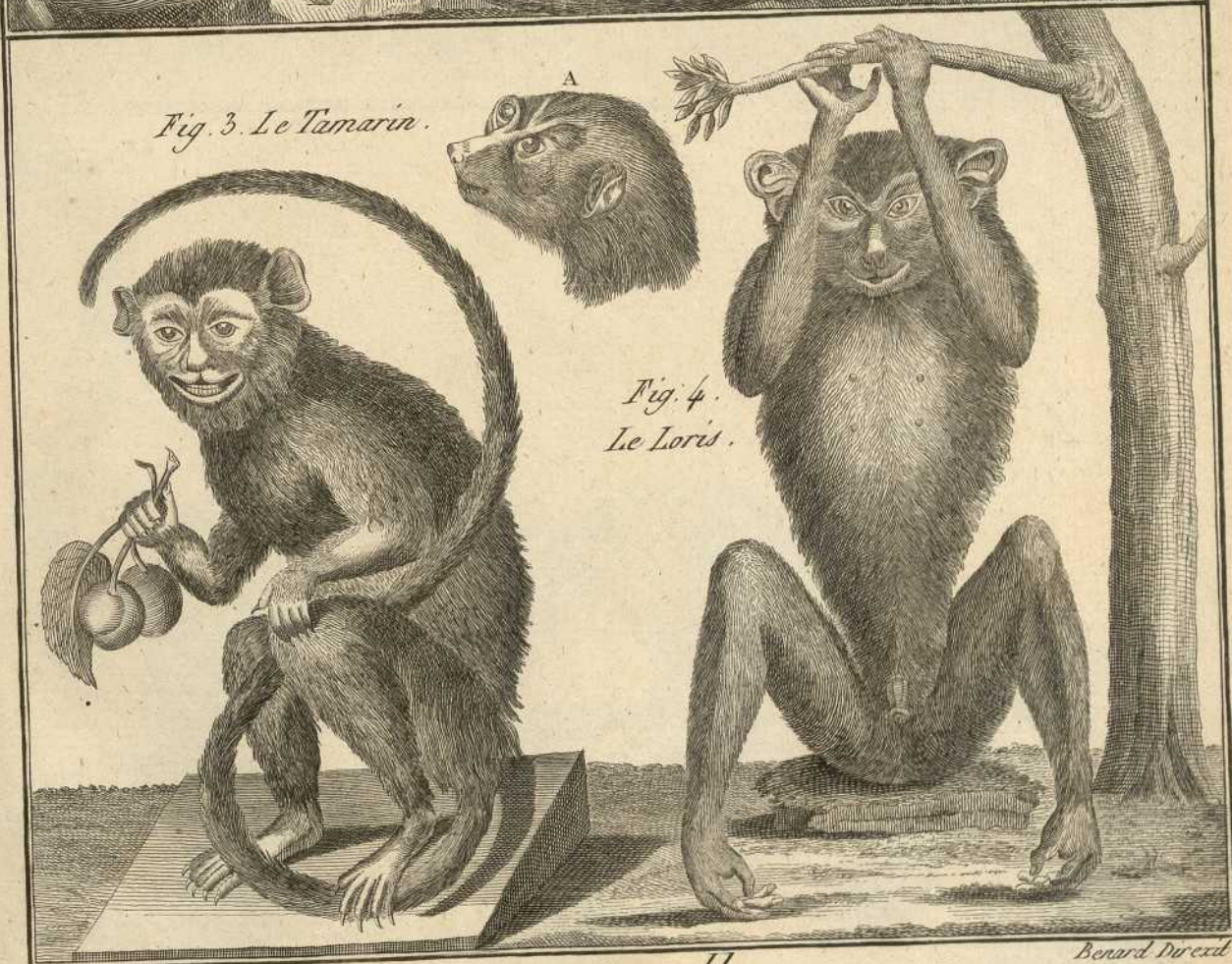


Fig. 3. Le Tamarin.

Fig. 4.
Le Loris.

Fig. 1 Lemur mongos L.

Fig. 2 Lemur macaco L.

Fig. 3 Lemur cattha L.

Fig. 4 Lemur

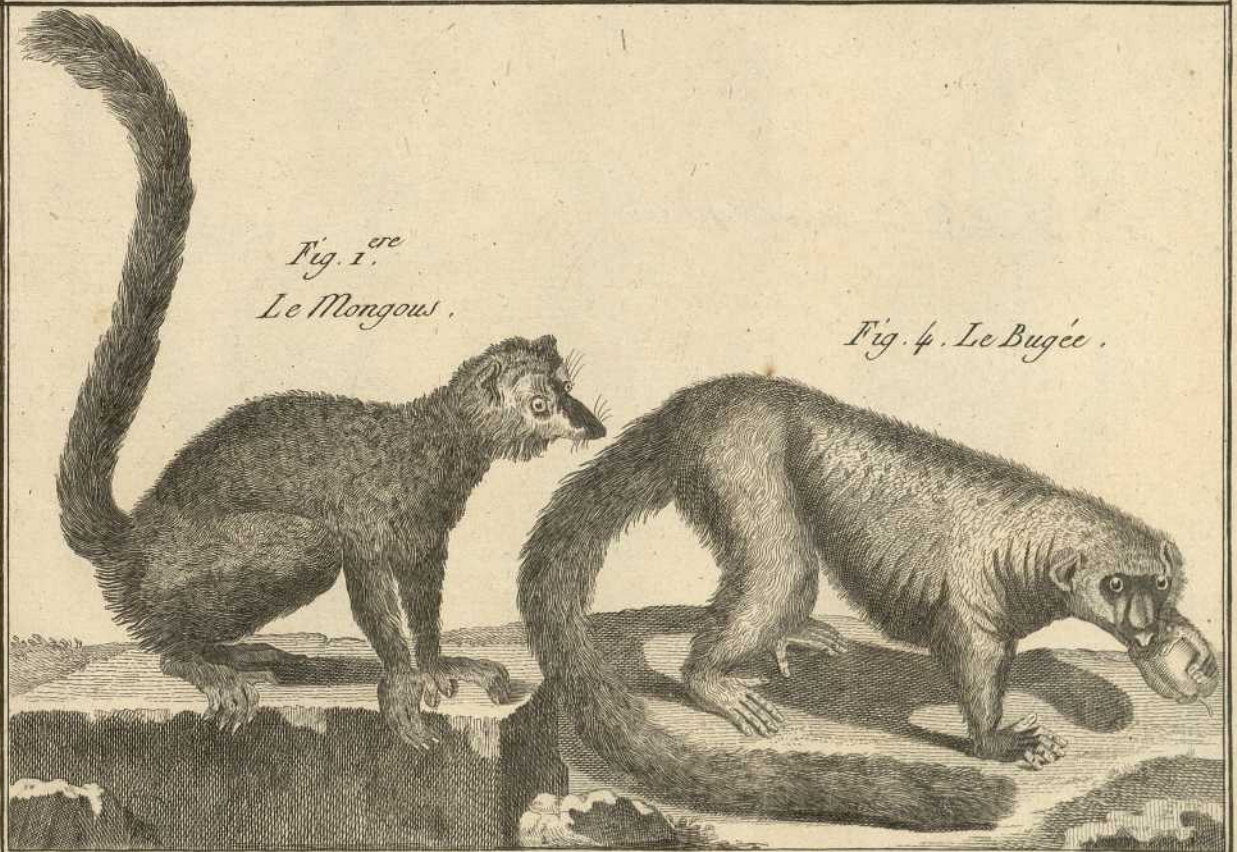


Fig. 1.^a Lemur cinereus Geoff

Fig. 2 Lemur fulvus Geoff.

Fig. 3. Didelphis concolorata L.

Fig. 4.^a Didelphis marsupialis L.

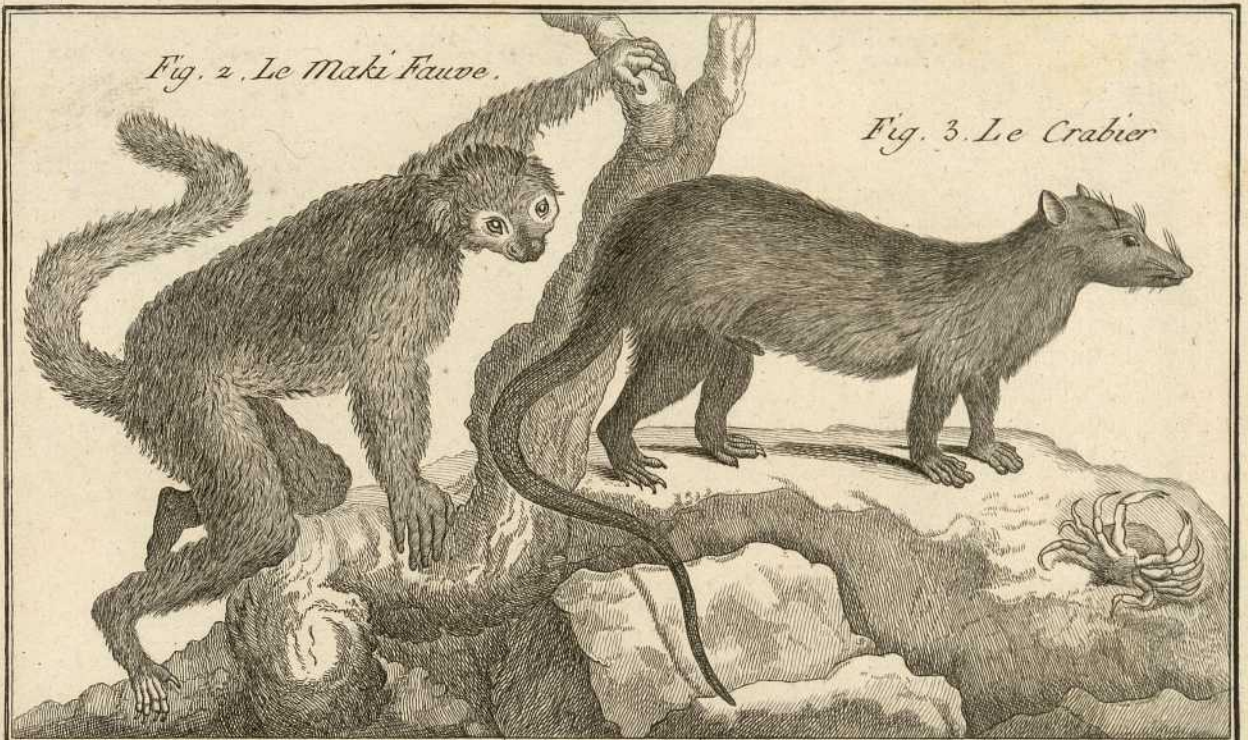


Fig. 2. Le Maki Fauve.

Fig. 3. Le Crabier



Fig. 1.^{re}
Le Maki gris.

Fig. 4.
Le Philandre
géant.

Fig. 1 *Farsius spectrum* Geoff.

Fig. 2 *Lemus volans* L.

Fig. 3 *Chiromyx madagascariensis* Germ.

Fig. 2.

Le Maki volant.

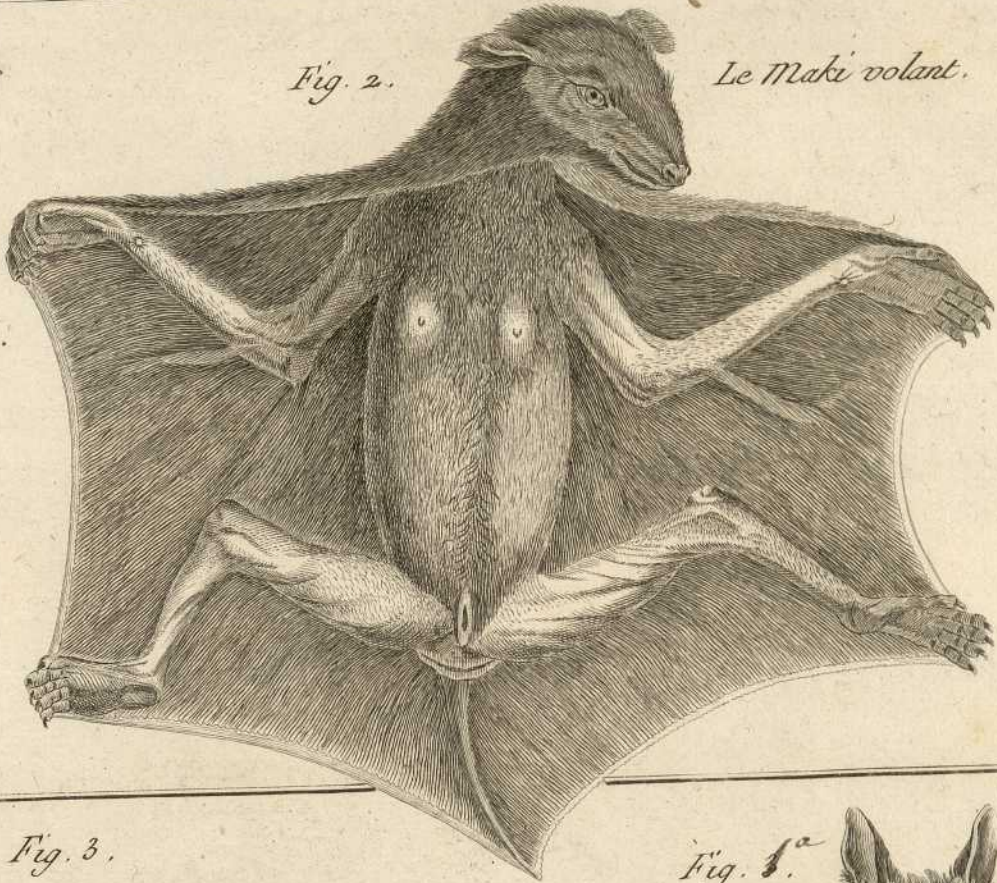


Fig. 3.

L'Aye - Aye.



Fig. 4.

Le Tarsier.



Benard Duxell.

Fig. 1. *Didelphis virginiana* (mas) Penn.

Fig. 2. *Didelphis virginiana* (fem.) Penn.

Fig. 3. *Didelphis opossum* L.

Fig. 4. *Didelphis phulander* Femm.

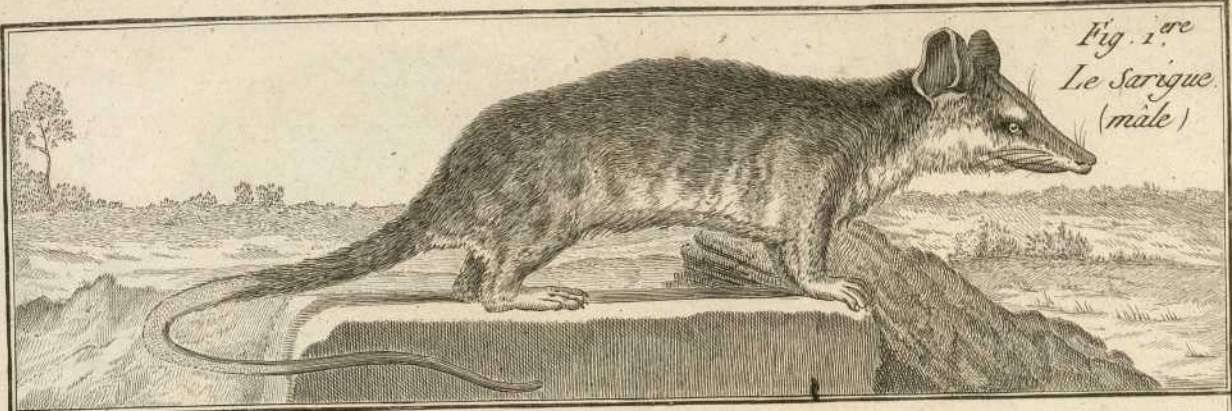


Fig. 1.^{re}
Le Sarigue
(mâle)

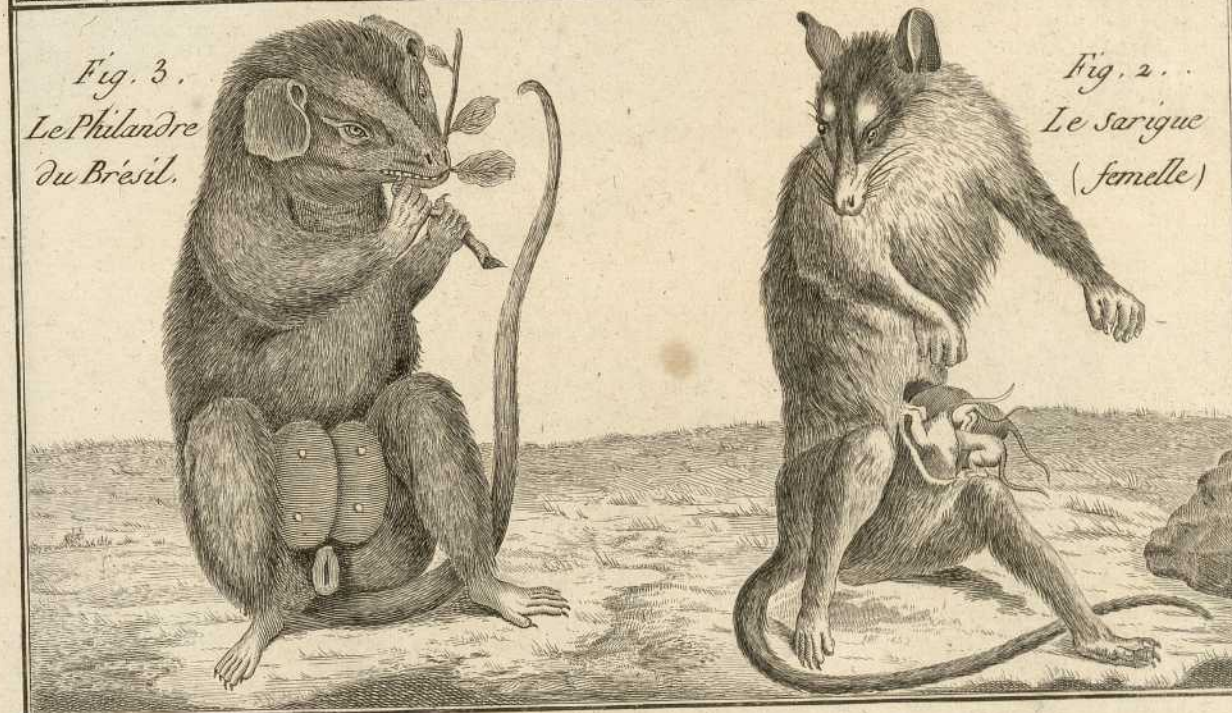


Fig. 3.
Le Philandre
du Brésil.

Fig. 2.
Le Sarigue
(femelle)

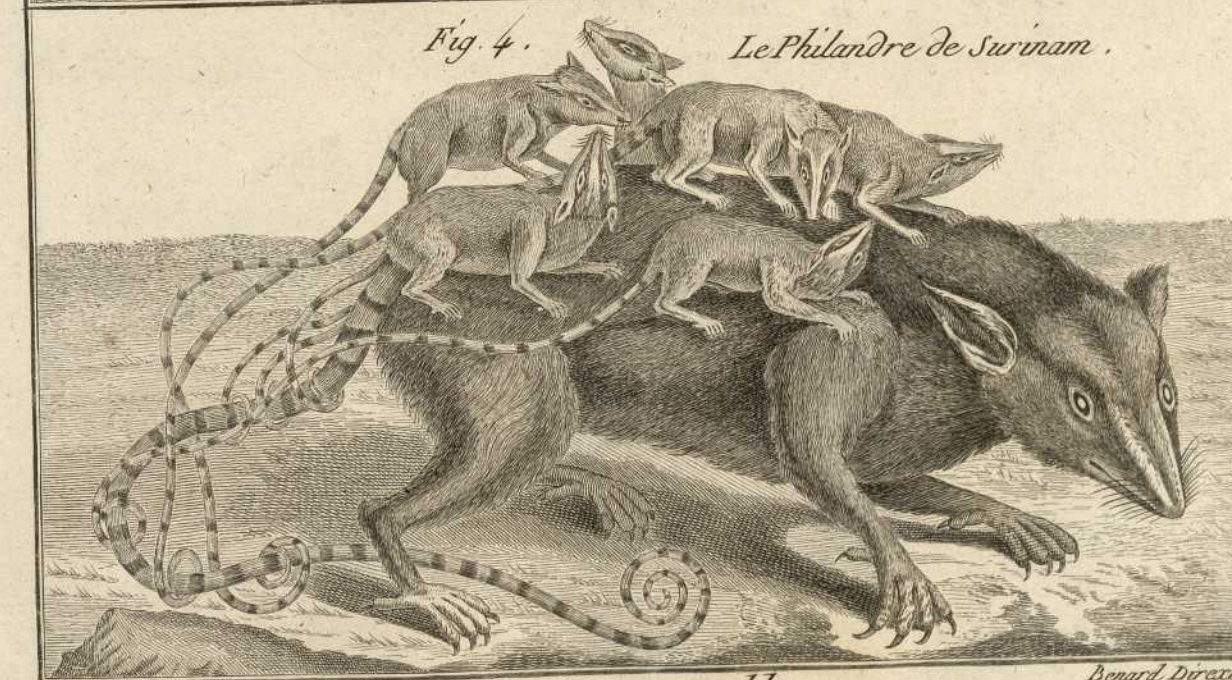


Fig. 4. Le Philandre de Surinam.

Fig. 3. *Tidelphis murina* L. (mar)

Fig. 5. *Tidelphis casyopolen* L. et Germ.

Fig. 6

Fig. 11. *Tidelphis murina* L. (foem.)

Fig. 9. *Phalangista maculata* (foem.) Geoff. Germ.

Fig. 1. *Phal. maculata* (mar) Geoff.

Fig. 3.

La Marmose (Mâle)

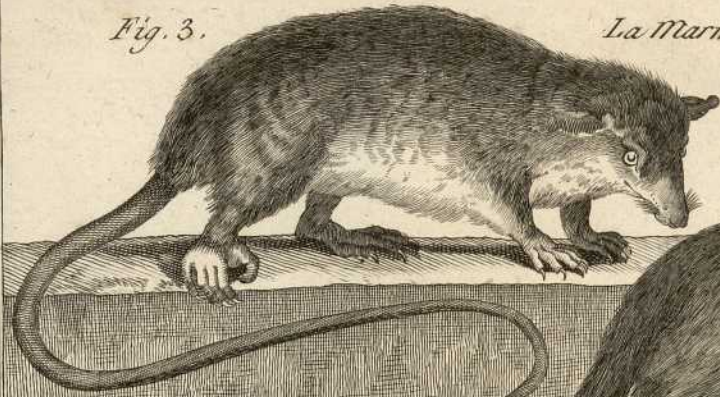


Fig. 5. Le Cayopolin.



Fig. 6. Le Manicou.



Fig. 4.

La Marmose (femelle.)



Fig. 1.^{re}
Le Phalanger
(Mâle.)



Fig. 2.
Le Phalanger
(femelle.)



Fig. 1. *Bradypus tridactylus* L.

Fig. 2. *Bradypus didactylus* L.

Fig. 5. *Myrmecophaga jubata* Buff.

Fig. 3. *Myrmecophaga didactyla* L.

Fig. 4. *Myrmecophaga tetractyla* L.

Fig. 6. *Myrmecophaga tamandua* Luv.

Fig. 1^{re} Le Paresseux.

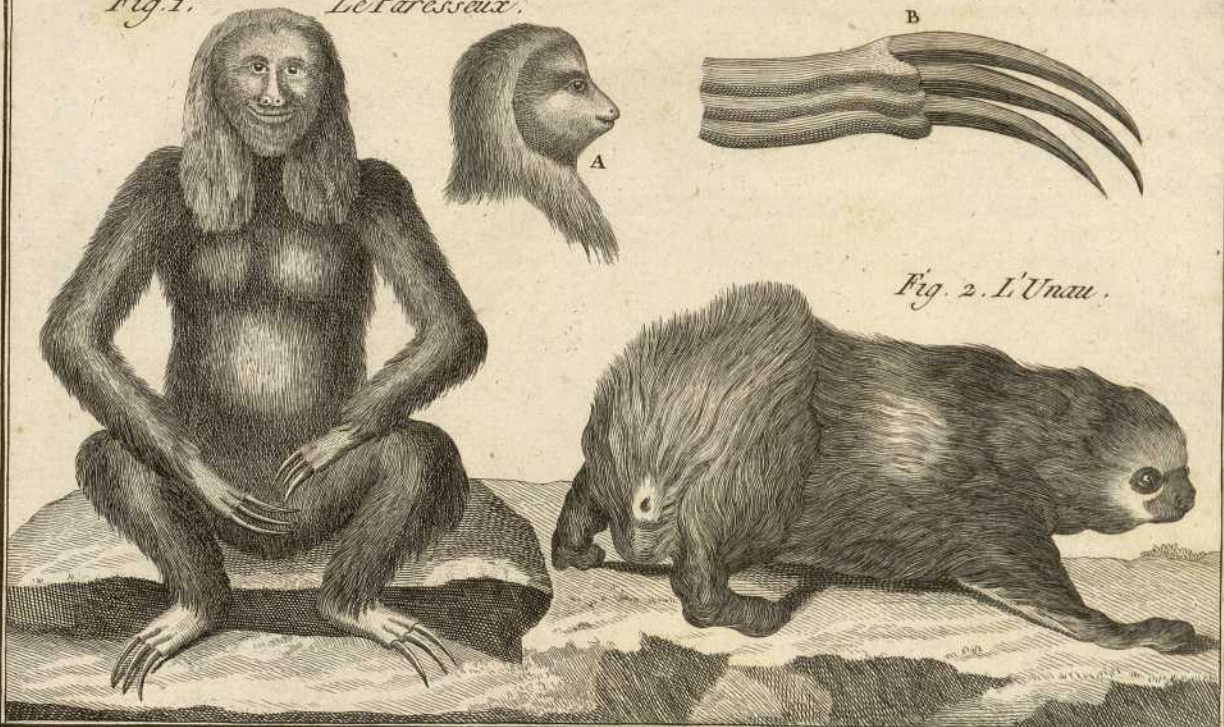


Fig. 2. L'Unau.



Fig. 5. Le Tamanoir.



Fig. 3. Le Fourmiller.



Fig. 4. Le Four à longues oreilles.



Fig. 6.

Le Tamandua.

Fig. 2. *Manis tetradactyla* L.

Fig. 1. *Manis pentadactyla* L.

Fig. 4. *Dasyurus sexcinctus* L.

Fig. 3. *Dasyurus tricinctus* L.

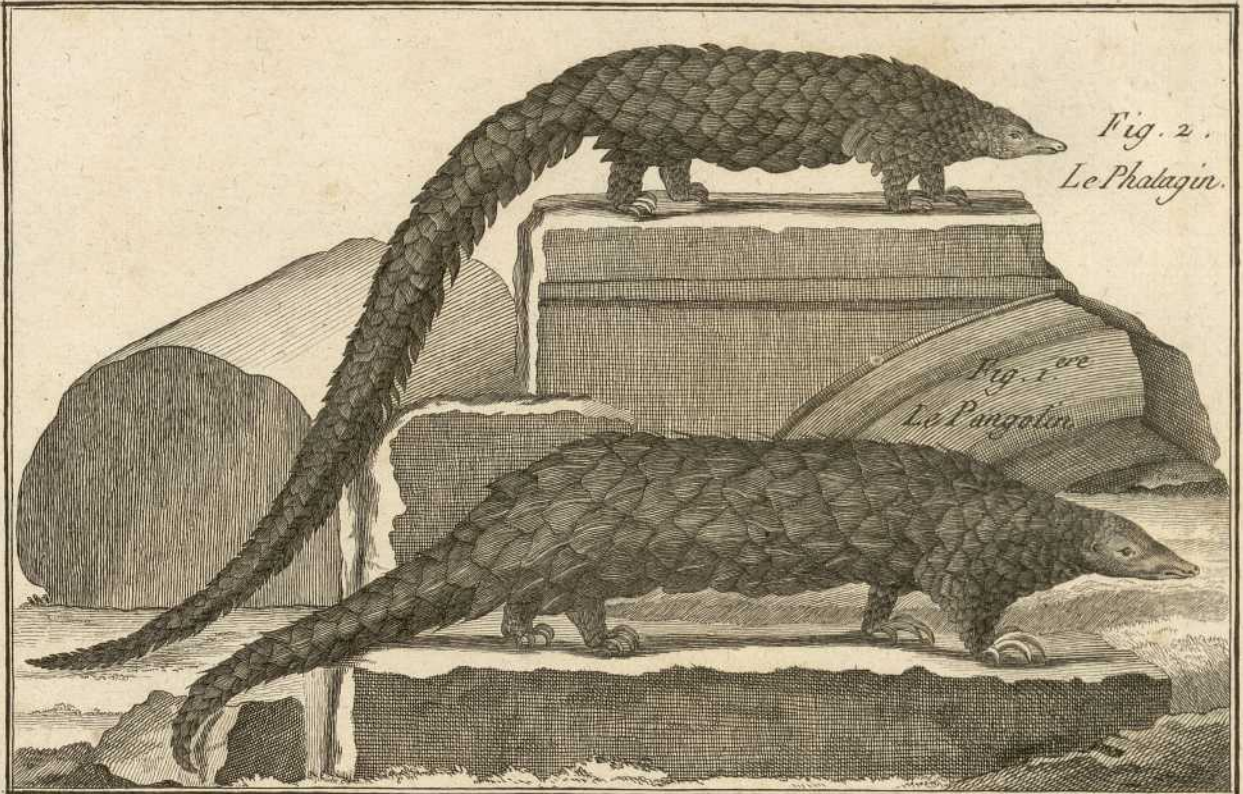


Fig. 4. Le Tatou à six bandes.

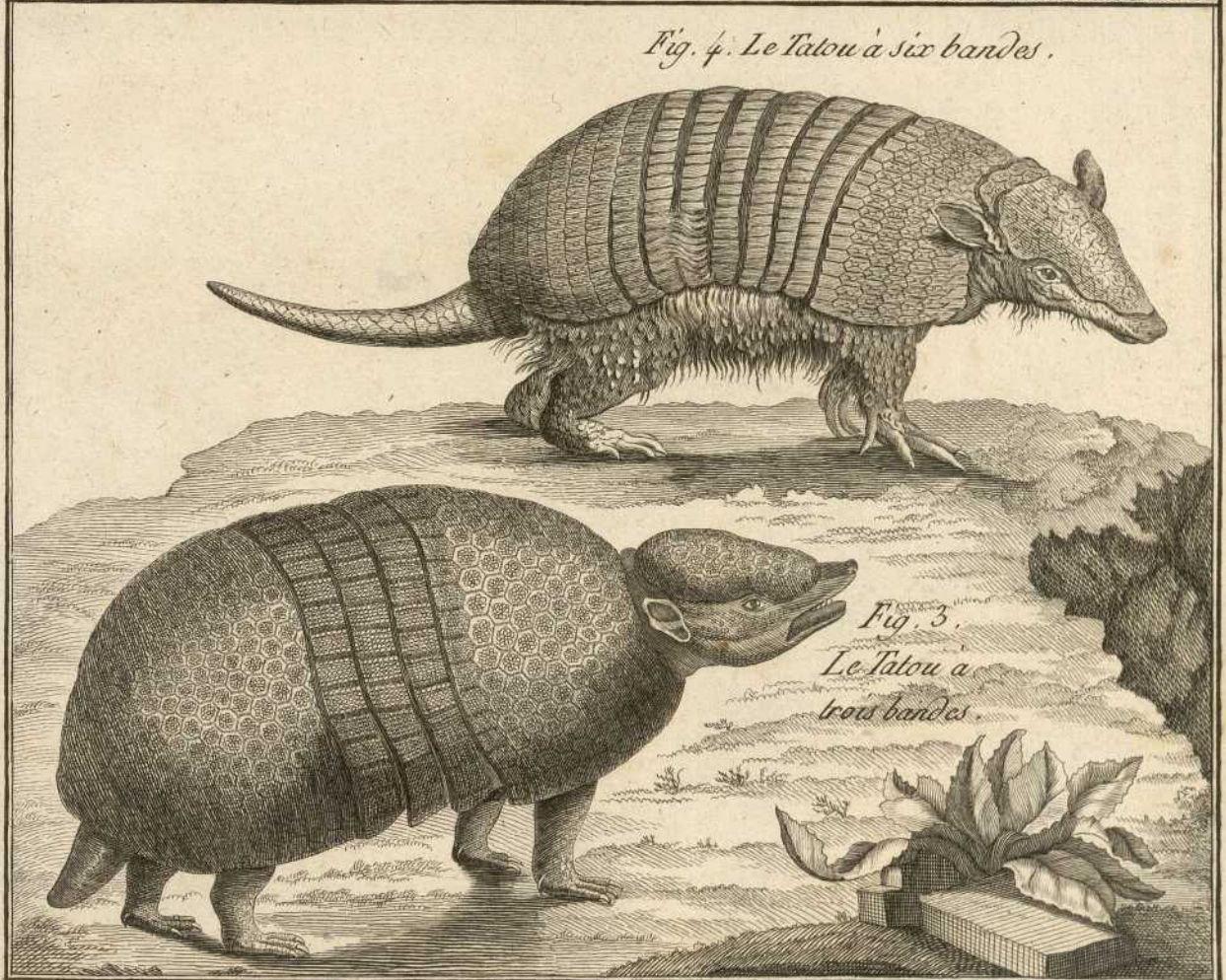


Fig. 2. *Dasytus novemcinctus* L

Fig. 1^a. *Dasytus octocinctus* L.

Fig. 3. *Dasytus duodecimcinctus* L

Fig. 4. *Dasytus octodecimcinctus* L

Fig. 2. Le Tatou à neuf bandes.

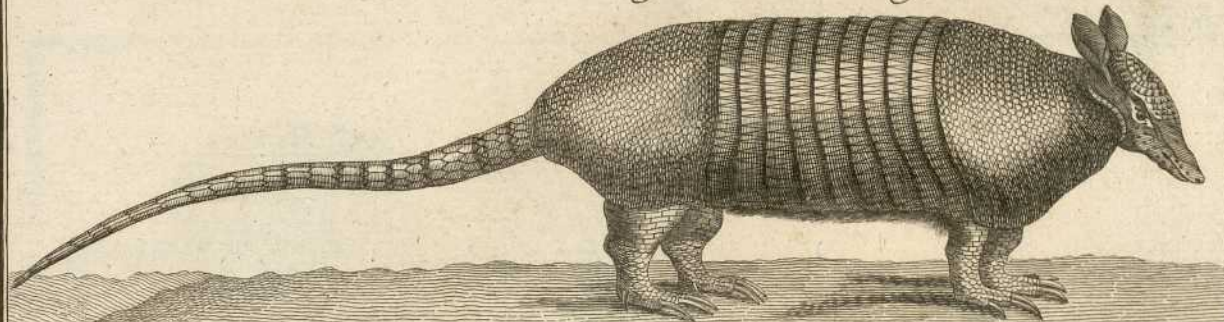


Fig. 1.
Le Tatou à huit bandes.

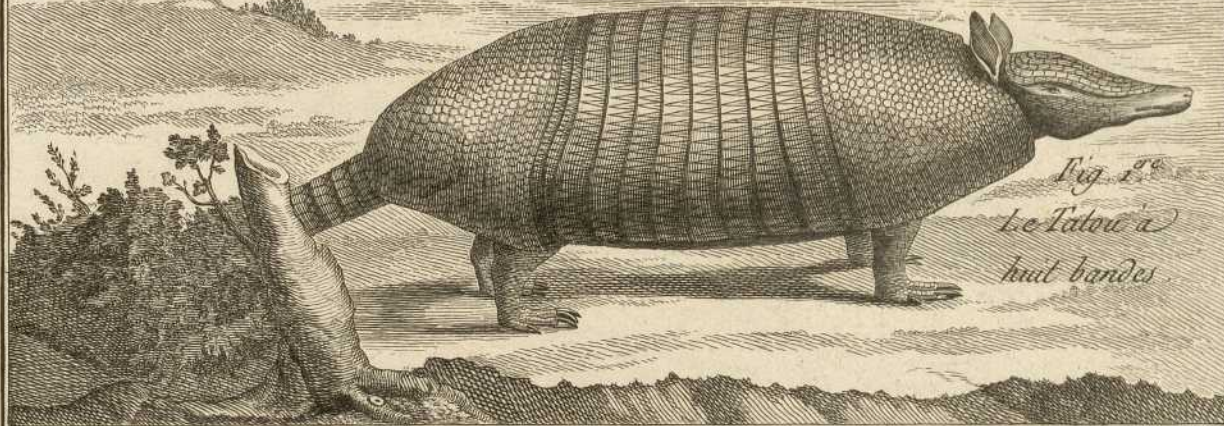


Fig. 3. Le Tatou à douze bandes.

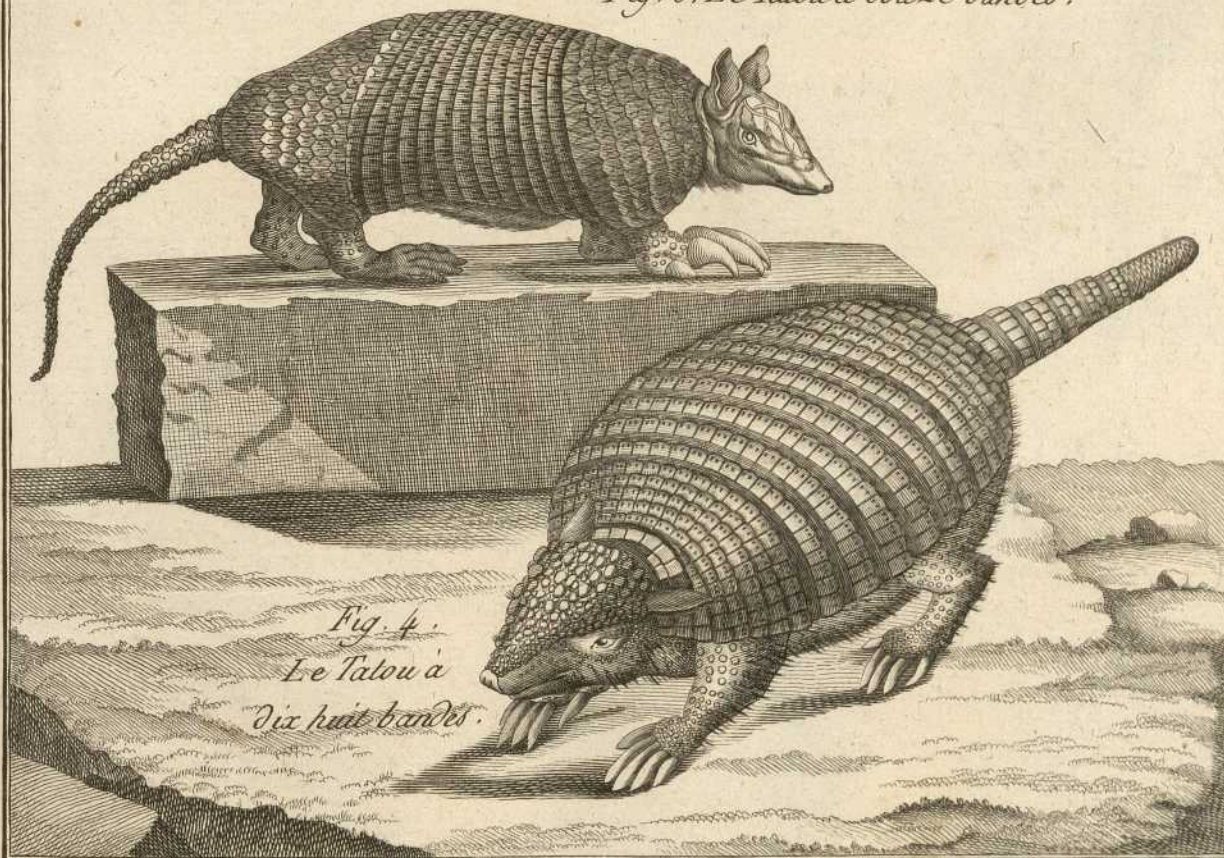


Fig. 4.
Le Tatou à dix huit bandes.

Fig. 1.^a *Falpa europæa* L.

Fig. 2. *Falpa variegata* Briss.

Fig. 3. *Falpa alba* Briss.

Fig. 4. *Falpa cinerea* Briss.

Fig. 5. *Falpa longicaudata* Sm.
Condylura id. Derm.

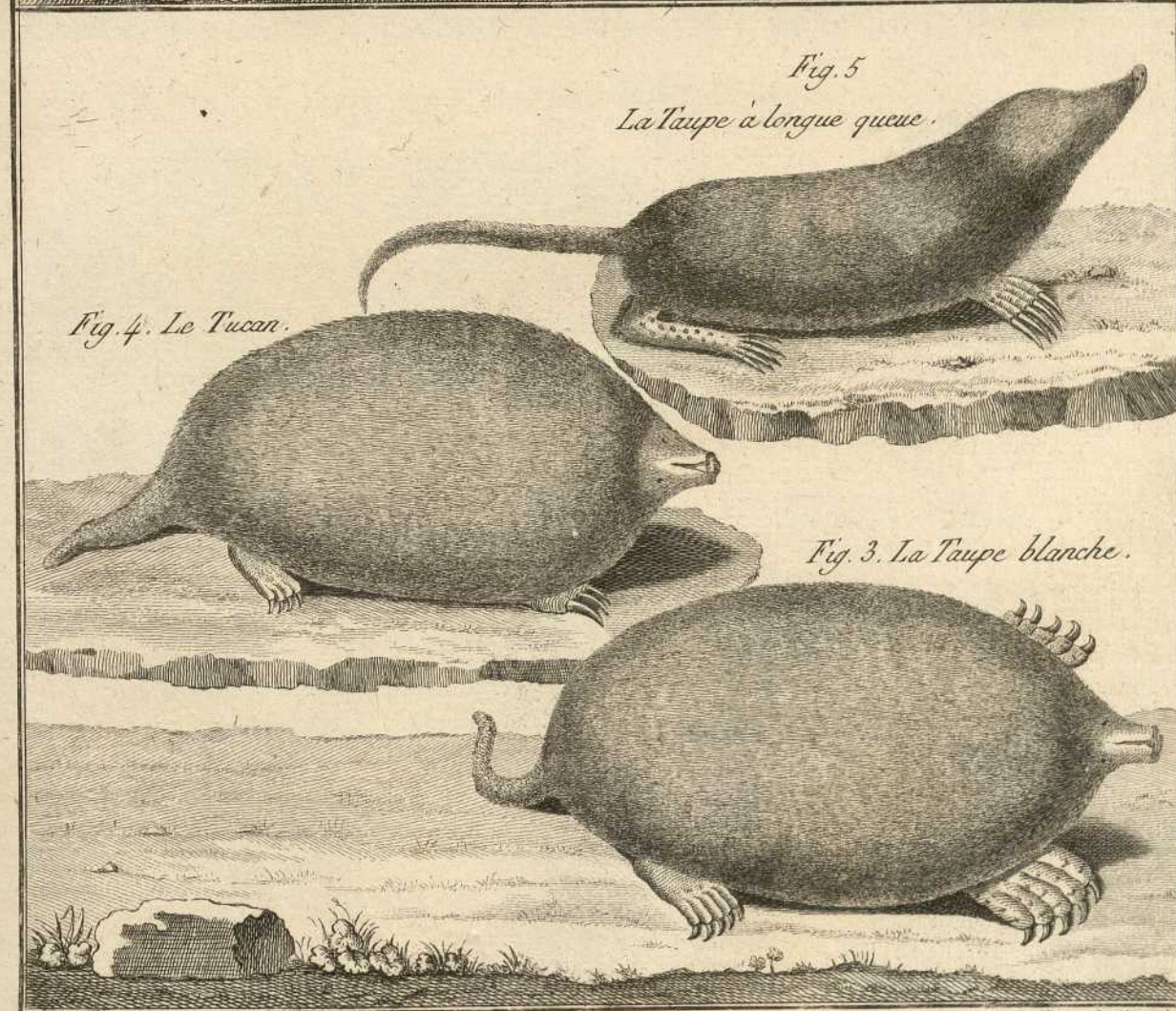


Fig. 1. *Sorex cristatus* Sm.
Condylura id. Desm.

Fig. 2. *Sorex fodiens* Sm.

Fig. 3. *Sorex aquaticus* L.

Fig. 4. *Sorex moschatus* L.
Mygale moscovitica Geoff.

Fig. 5. *Falpa asiatica* Sm.
Chrysochloris capensis Desm.

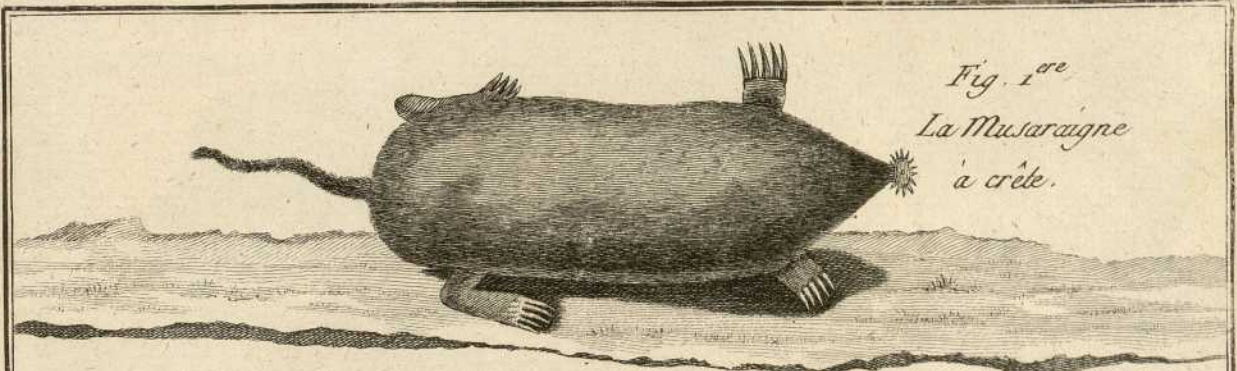


Fig. 1^{re}
La Musaraigne
à crête.

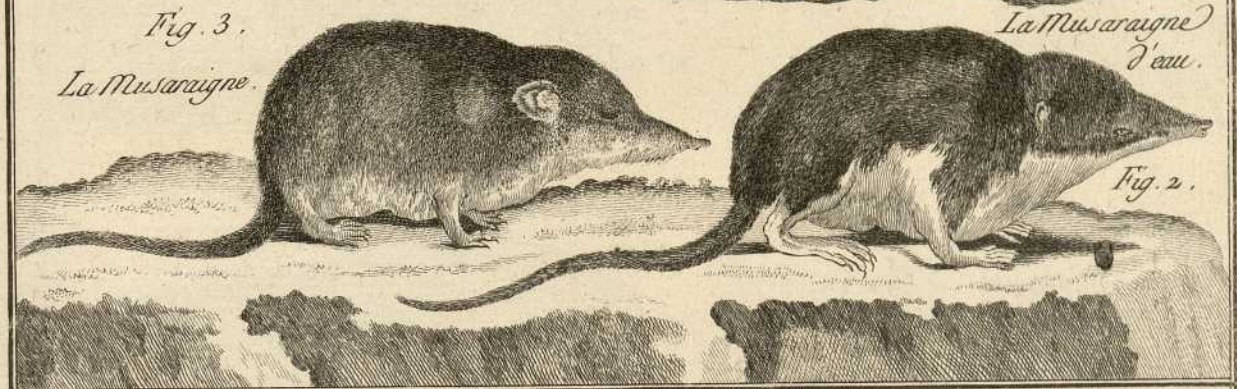


Fig. 3.
La Musaraigne.

La Musaraigne
d'eau.

Fig. 2.



Fig. 5. La Musaraigne Asiatique.

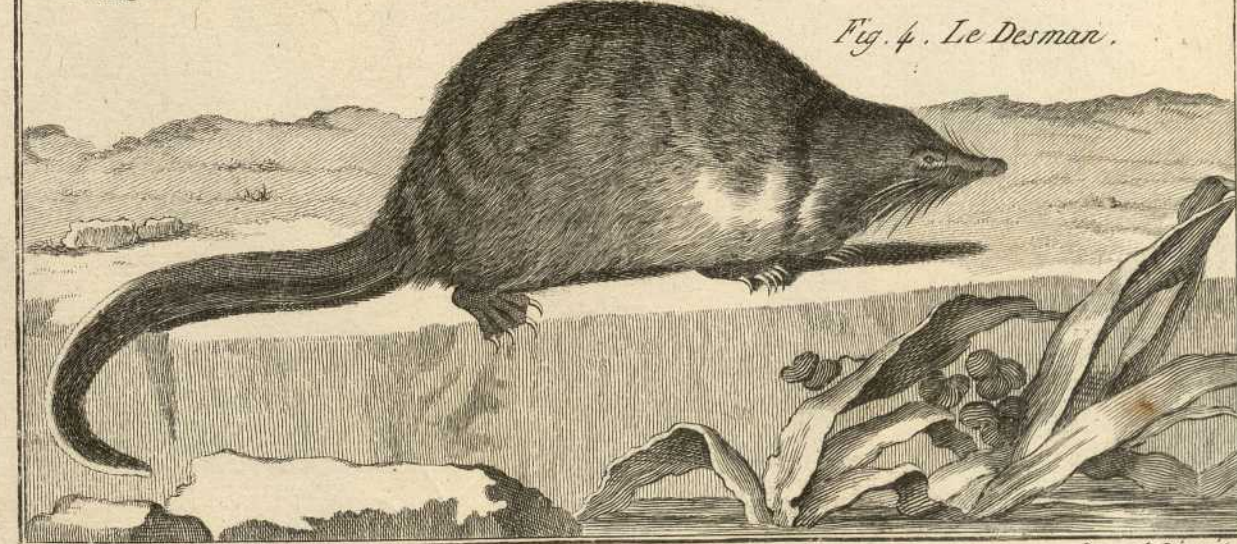


Fig. 4. Le Desman.

Fig. 1. *Sorex parvus*. Say.

Fig. 2. *Sorex bevicaudatus* Say?

Fig. 3. *Sorex indicus* Geoff.

Fig. 4. *Vesperugo hastatus* L.
Phyllotis hastatum Geoff.

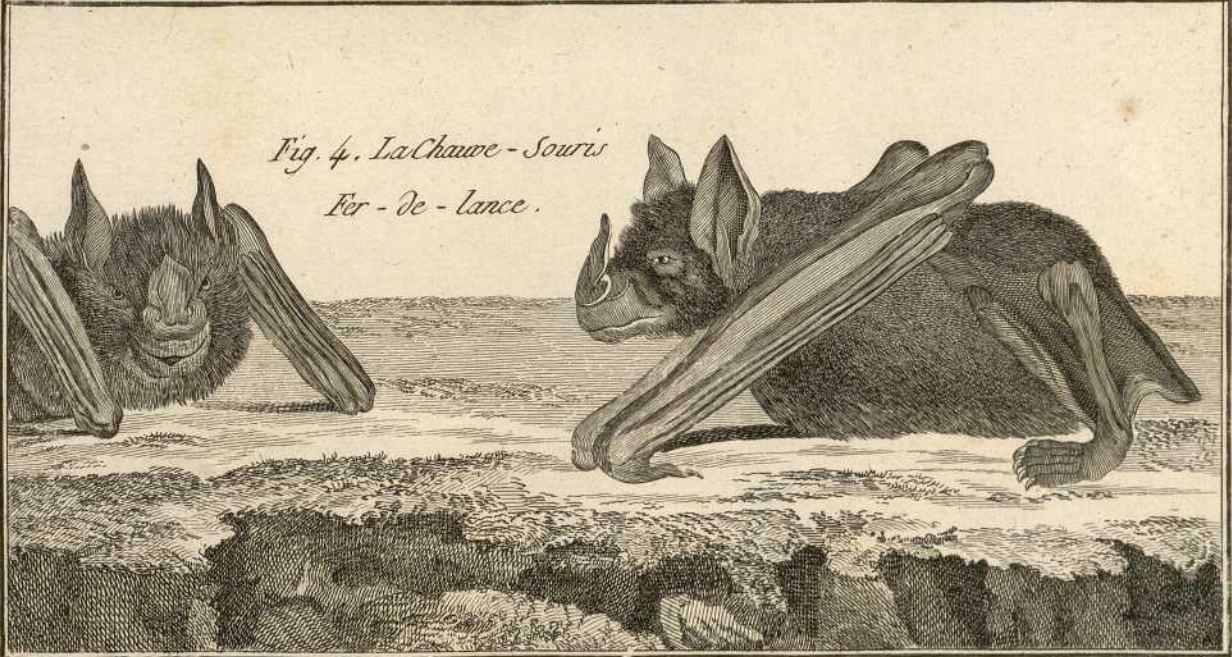
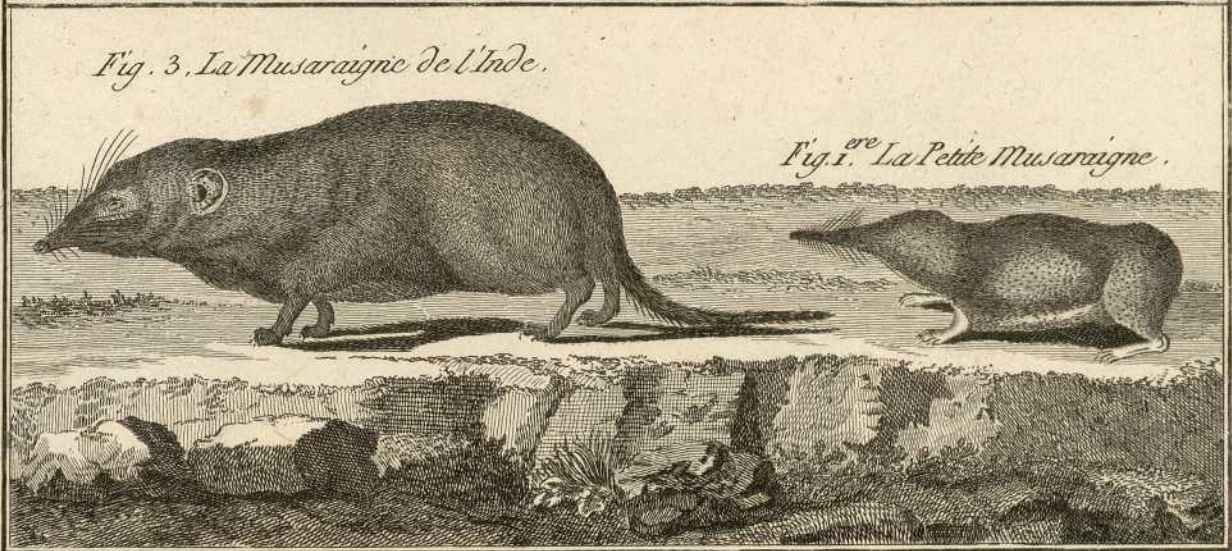
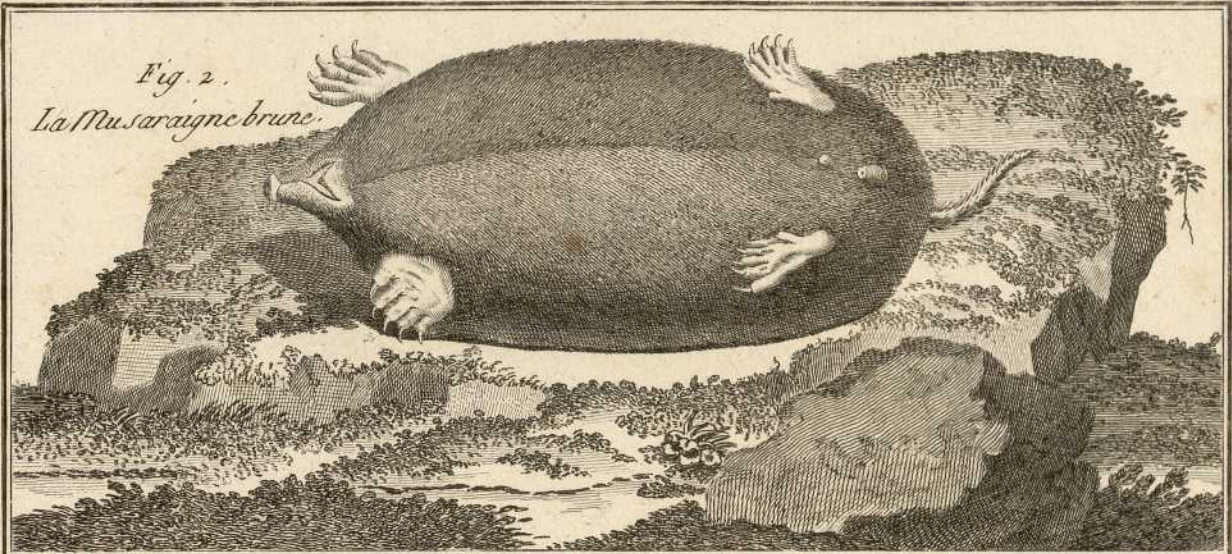


Fig. 4. *Molurus crassicaudatus* Geoff.

Fig. 3. *Pteropus Edwardsi* ?

Fig. 2. *Molurus amplexicaudatus* Geoff.

Fig. 1. *Uroperus maximus* Germ
— *nasutus* Shaw.

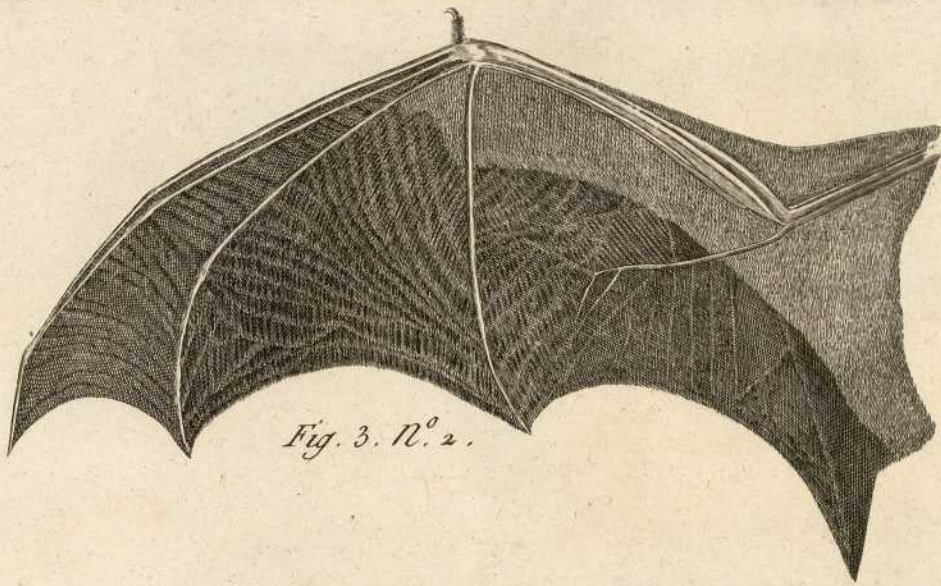


Fig. 3. N.º 2.

Fig. 3. La Chauve-Souris à grandes ailes.

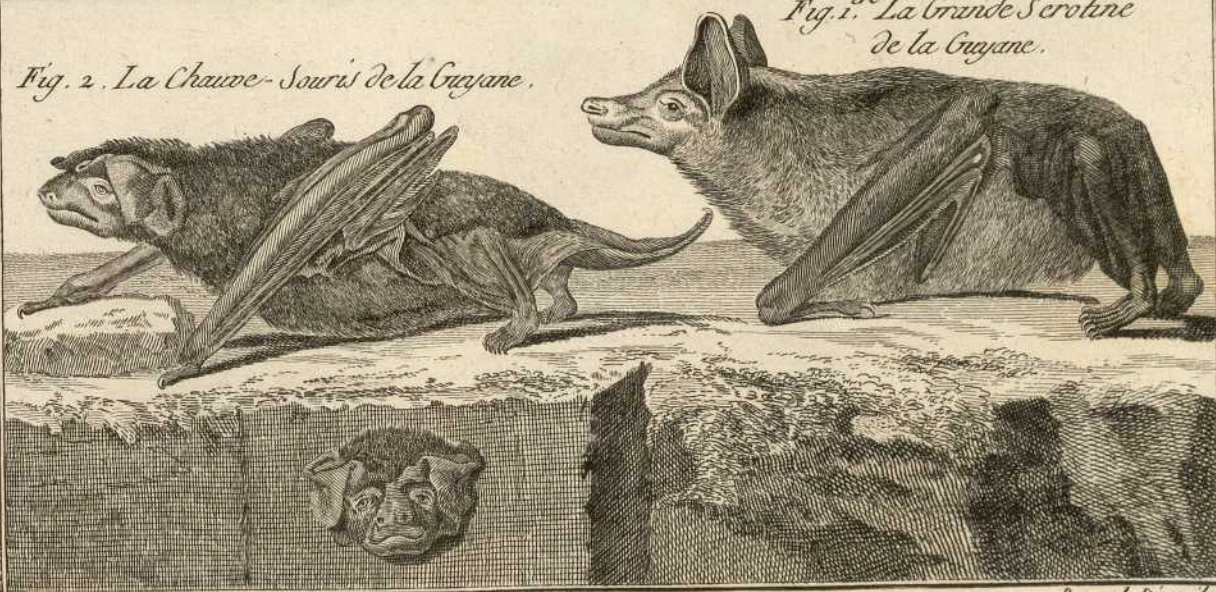
Fig. 4.

La Chauve-Souris à grosse queue.



Fig. 2. La Chauve-Souris de la Guyane.

Fig. 1.ª La Grande Sérotine de la Guyane.



Bernard Dürer del.

Fig. 1. Pteropus vulgaris Geoff.

Fig. 2. Vespertilio spectrum L.

Fig. 3. Vespertilio spasma L.
Megaderma — Geoff.

Fig. 4. Vespertilio perspicillatus L.
Phyllorhina — Geoff.

Fig. 5. Megaderma fons Geoff.

Fig. 6. Vespertilio cephalotes L.
Pteropus Pallasii, Vlig.



Fig. 2. Le Spectre.

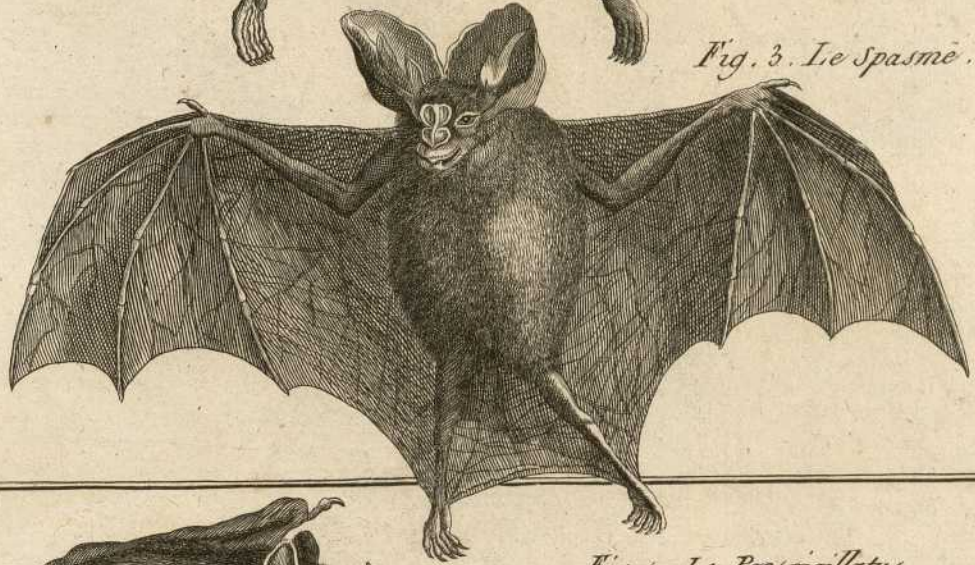


Fig. 3. Le Spasme.



Fig. 5. La Feuille.



Fig. 4. Le Perspicillatus.



La Céphalote. Fig. 6.

Fig. 1.^{re} La Roussele.



Fig. 1. *Vespertilio auritus* L.

Fig. 2. *Vespertilio murinus* L.

Fig. 3. *Vespertilio noctula* L.

Fig. 4. *Vespertilio serotinus* L.

Fig. 5. *Vespertilio pipistrellus* L.

Fig. 6. *Vespertilio barbastellus* L.

Fig. 7. *Vespertilio hispidus* L.
Nycterus Daubentonii Geoff.

Fig. 8. *Vespertilio pictus* L.

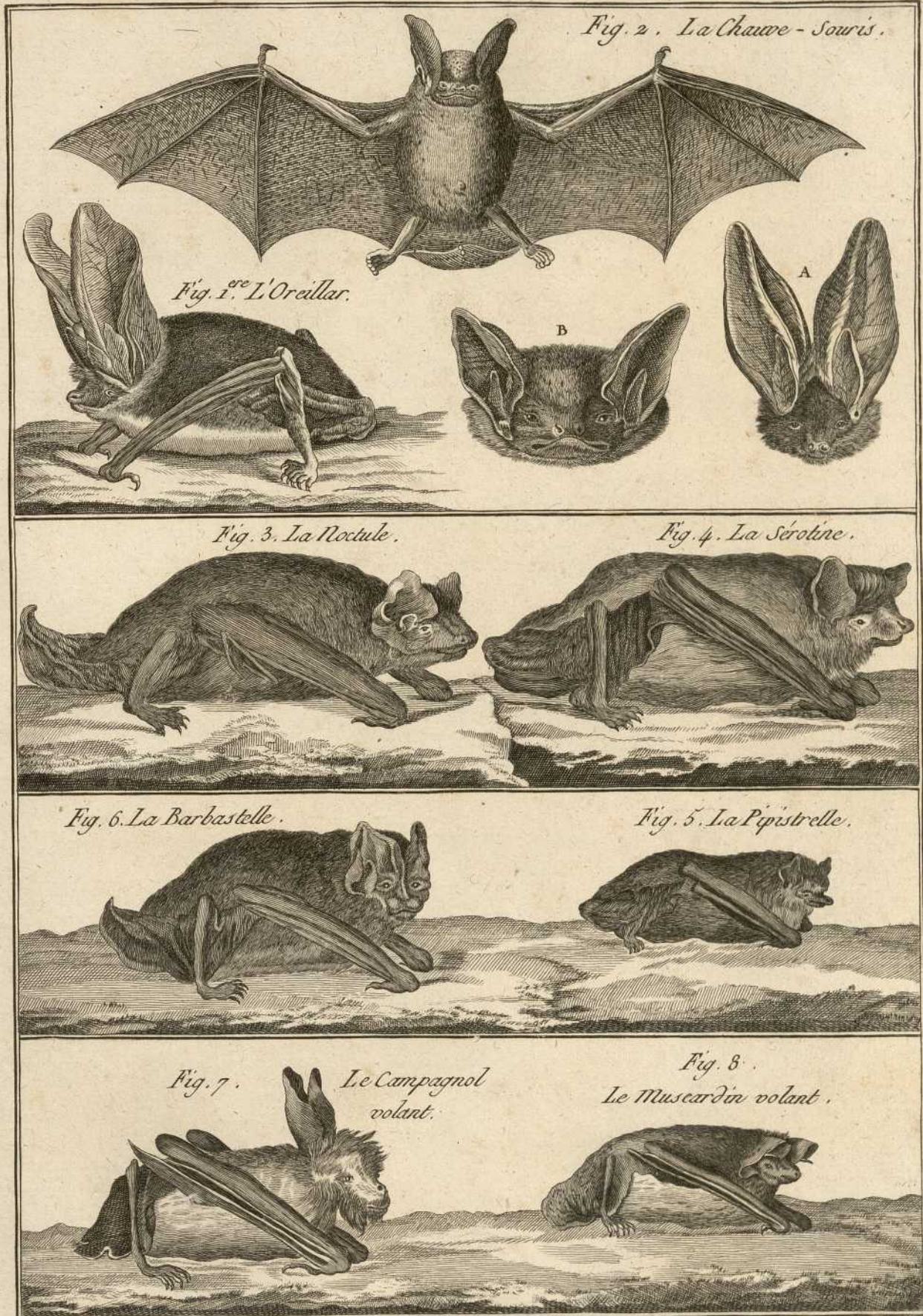


Fig. 2. La Chauve-souris.

Fig. 1. L'Oreillard.

Fig. 3. La Noctule.

Fig. 4. La Sérotine.

Fig. 6. La Barbastelle.

Fig. 5. La Pipistrelle.

Fig. 7. Le Campagnol volant.

Fig. 8. Le Muscardin volant.



Fig. 1. *Vespertilio nigrata* Sm.

Fig. 2. *Vespertilio molossus* L.
Molossus longicaudatus Geoff.

Fig. 3. *Vespertilis lepturus* Sm.

Fig. 4. *Vespertilio ferrum equinum* L.

Fig. 5. *Vespertilis noveboracensis* Penn.
Atalapha americana. Rafin.



Fig. 1.^{re}
La Marmotte
volante.



Fig. 2.
Le Mulot volant.

Fig. 3.
La Chauve-Souris.
De Surinam.

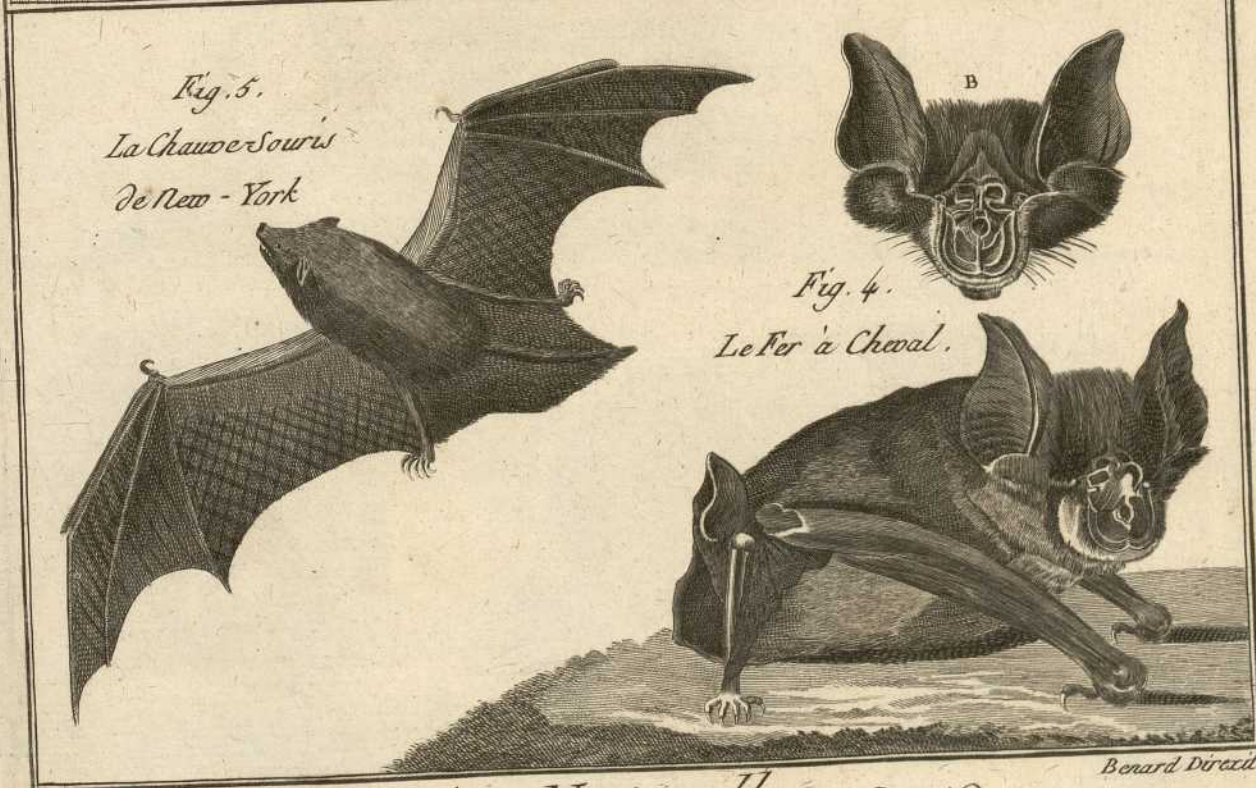


Fig. 5.
La Chauve-Souris
De New-York

Fig. 4.
Le Fer à Cheval.

Benard Delat.

Fig. 1. *Ursus arctos* L.

Fig. 2. *Ursus maritimus* L.

Fig. 3. *Ursus luscus*. L.

Fig. 4. *Ursus meles* L.

Fig. 5. *Ursus lotor* L.

Fig. 1.^{re} L'Ours.



Fig. L'Ours blanc.



Fig. 3.
Le Volverene.



Fig. 5. Le Raton.

Fig. 4. Le Blaireau.



Fig. 1. *Echinaceus europæus* L.

Fig. 2. *Echinaceus sibiricus* Expl.

Fig. 3. *Echinaceus inauris* Seba.

Fig. 4. *Echinaceus malaccensis* Brisp.

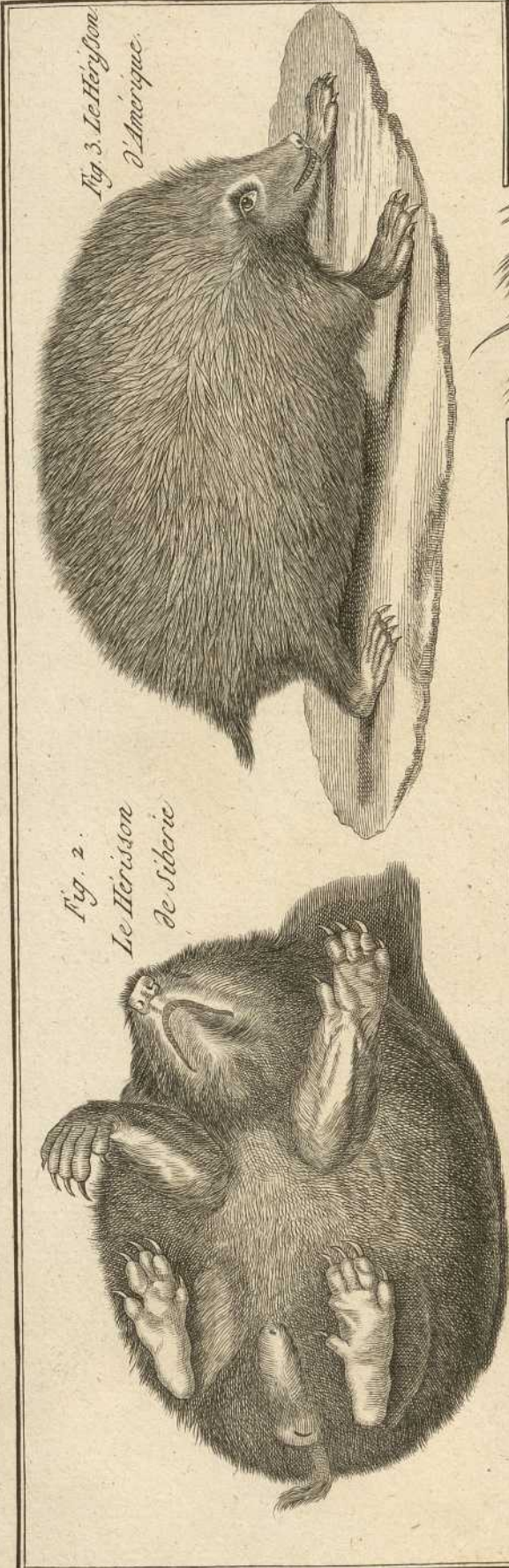


Fig. 3. Le Hérisson d'Amérique.

Fig. 2. Le Hérisson de Sibirie.



Fig. 1. Le Hérisson.

Fig. 4. Le Hérisson de Malacca.

Fig. 1. *Echinaceus setosus* L.

Fig. 2. *Echinaceus caudatus* L.

Fig. 3. *Sus scrofa* L.

Fig. 4. *Sus aperi* Briss.

Fig. 5. *Sus scrofa* (junior)

Fig. 6. *Sus scrofa*. var.

Fig. 1.^{re} Le Tondrac.



Fig. 2. Le Tanrec.



Fig. 3. Le Sanglier.



Fig. 4. Le Marcassin.



Fig. 6. Le Cochon de Siam.



Fig. 5.
Le Cochon de lait domestique.



Fig. 1. *Ursus gulo* L.

Fig. 2

Fig. 3. *Erinaceus auritus*. Pall.

Fig. 4. *Sus scrofa*, domestica, vulgaris. Im.



Fig. 2.
Le Caracou.

Fig. 3. Le Hérisson à longues oreilles.

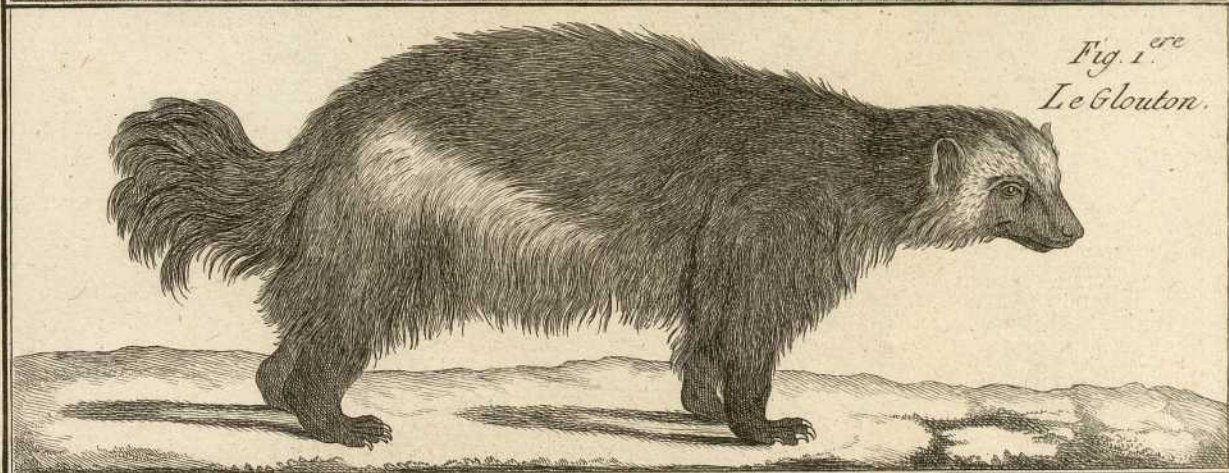


Fig. 1.^{ere}
Le Glouton.

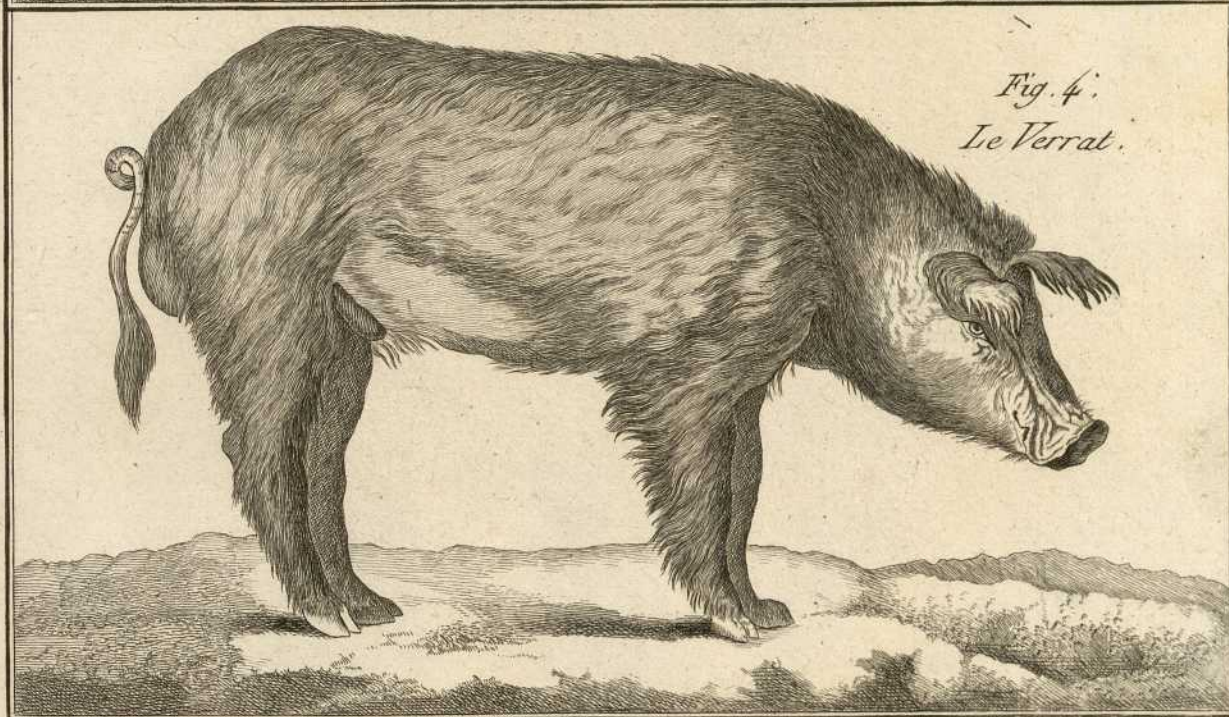


Fig. 4.
Le Verrat.

Fig. 1. *Sus scrofa* L. var.

Fig. 2. *Sus tajassu* L.
Diostyles torquatus Desm.

Fig. 3. *Sus aethiopicus* L.
Phascocoercus africanus Fr. Luv.

Fig. 4. *Sus babingtoni* L.

Fig. 4. n^o 2. Eundem caput.



Fig. 4. Le Babouynsa.

*Fig. 4.
N.º 2*

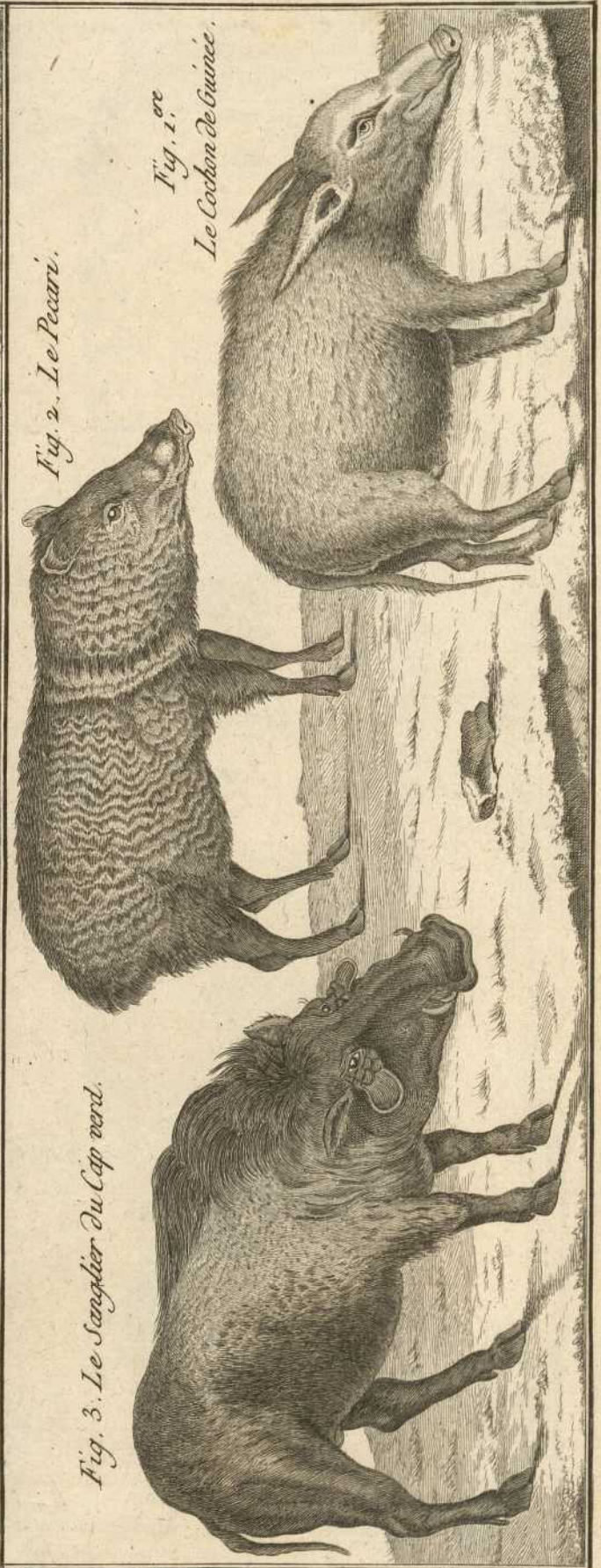


Fig. 2. Le Pecari.

*Fig. 1.
Le Cochon de Guinée.*

Fig. 3. Le Sanglier du Cap verd.

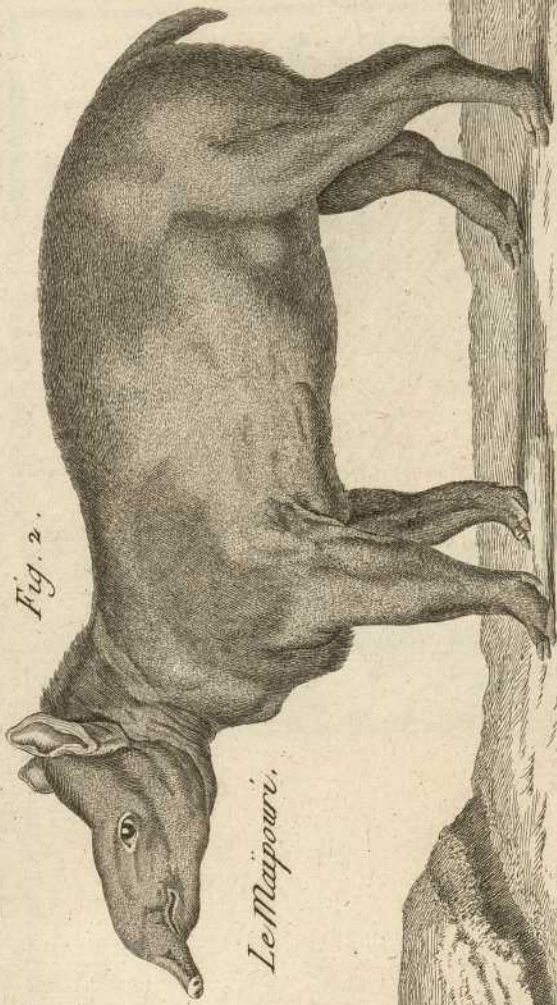
Fig. 1. *Fapir americanus* L.

Fig. 2 *Fapirus americanus* L. (var. ?)

Fig. 3 *Cavia capybara* L.

Fig. 4 *Hippopotamus amphibius* L.

Fig. 2.



Le Maypouri.

Fig. 1. Le Tapir.



Fig. 4. L'Hippopotame.

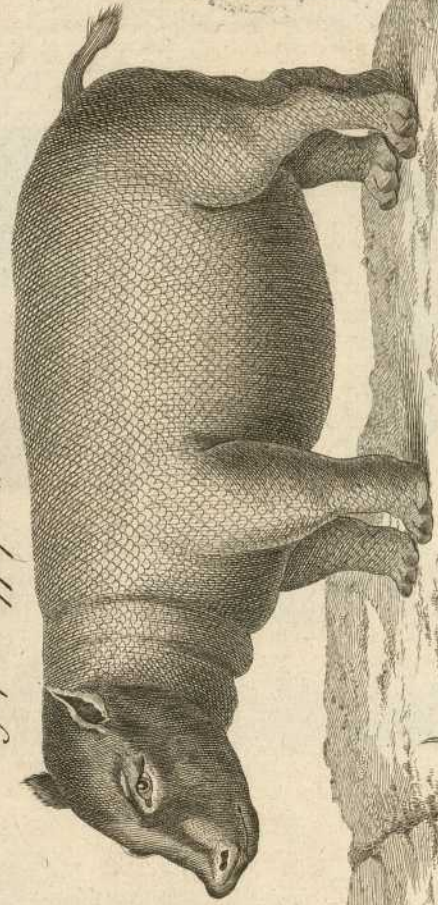


Fig. 3. Le Cabai.



Fig. 1. *Rhinoceros indicus* Luv.

Fig. 2. *Rhinoceros africanus* Luv.

Fig. 1.^{re} Le Rhinoceros.

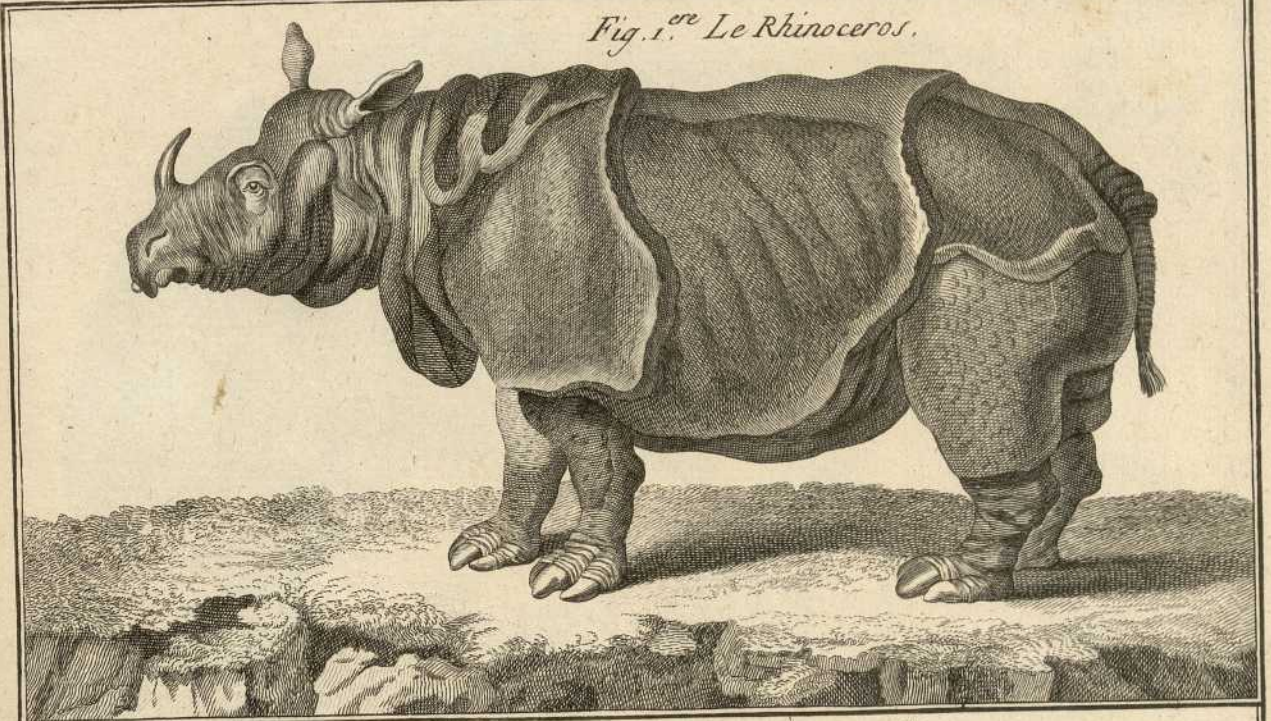
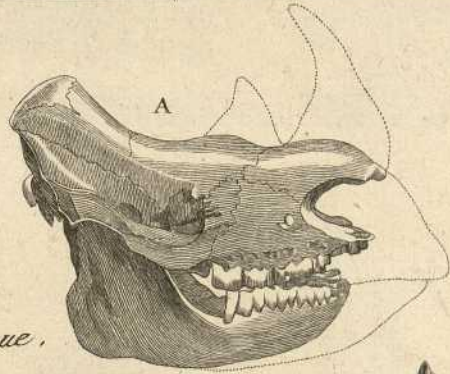


Fig. 2.
Le Rhinoceros d'Afrique.



Benard Dircut

Fig. 1. *Elephas maximus* L.

Fig. 2. *Equus caballus* L.



*Fig. 1.^{re}
L'Éléphant.*

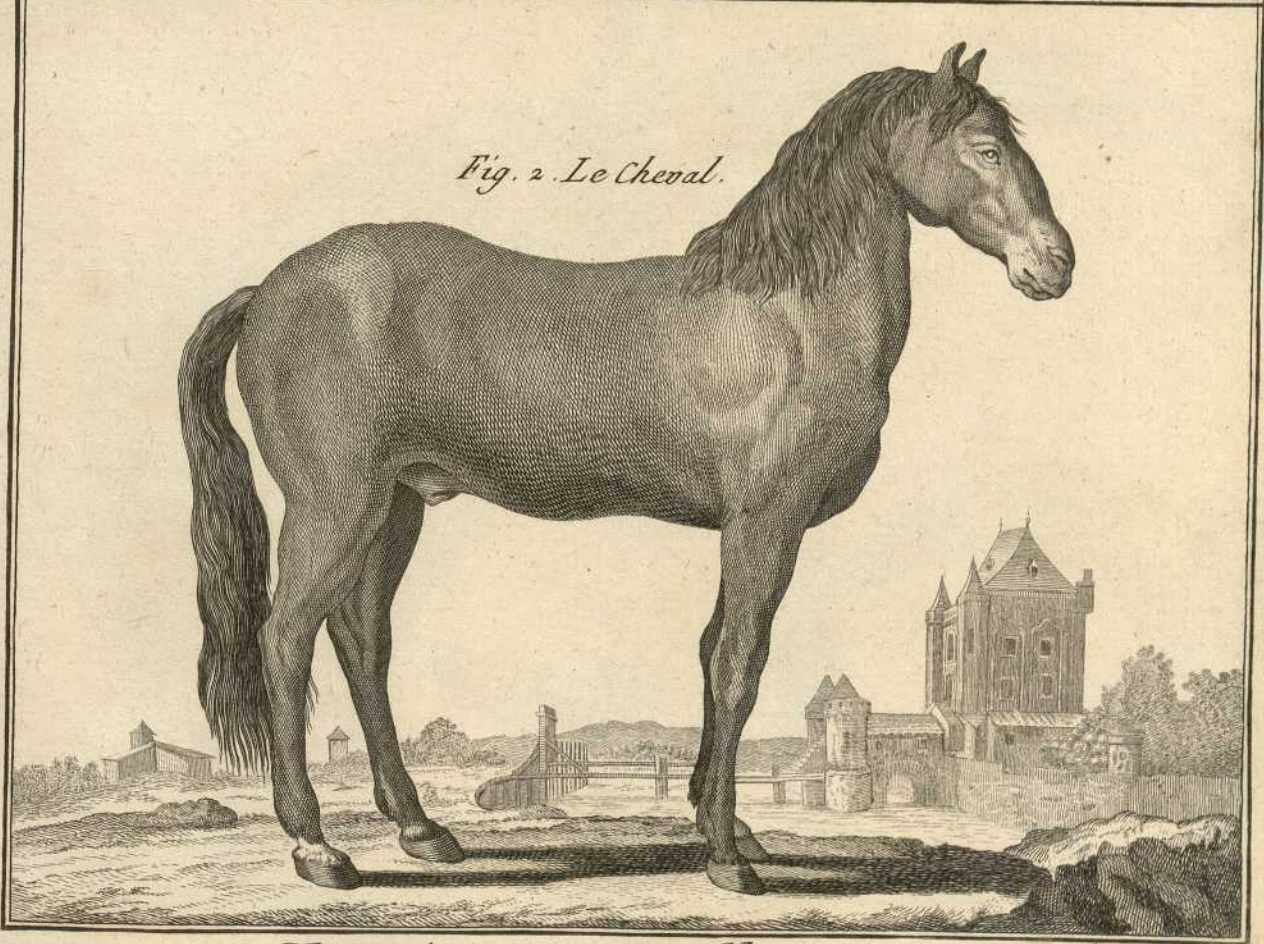


Fig. 2. Le Cheval.

Fig. 4 *Equus hemionus* L.

Fig. 5 *Camelus vicinna* L.

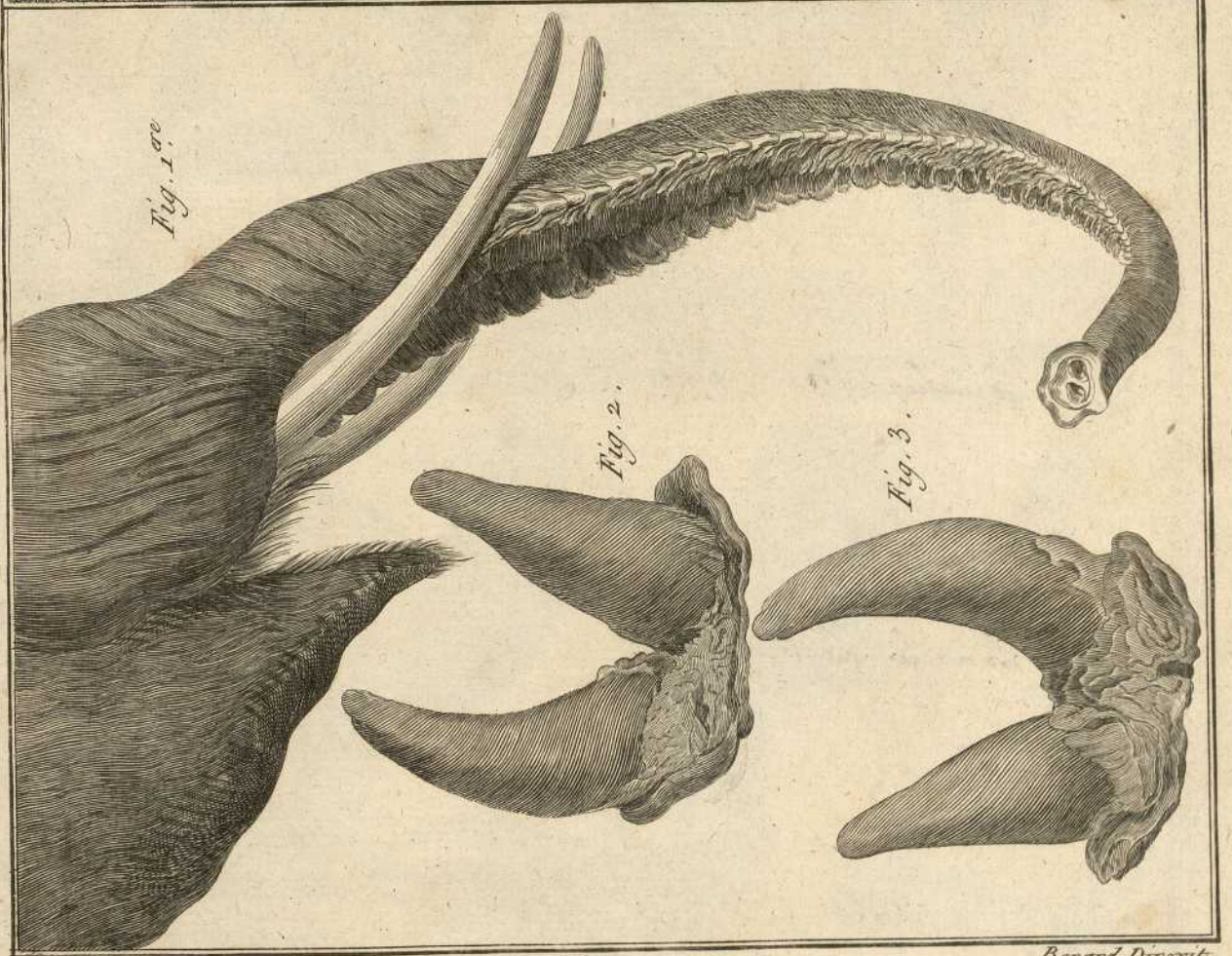
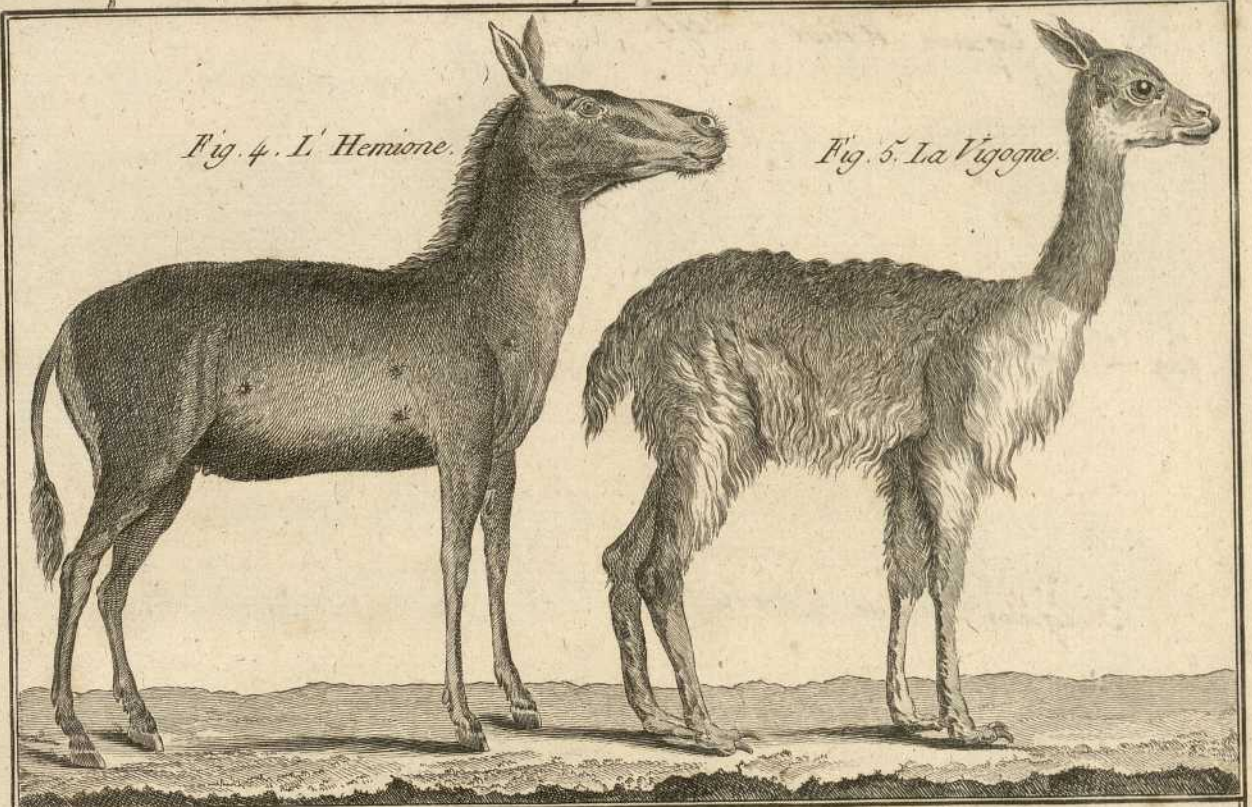


Fig. 1. *Equus caballus* L.

Fig. 2. *Equus asinus* L.

Fig. 3. *Equus asinus* (hybridus) L.

Fig. 4. *Equus zebra* L.

Fig. 5. *Camelus dromedarius* L.

Fig. 6. *Camelus bactrianus* L.

Fig. 1.^{re} L'Âne sauvage.

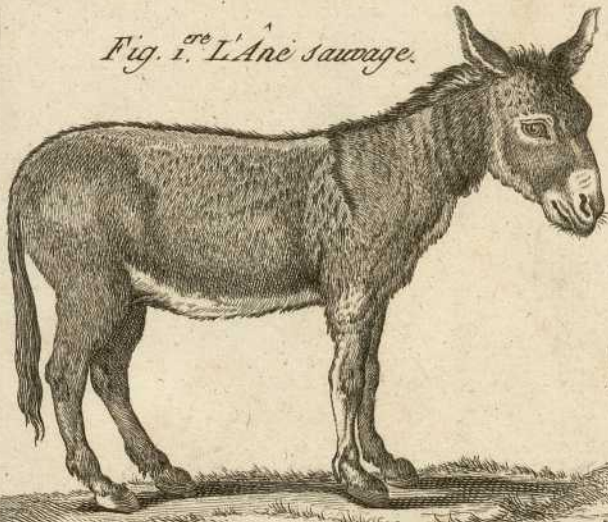


Fig. 2. L'Âne domestique.



Fig. 3. Le Mulet.



Fig. 4. Le Zèbre.



Fig. 6. Le Chameau.



Fig. 5.
Le Dromadaire.



Fig. 1. *Camellus Macma* L.

Fig. 2. *Bos taurus* L.

Fig. 3. *Bos bison* L.

Fig. 3. n. 2. *Bos grunniens* L. Tem.

Fig. 4. *Bos bubalus* L.

Fig. 5. *Bos indicus* Exl.



Fig. 1. Le Lama.

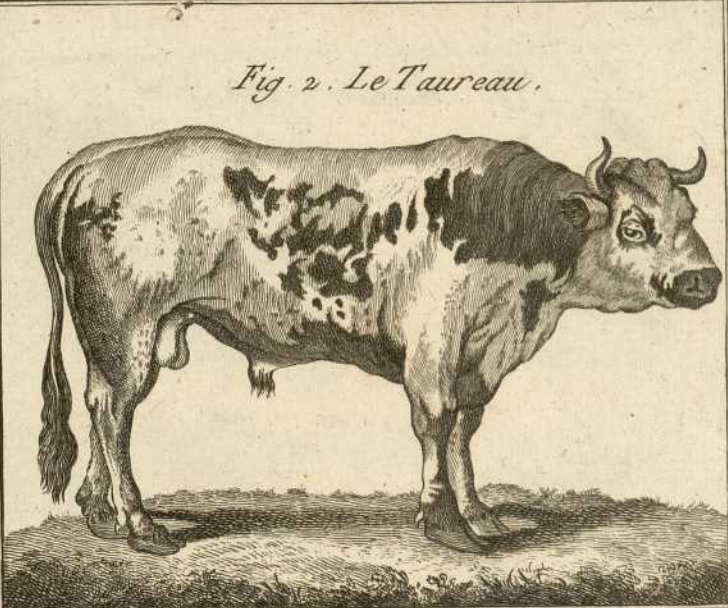


Fig. 2. Le Taureau.



Fig. 3. Le Bison.



Fig. 3. N^o. 2.



Fig. 4. Le Buffle.



Fig. 5. Le Zebu.

Fig. 1. *Bos taurus* (var.) L.

Fig. 2. *Ovis aries* (mas) Germ.

Fig. 3. *Ovis aries* (femina) Germ.

Fig. 4. *Ovis polycerata* Pall.

Fig. 5. *Ovis laticaudata* Sm.



*Fig. 1.^{re}
Le Taurneau noir.*



Fig. 2. Le Bélier.



Fig. 3. La Brebis.



Fig. 4. Le Bélier d'Islande.



Fig. 5. Le Mouton de Barbarie.

Fig. 1. *Capra Ammon* L. var.

Fig. 2. *Ovis arvensis* L. var.

Fig. 3. *Ovis guineensis* Sm. ?

Fig. 4. *Capra Ammon* L. juvar.
Ovis id. Exot. ?



Fig. 3.
Le Bétier à longs sabots.

Fig. 1.ère
Le Bétier Valachien



Fig. 2. Le Bétier de Tunis.

Fig. 4. La Brebis
Valachienne.

Fig. 5. *Capra hircus* (foem.) L.

Fig. 4. *Capra hircus* (mas) L.

Fig. 3. *Ovis guineensis* Sm. var.

Fig. 2. *Ovis musimon* Pall

Fig. 1. *Ovis capensis* Sm



Fig. 3. *Capra ibex* L.

Fig. 4. *Capra angorensis* Briff.

Fig. 6. *Capra depressa* Sm.

Fig. 5. *Capra mambrica* Sm.

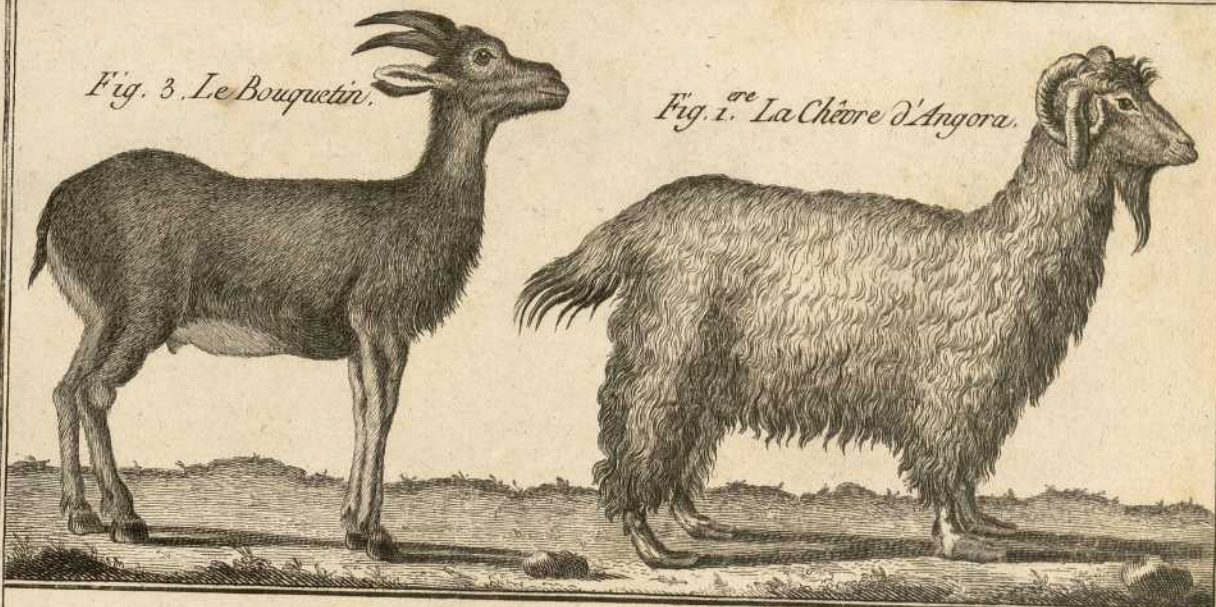


Fig. 3. Le Bouquetin.

Fig. 1^{re}. La Chèvre d'Angora.

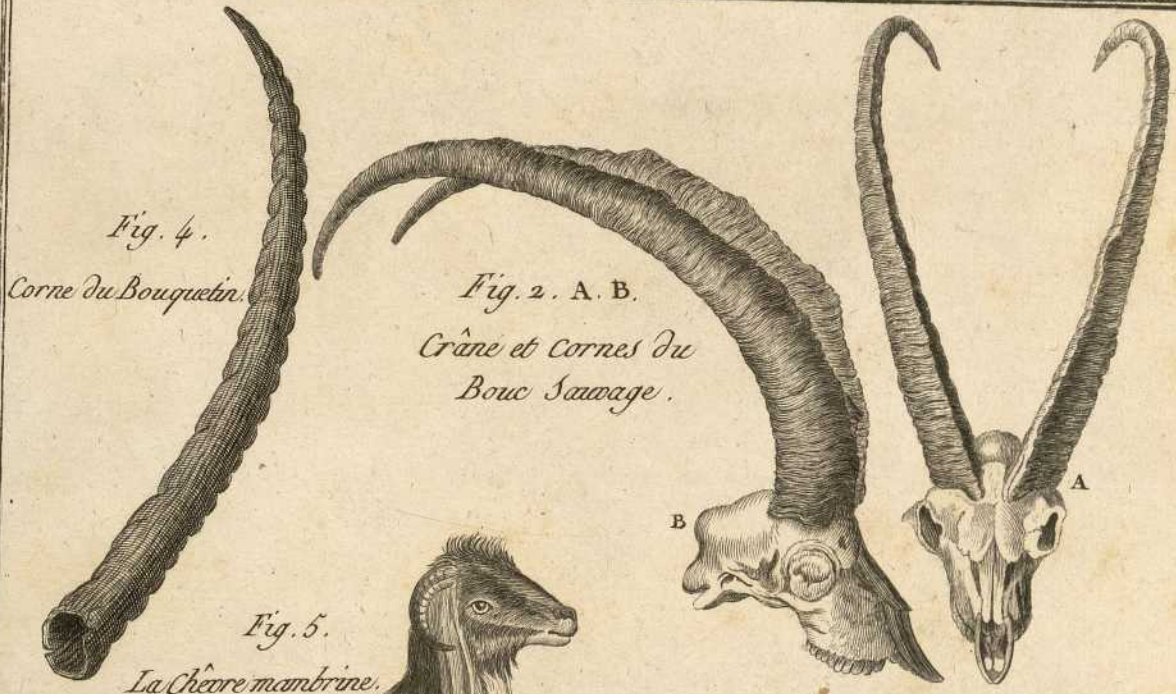


Fig. 4.
Corne du Bouquetin.

Fig. 2. A. B.
Crâne et Cornes du
Bouc Sauvage.



Fig. 5.
La Chèvre mambrine.



Fig. 6. Le Bouc d'Afrique.

Fig. 1 *Capra reversa* Eupl.

Fig. 2 *Antelope sumatrensis* Sharv.

Fig. 3 *Antelope gnu* Sm.

Fig. 4 *Antelope rupicapra* Pall.
Capra id. L.

Fig. 5 *Antelope oxyx* Pall. ?

Fig. 1.^{ere} Le Bouc de Juda.



Fig. 3. La Gnu.



Fig. 4. Le Chamois.



Fig. 2.
Le Bouc des Bois.



Fig. 5.
Le Chamois d'Afrique.

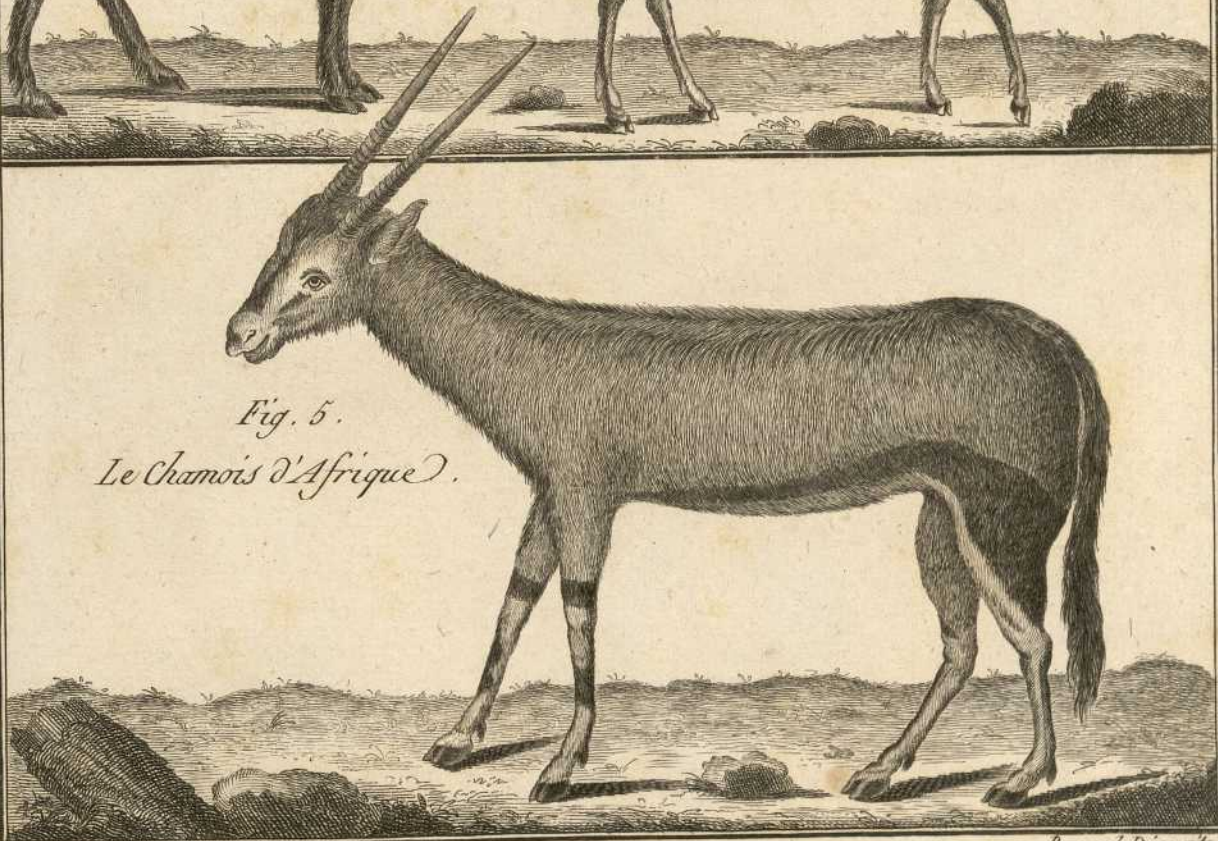


Fig. 1 *Antelope dama* Pall.

Fig. 2 *Antelope redunca* Pall.

Fig. 3 *Antelope tragocamelus* Pall.

Fig. 4 *Antelope picta* Pall.

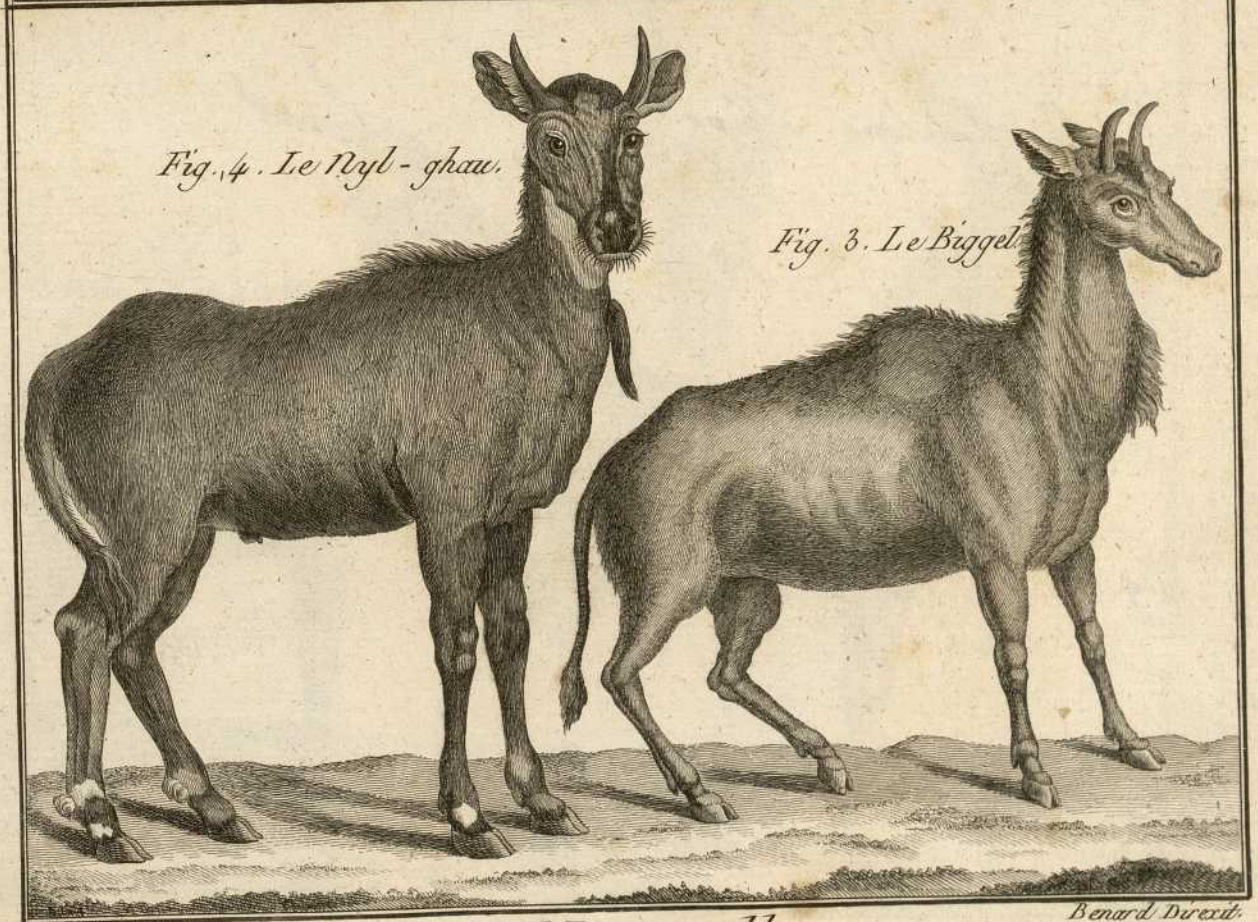
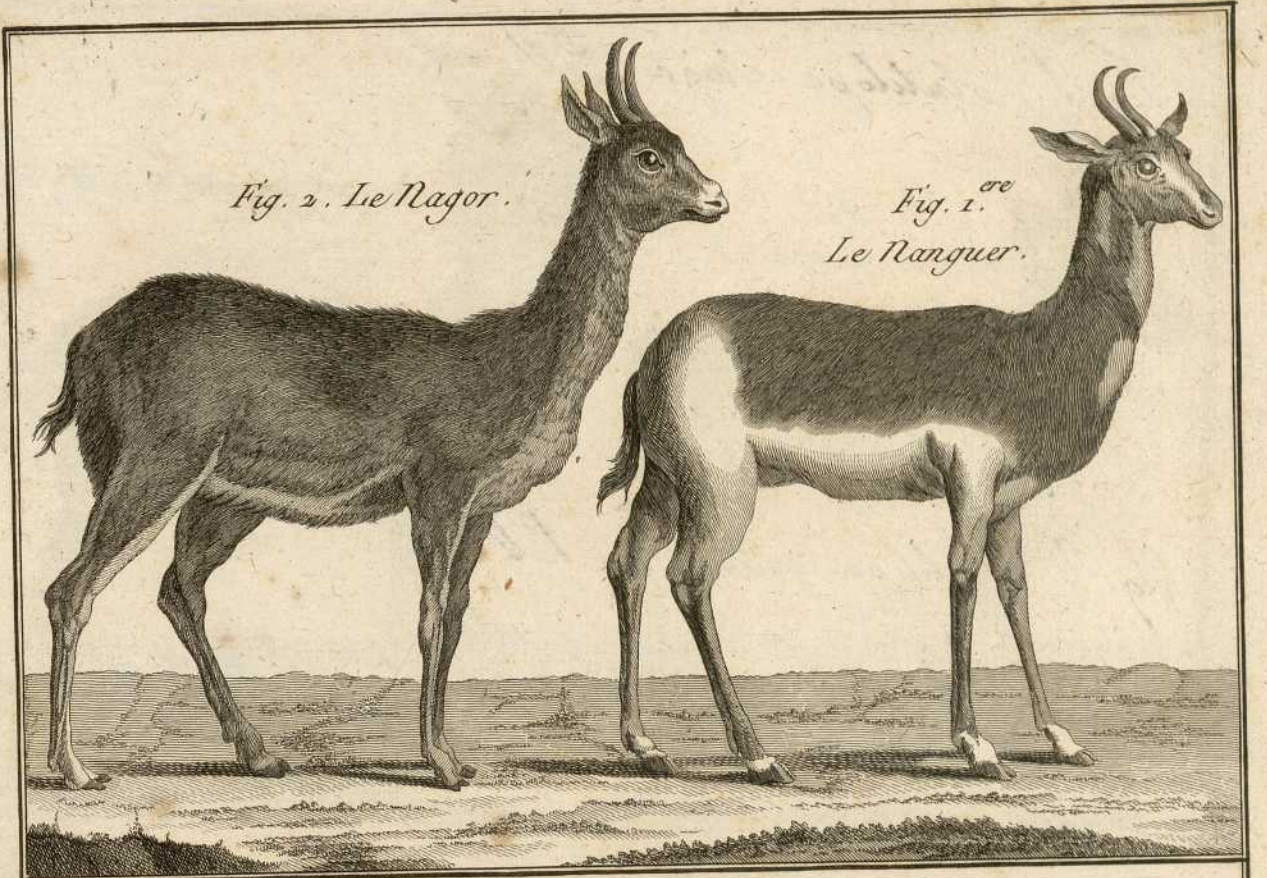


Fig. 1. Antelope Saiga Pall

Fig. 2 Antelope gutturosa Pall.

Fig. 3 Antelope albipes Ersl.

Fig. 4 Antelope subgutturosa Schreb.

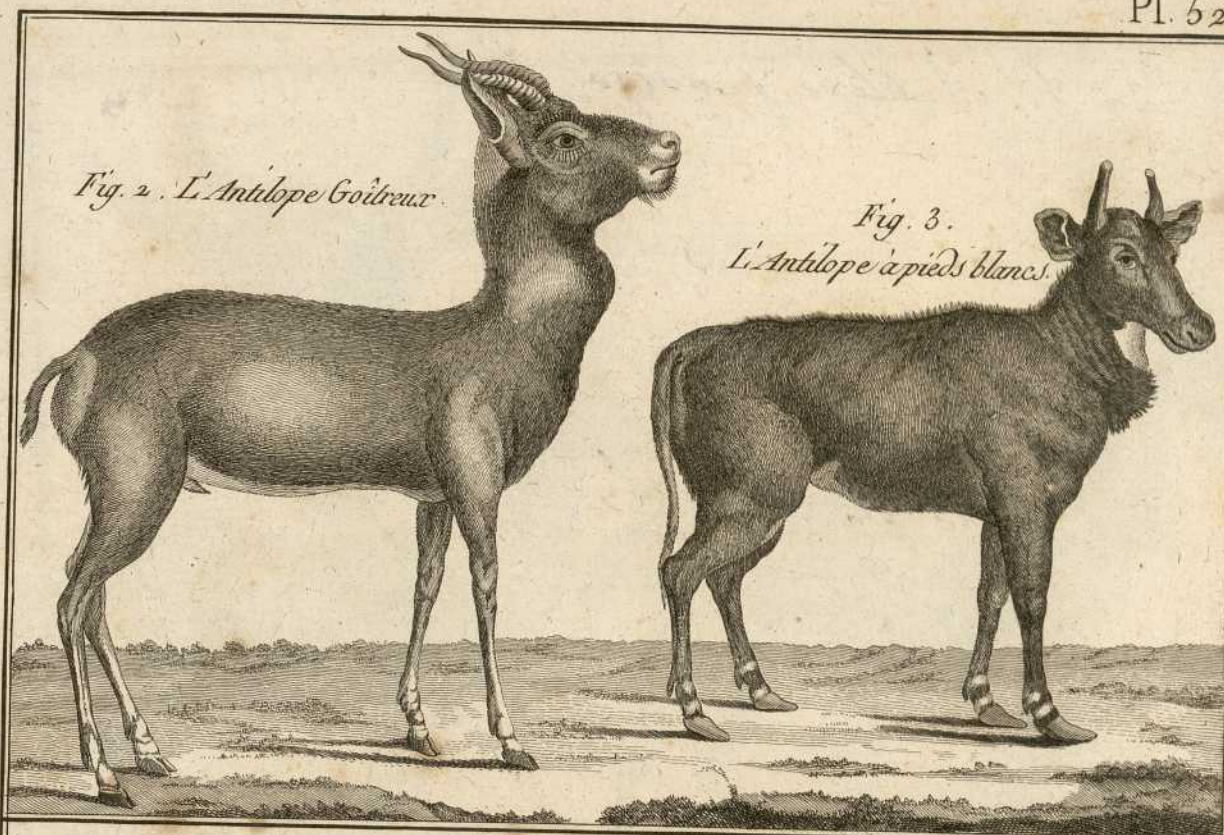


Fig. 2. L'Antilope Goitreux.

Fig. 3.
L'Antilope à pieds blancs.



Fig. 4.
L'Antilope demi-Goitreux.

Fig. 1.
Le Saiga.

Fig. 1. *Antelope pygarga* Pall.

Fig. 2. *Antelope dorcas* L.

Fig. 3. *Antelope kevelia* Em

Fig. 4. *Antelope cervina* Em.

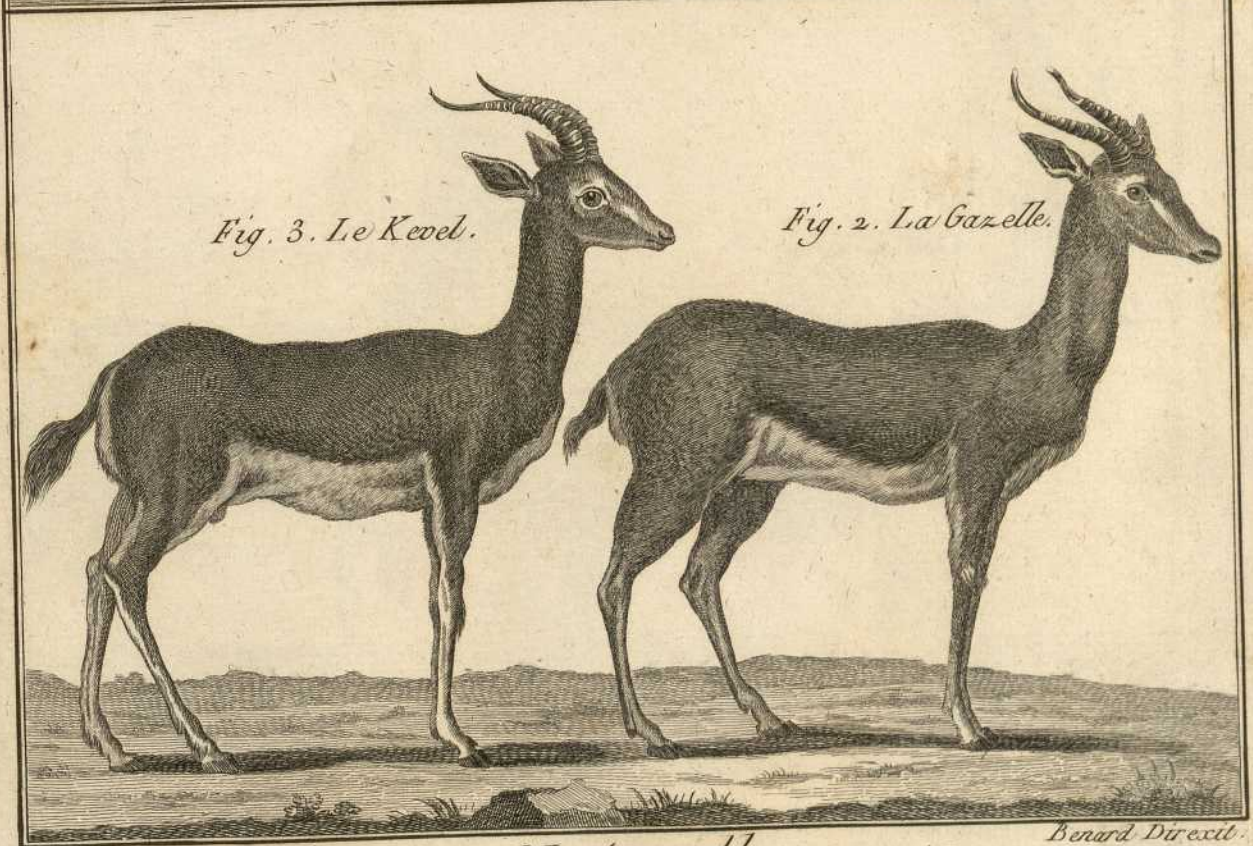
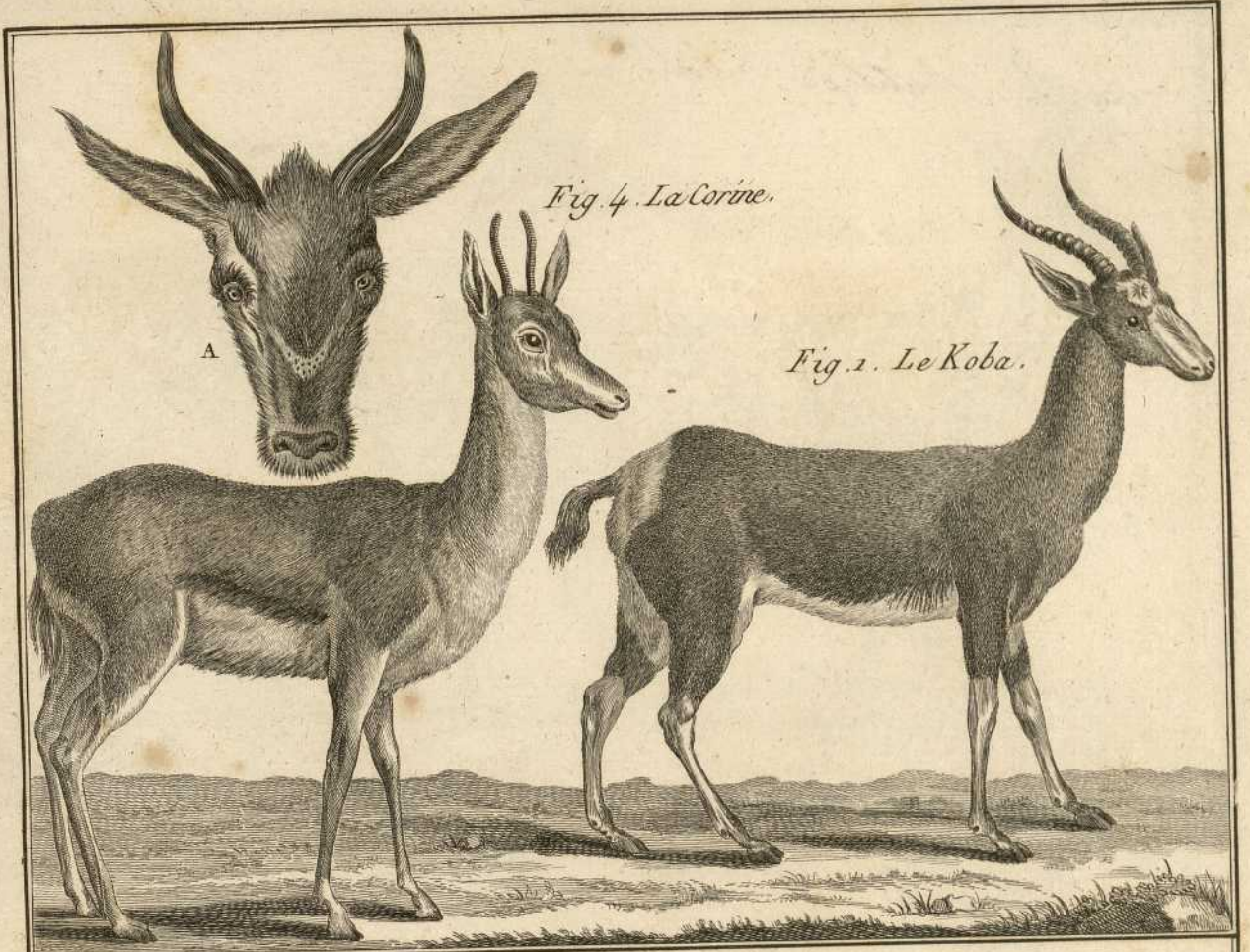


Fig. 1. *Antelope subala* L.

Fig. 2. *Antelope oryx* Pall.

Fig. 3. *Antelope oryx* ? Sm.

Fig. 4.

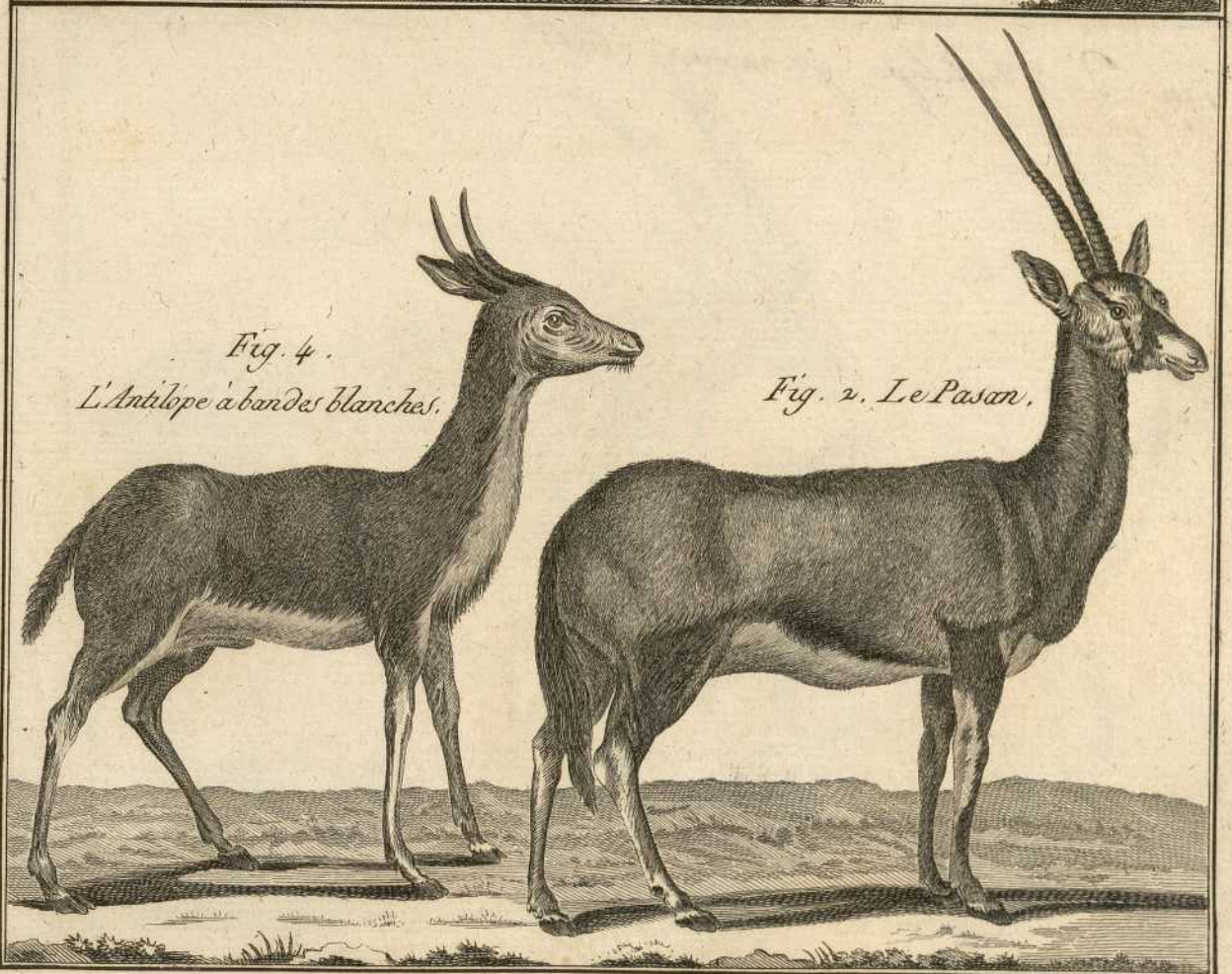
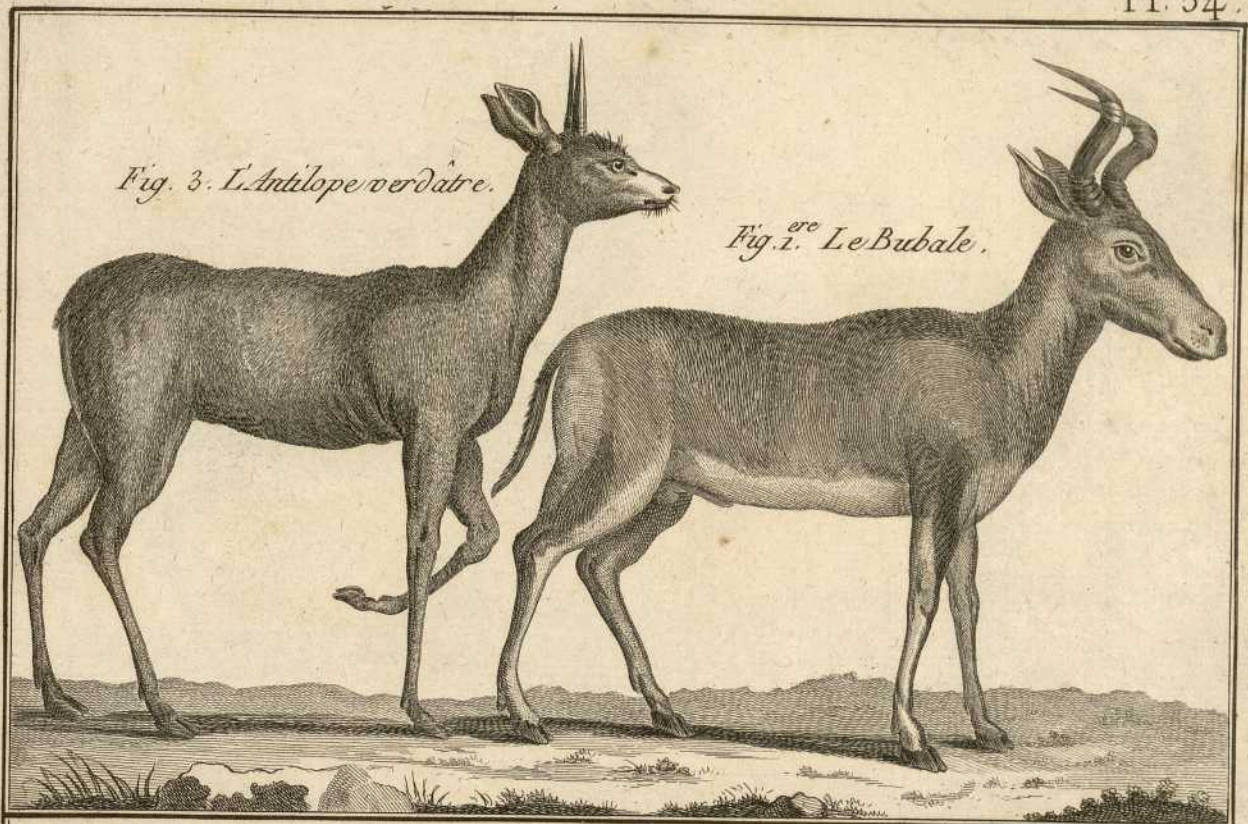


Fig. 1. *Antelope orcas* Pall.

Fig. 2. *Antelope scripta* Pall.

Fig. 3. *Antelope grimmia* Pall.

Fig. 4.

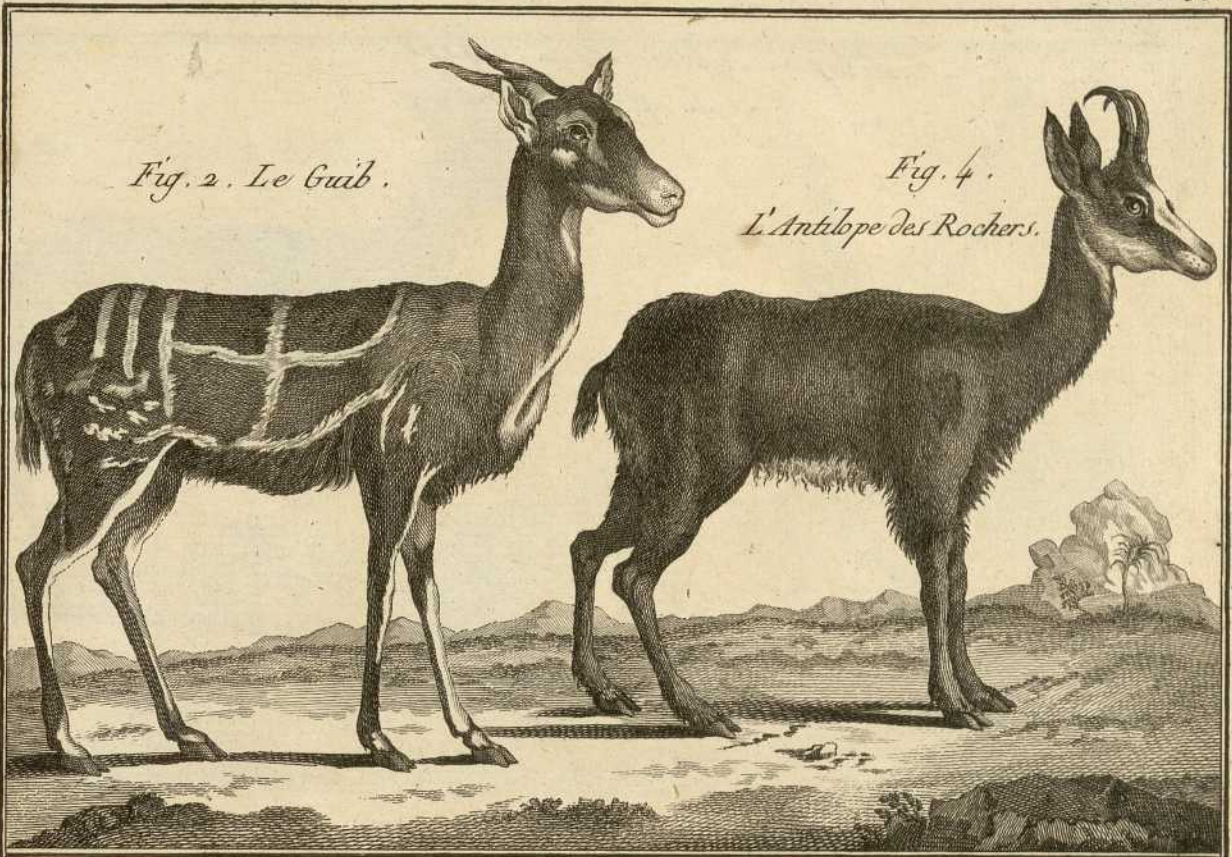


Fig. 2. Le Guib.

*Fig. 4.
L'Antilope des Rochers.*

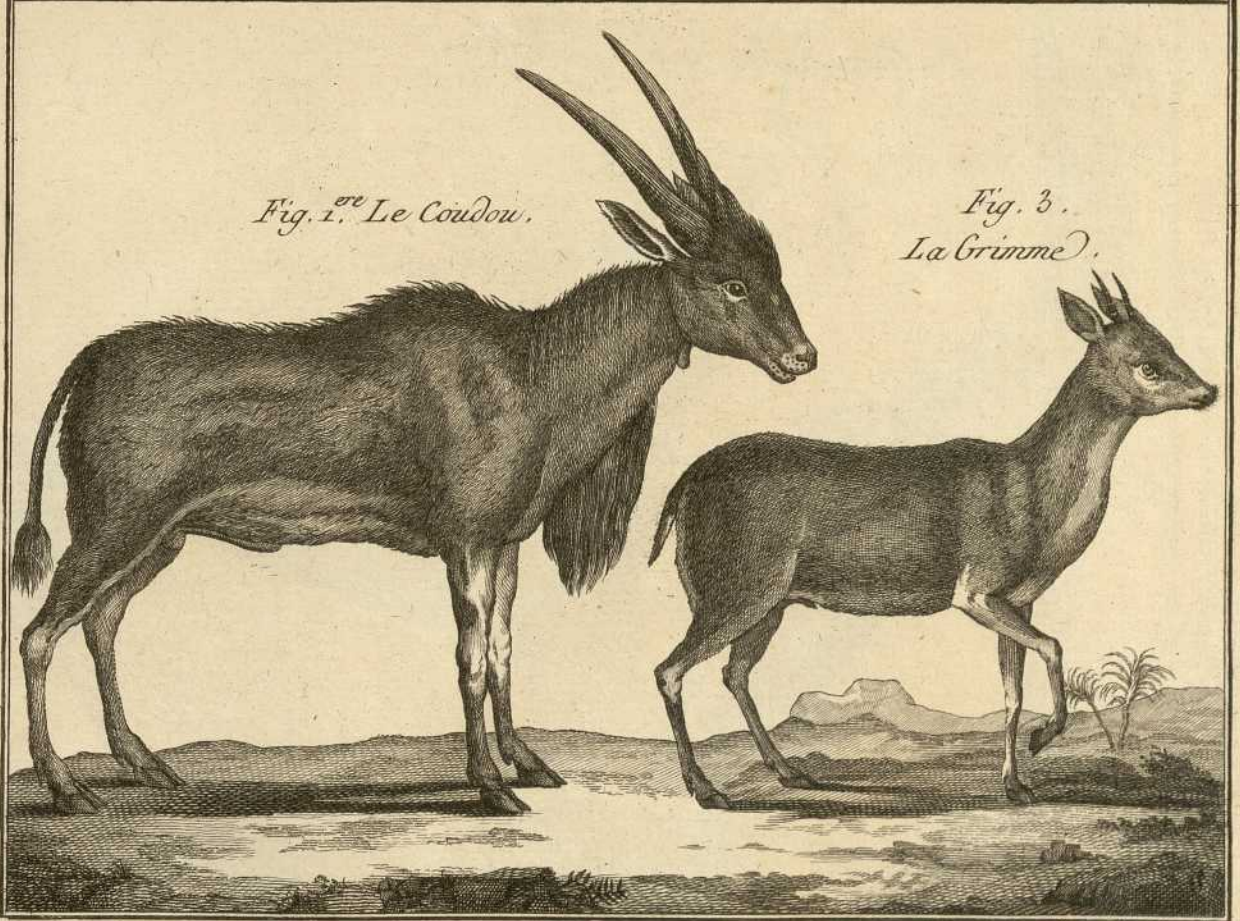


Fig. 1. Le Coudou.

*Fig. 3.
La Grimme.*

Fig. 1. *Antelope sibirica* Afzel.
an *sylvatica* ? Sm.

Fig. 2. *Antelope streperos* Pall.

Fig. 3. *Antelope cervicapra* Pall.

Fig. 4. *Cervus camelopardalis* L.

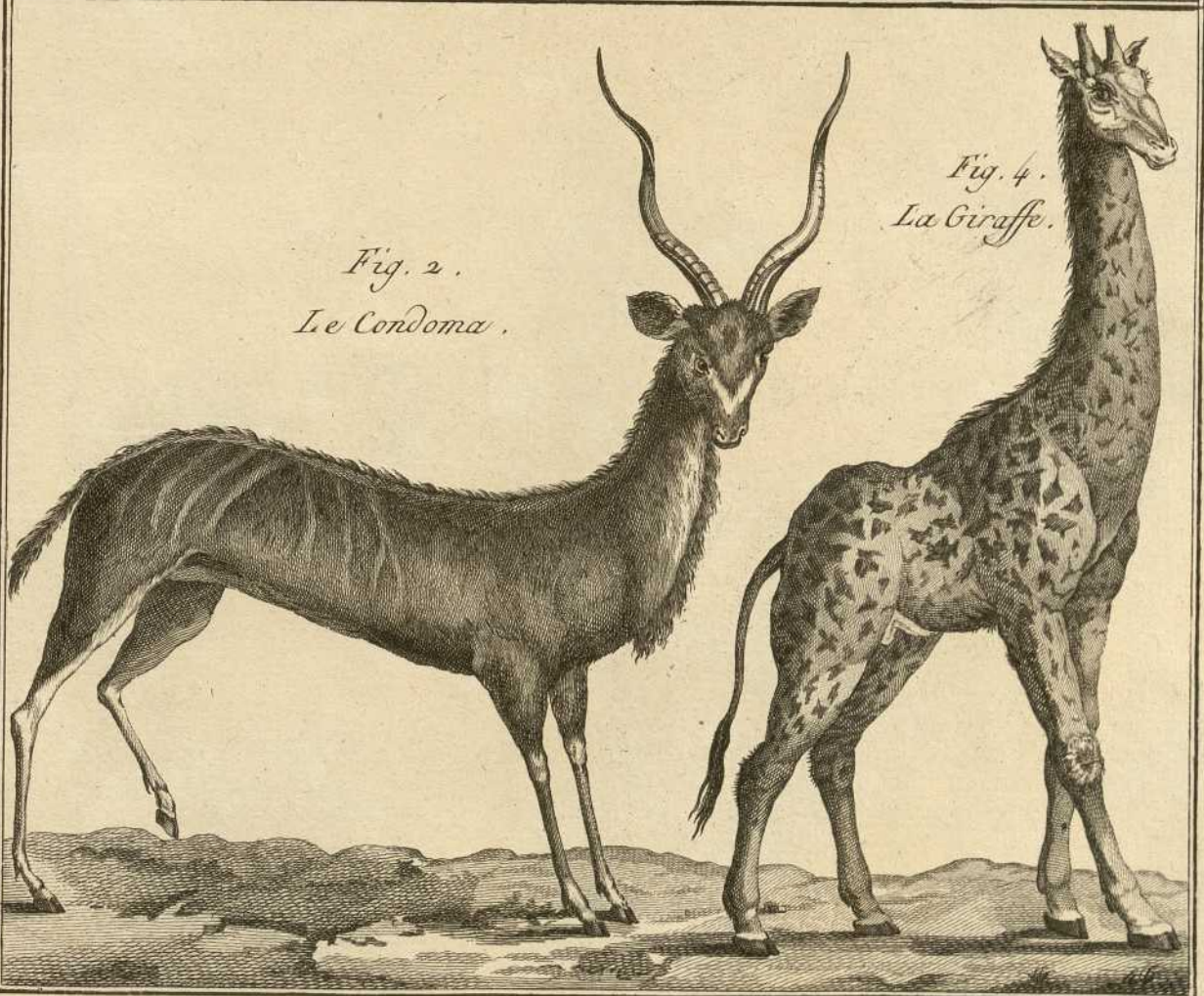
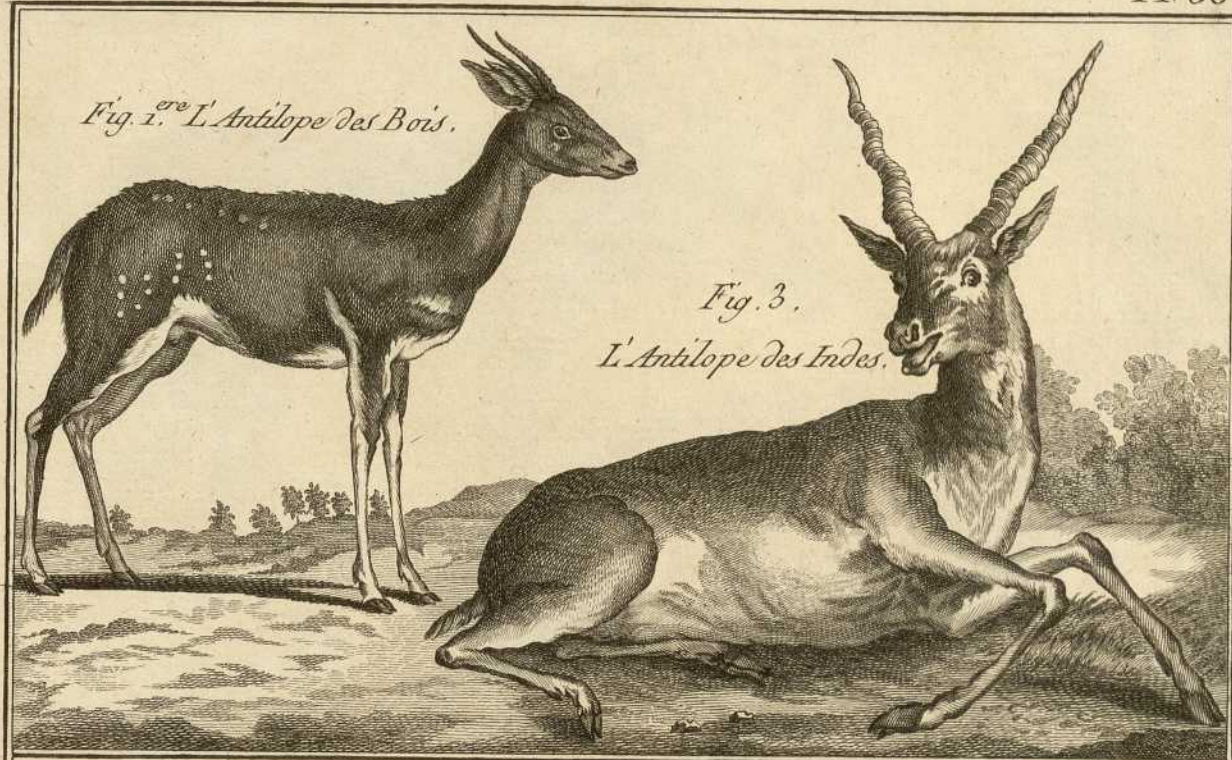


Fig. 1. *Cervus pygargus* Pall.

Fig. 2. *Cervus alces* L.

Fig. 3. *Cervus elaphus* (mas) L.

Fig. 4. *Cervus elaphus* (foem.) L.

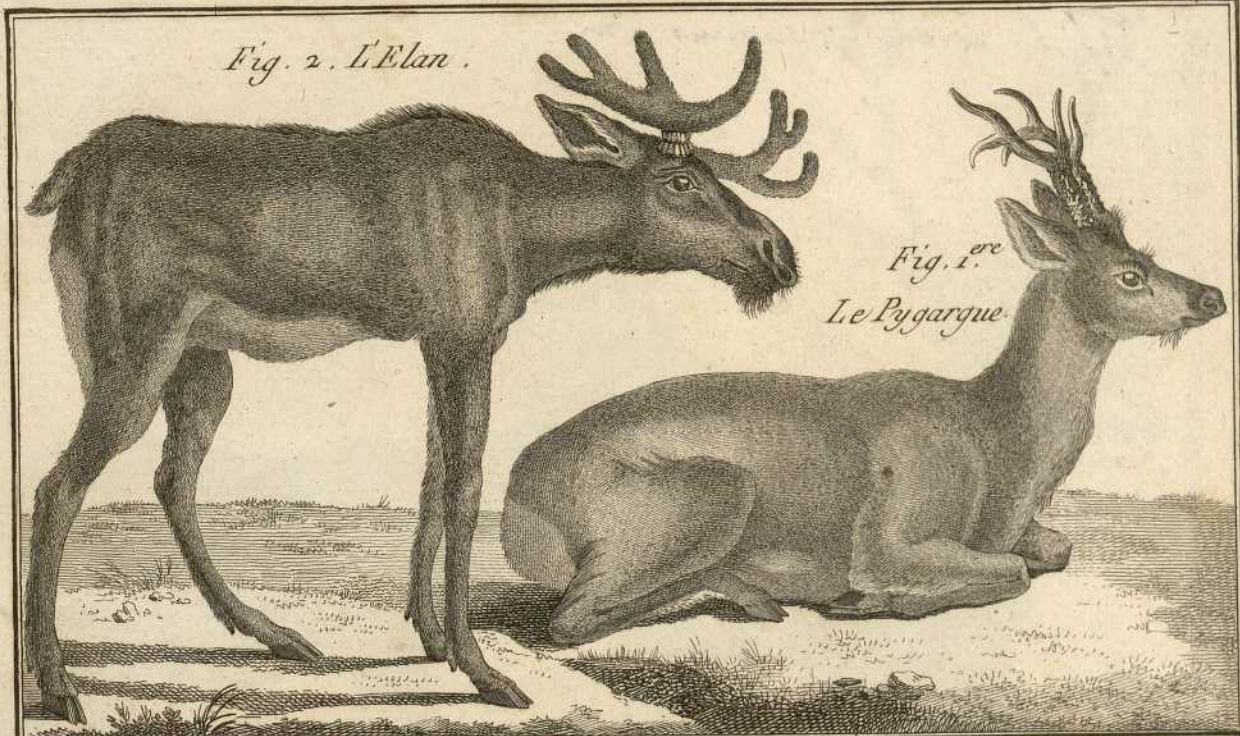


Fig. 2. L'Élan.

*Fig. 1.^{re}
Le Pygargue.*

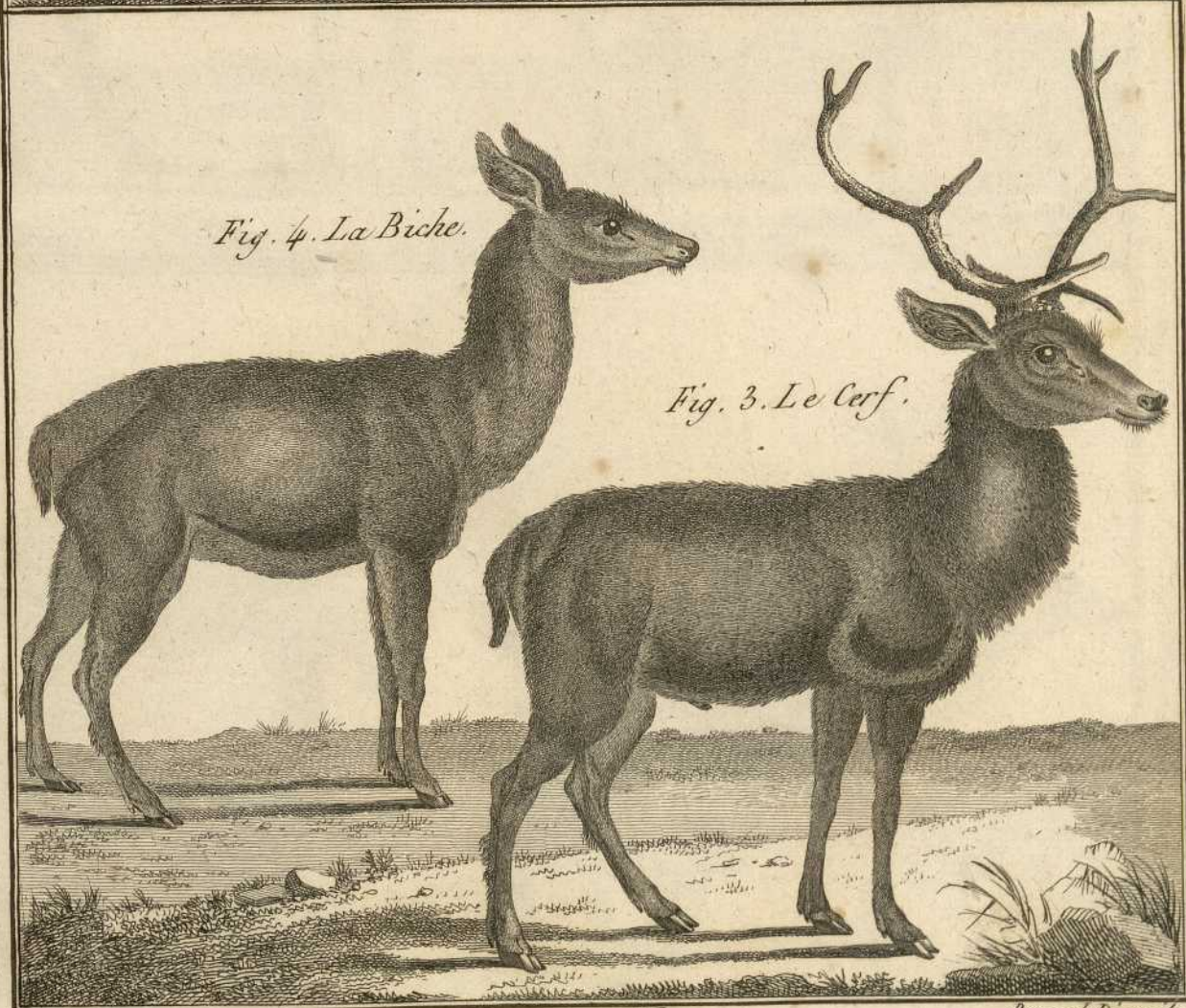


Fig. 4. La Biche.

Fig. 3. Le Cerf.

Fig. 1. *Cervus collicarius* Em.

Fig. 2. *Cervus canadensis* Briss.

Fig. 3. *Cervus tarandus* (naas) L.
sanguifer Briss.

Fig. 4. *Cervus tarandus* (joem.) L.



Fig. 1. Le Cerf de Corse.

Fig. 2. Le Cerf du Canada.

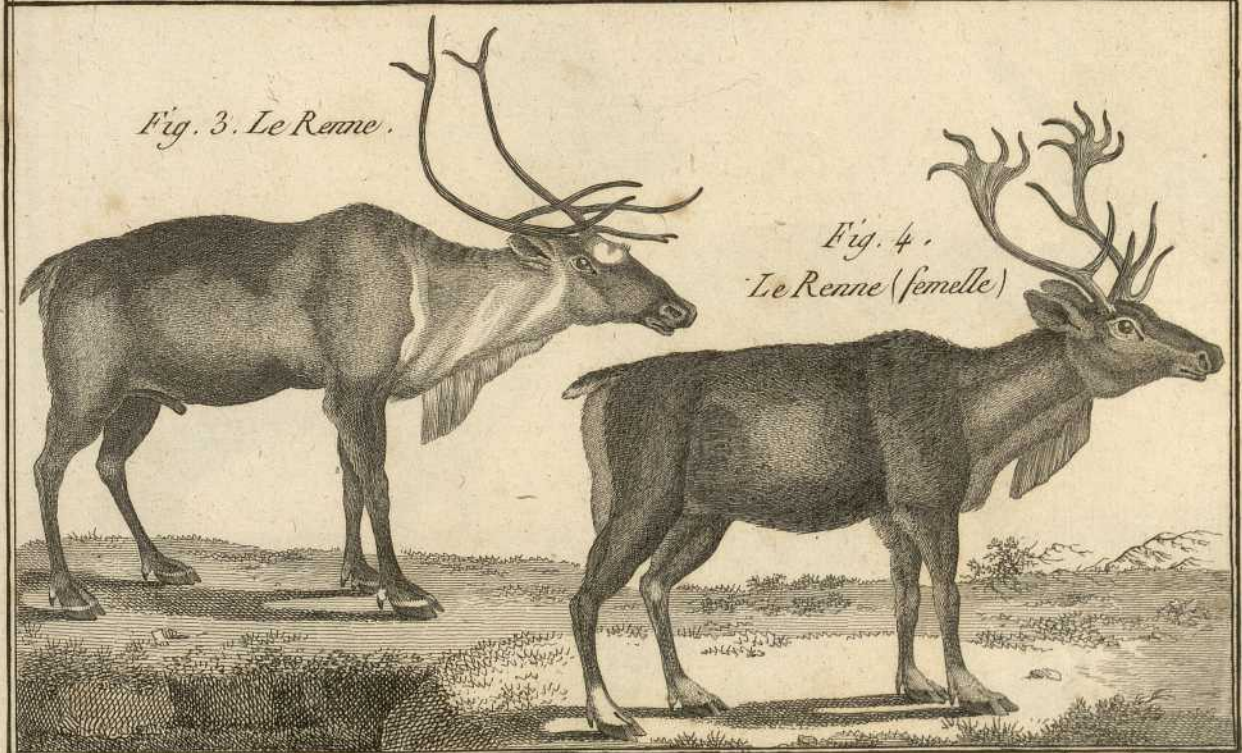


Fig. 3. Le Renne.

Fig. 4. Le Renne (femelle)

Fig. 1. *Cervus dama* L.

Fig. 3. *Cervus axis* L.

Fig. 4. *Cervus porcinus* L.

Fig. 5. *Cervus capreolus* Briff.

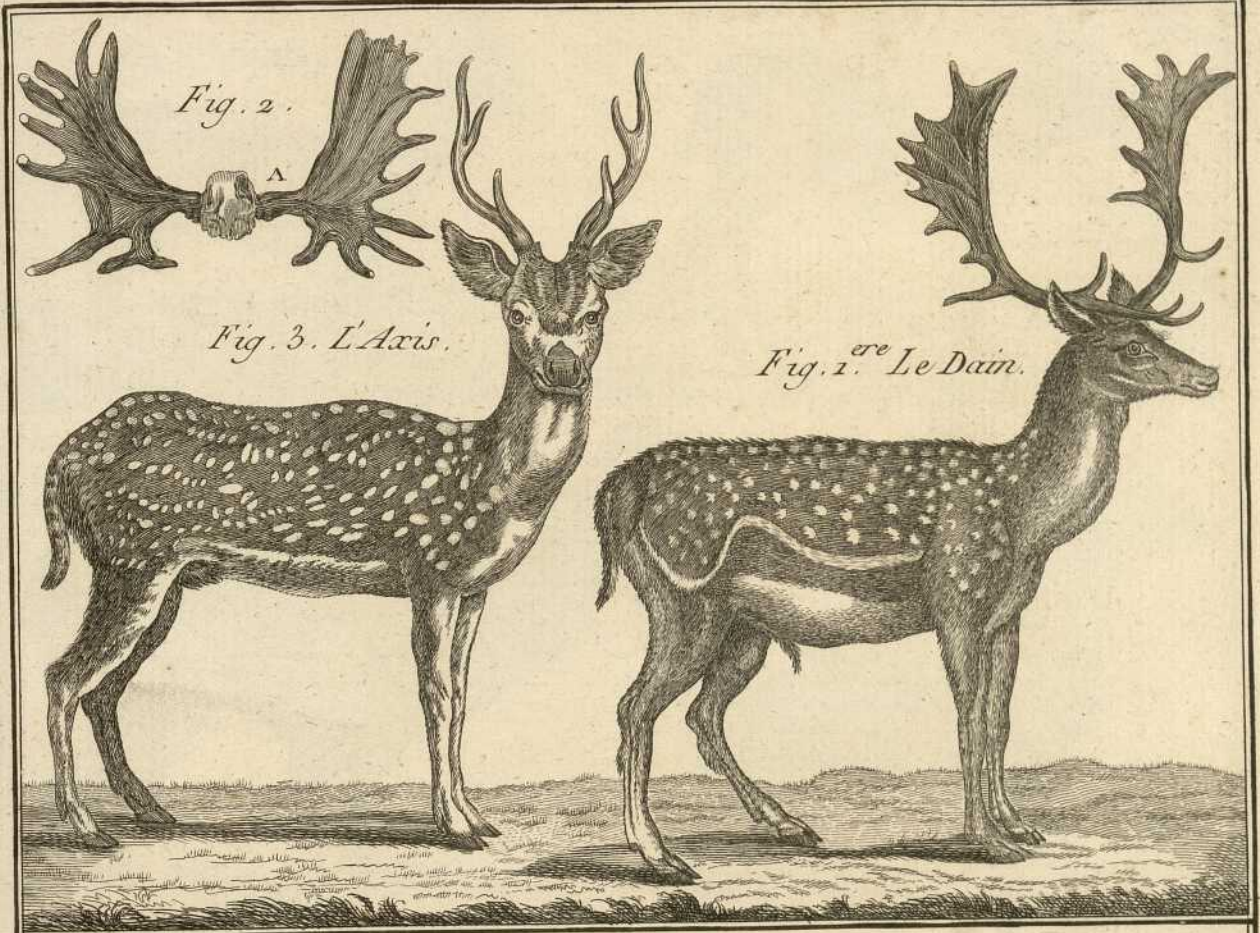


Fig. 2.

Fig. 3. L'Axis.

Fig. 1.^{re} Le Dain.



Fig. 5. Le Chevreuil.

Fig. 4.
Le Cerf (porcinus)

Fig. 1 *Cervus muntjac* Sm.

Fig. 2 *Moschus moschiferus* L.

Fig. 3.

Fig. 4 *Moschus pygmaeus* Expl.

Fig. 5 *Moschus moschiferus* Expl.

Fig. 6 *Moschus americanus* Sm.

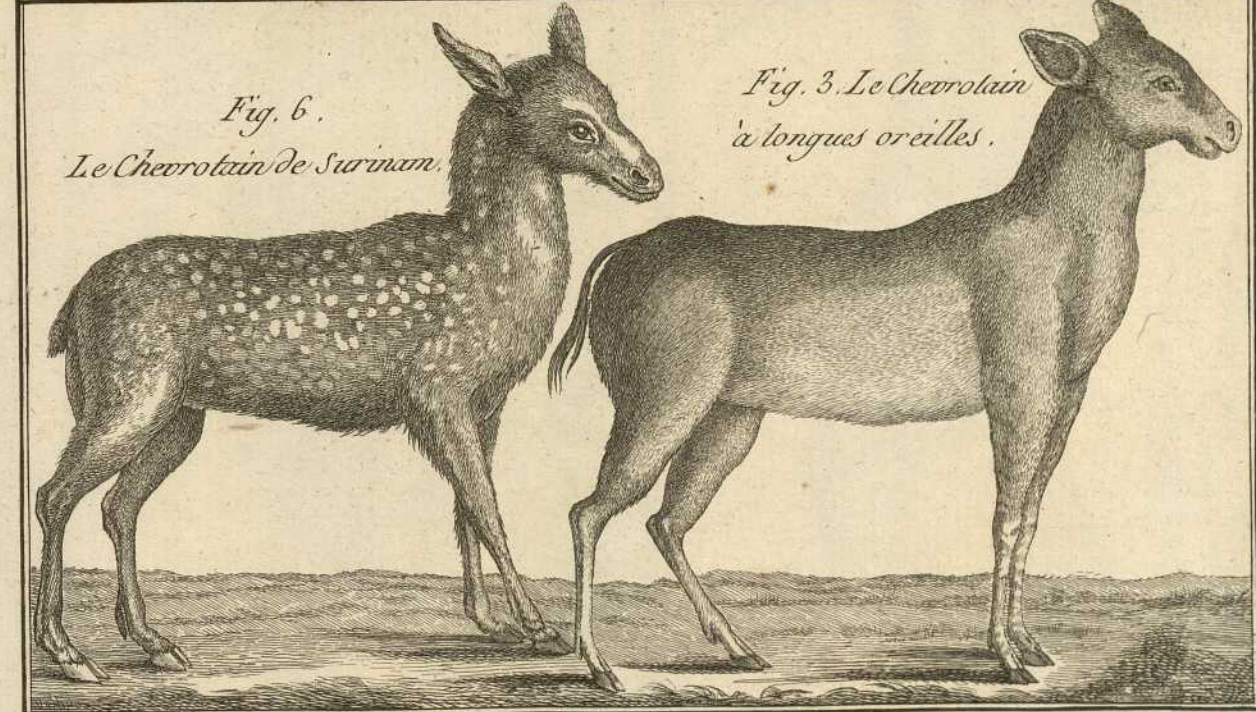
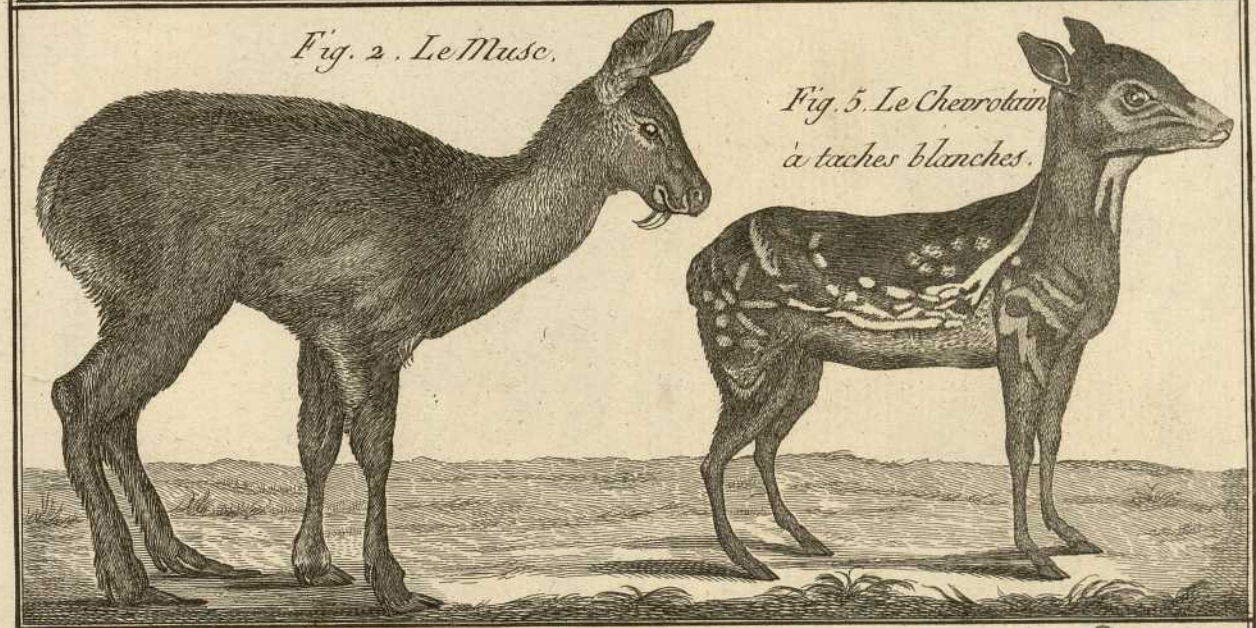
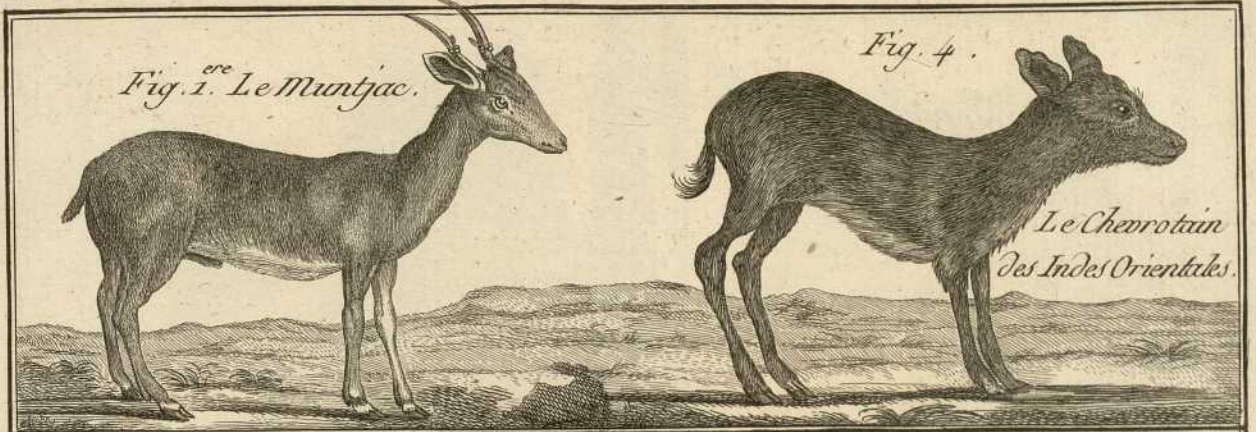


Fig. 1. *Lepus timidus* L.

Fig. 2. *Lepus variabilis* Pall.

Fig. 3. *Lepus timidus* β . *cornutus* Schreb. (non *fabulosus*)

Fig. 4. *Lepus hybridus* - Pall.

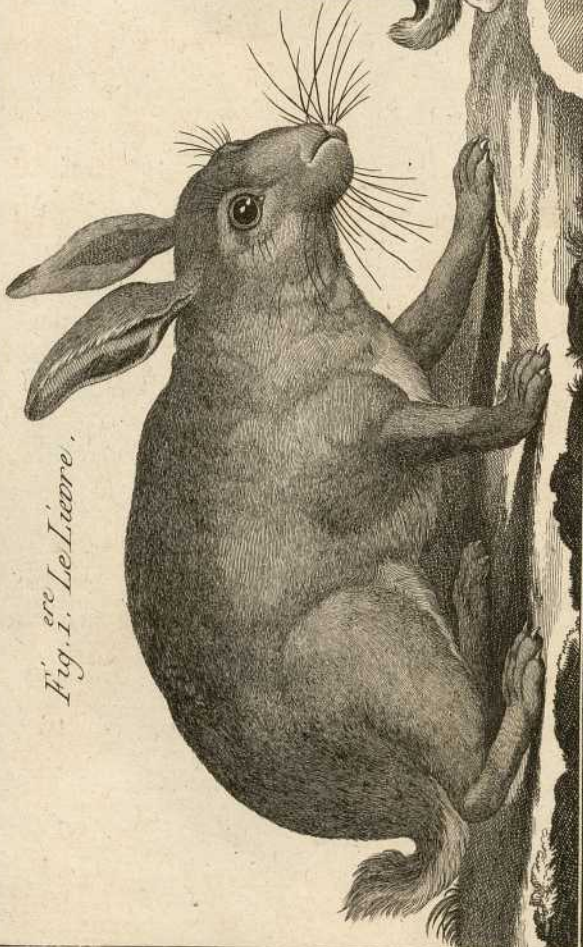


Fig. 1^{re}. Le Lièvre.



Fig. 4. Le Lièvre Métis.



Fig. 2. Le Lièvre variable.



*Fig. 3.
Le Lièvre cornu.*

Fig. 1. *Lepus tolai* Em.

Fig. 2. *Lepus arvicularis* L.

Fig. 3. *Lepus arvicularis* β . domesticus Em.

Fig. 4. *Lepus arvicularis* γ . angotensis Em.

Fig. 1^{re}. Le Tolaï.

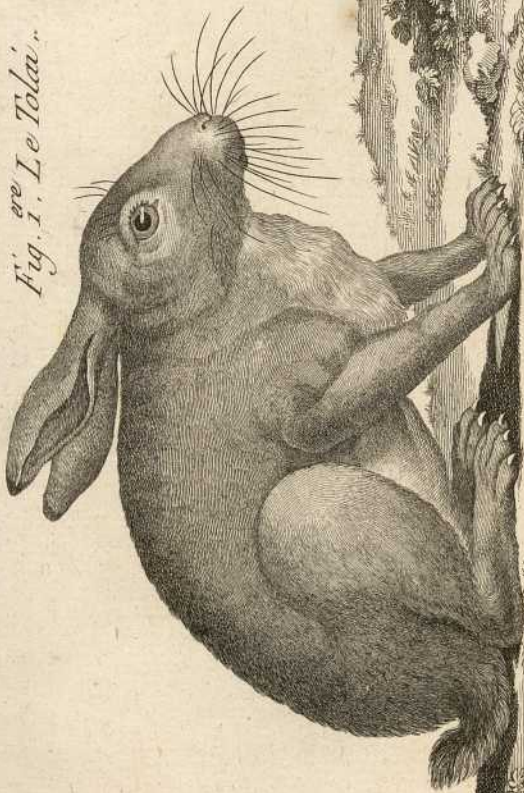


Fig. 2.
Le Lapin Sauvage.



Fig. 3. Le Lapin Domestique.



Fig. 4.
Le Lapin d'Angora.

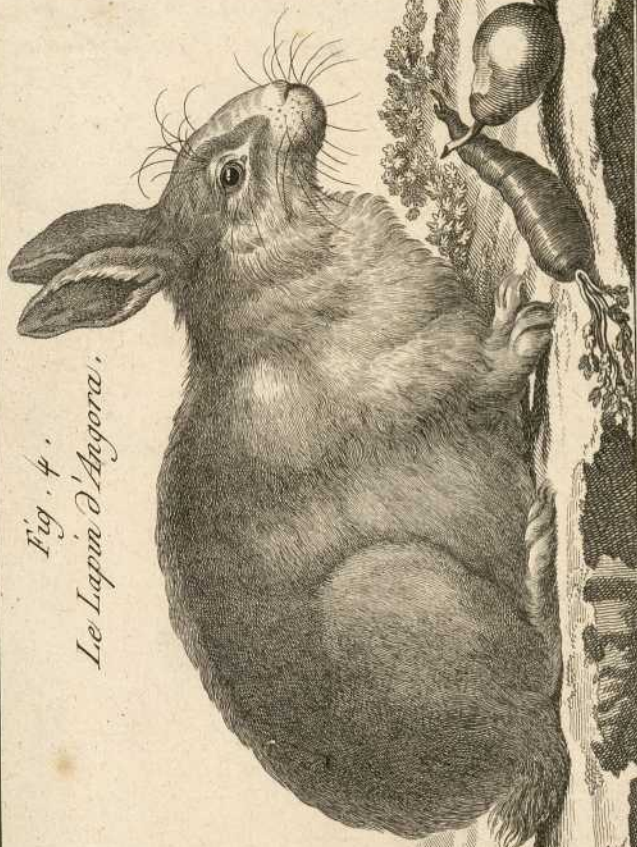


Fig. 1 *Lepus cuniculus* *S. argenteus* Sm

Fig. 2 *Lepus cuniculus* *E. rossicus* Sm.

Fig. 3 *Lepus alpinus* Pall.

Fig. 4 *Lepus sgotona* Pall.



Fig. 1. Le Riche.



Fig. 2. Le Lapin de Russie.



Fig. 4.
L'Égyptien.



Fig. 3. Le Lièvre des Alpes.

Fig. 1. Hyrax capensis Schreb.
Cavia . . . id. L.

Fig. 2. Hyrax syriacus Schreb.

Fig. 3. Hystrix cristata L.

Fig. 4. Hystrix prehensilis L.

Fig. 2. L'Illirax de Syrie.



Fig. 1. Le Klipdas.



Fig. 4. Le Couendou.



Fig. 3. Le Porc-épie.



Fig 1. *Hystrix dorsata* L.

Fig 2. *Hystrix macroura* Sm

Fig 3. *Cavia Paca* L

Fig 4. *Cavia acurhy*. Expt.

Fig. 1^{re}. L'Urson.



Fig. 3. Le Paca.



Fig. 2.



L'Urson,
à queue longue.

Fig. 4. L'Akouchi.

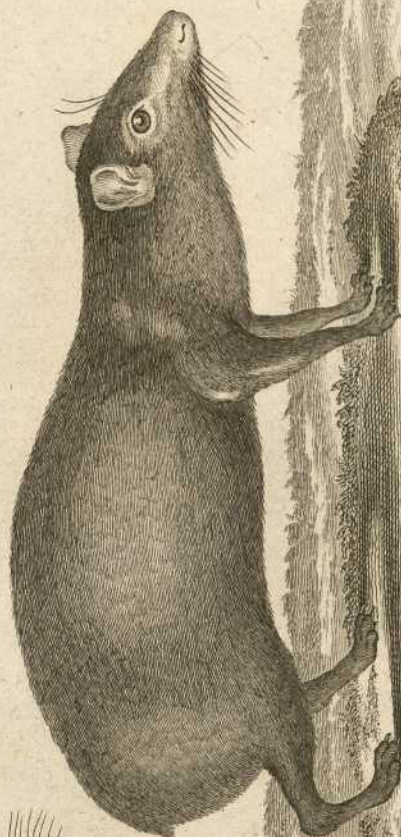


Fig. 1 *Cavia cobaya* Schreb.

Fig. 2 *Cavia capybara* L.

Fig. 3

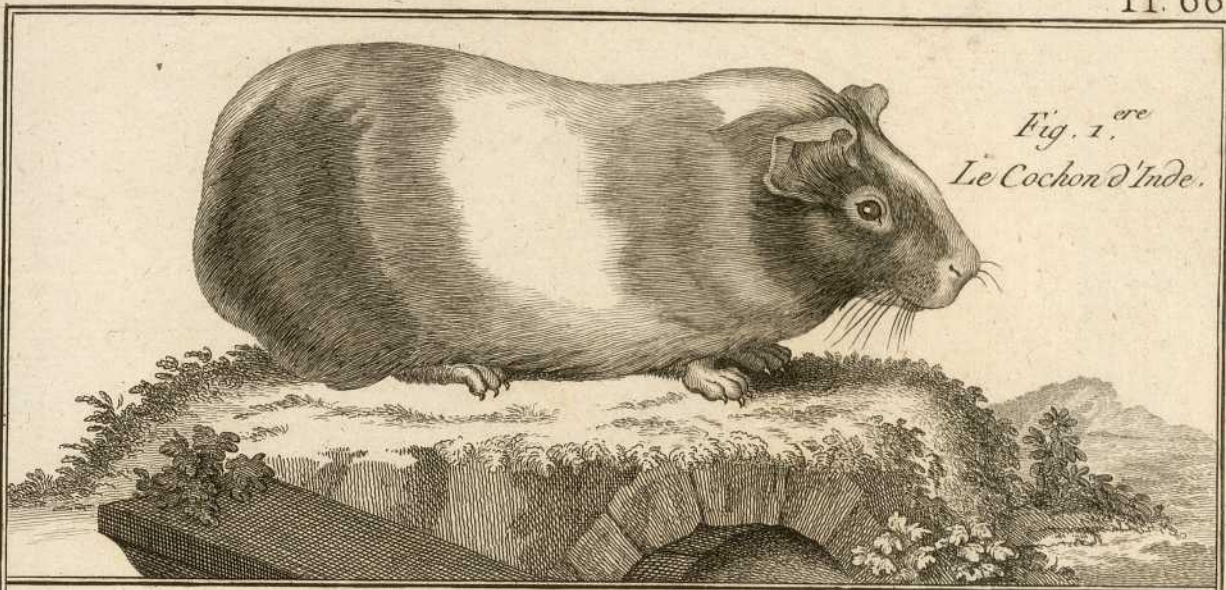


Fig. 1.^{re}
Le Cochon d'Inde.

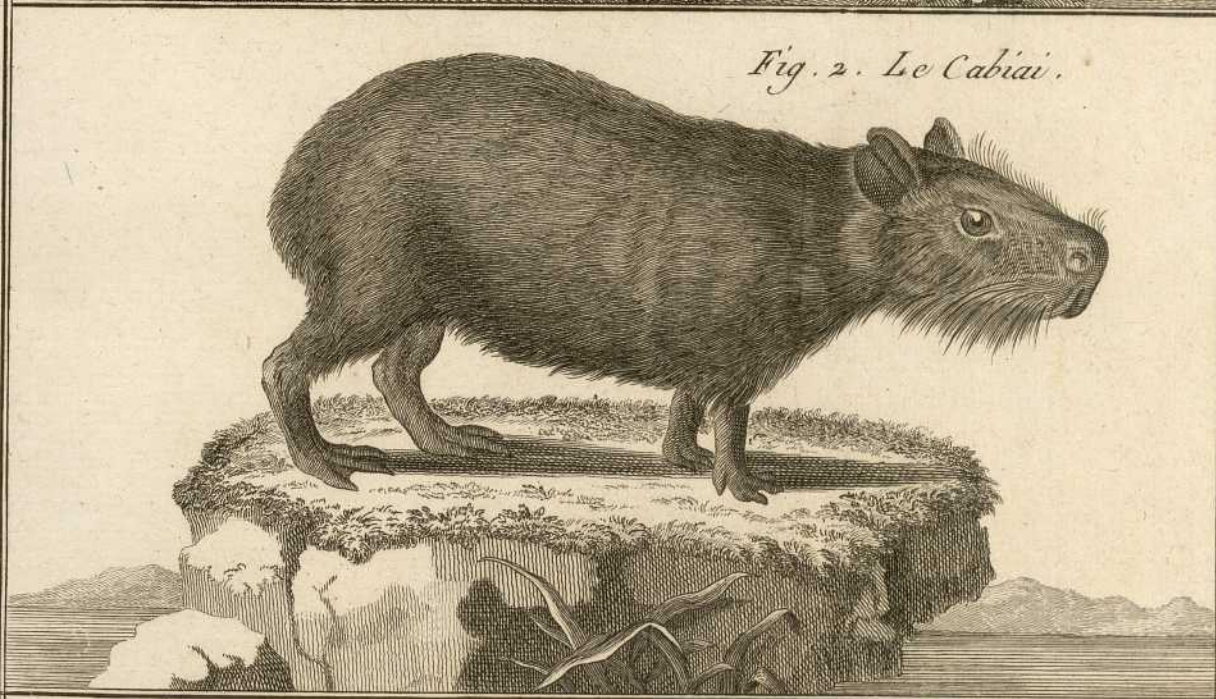


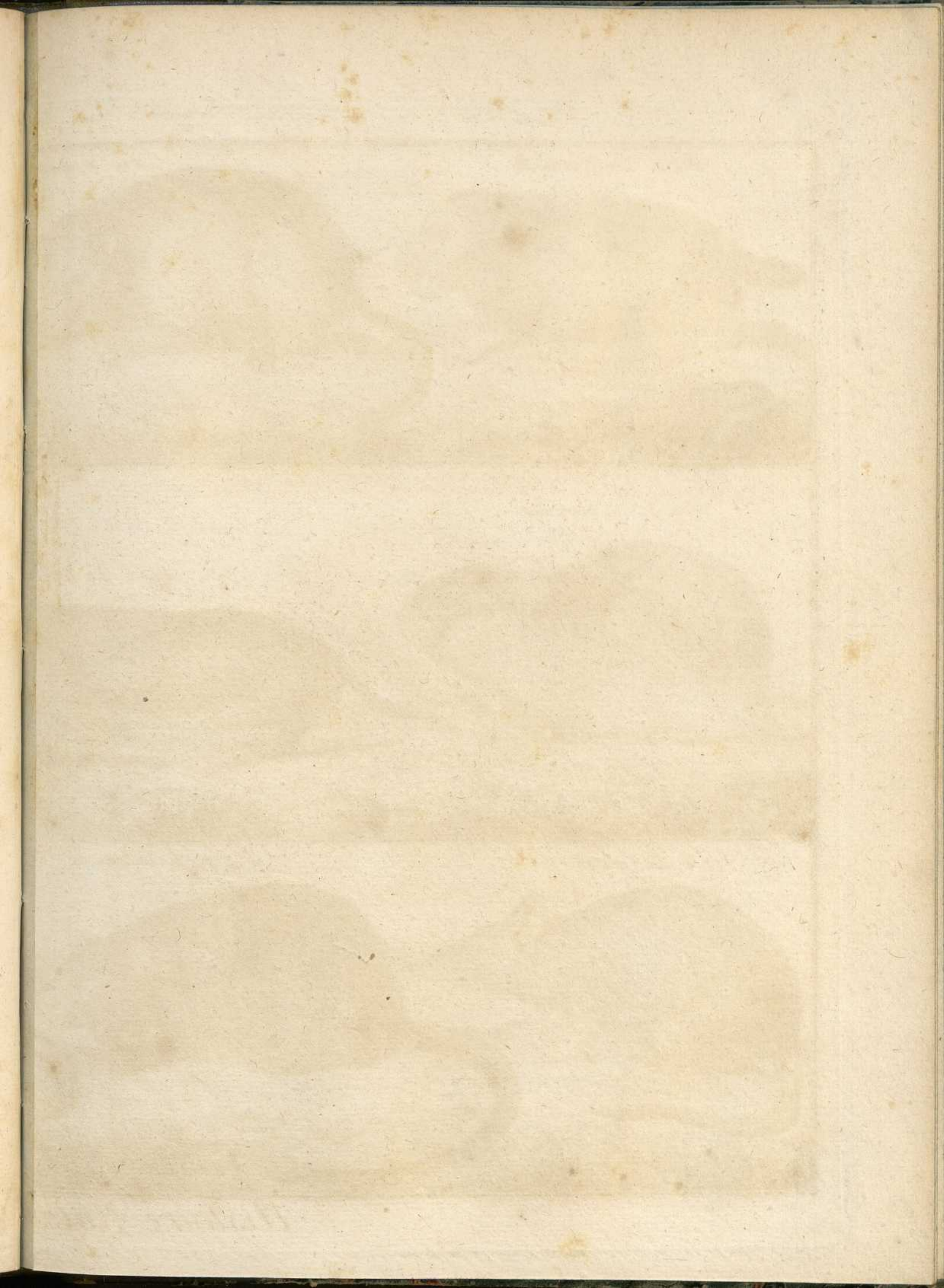
Fig. 2. Le Cabiai.



Fig. 3. L'Ashkoko.



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Mus musculus L. Fig. 1.^{re} La Souris.

Fig. 3. *Mus sylvaticus*.
Fig. 3. Le Mulot.

Mus vagus Sm
Fig. 2.
Le Rat vagabond.

Fig. 5. Le Rat des Bouleaux.

Fig. 6.
Le Rat Oriental.
Mus striatus L.



Fig. 4.
Le Rat à museau prolongé.
Mus sibiricus.

Fig. 7.
Petites Souris de
grandeur naturel.
Mus lineatus.
ou *M. pumilio* ?
Sm 7

Fig. 8. Le Rat des Rochers.
Arvicola saxatilis

Fig. 9. Le Rat d'eau.
Mus amphibius L.



Arvicola argentoratenis Buff.
Fig. 10. Le Scherman.

Arvicola allianus
Fig. 11. Le Rat de l'Al.?

Fig. 12. Le Rat fauve.
Arvicola fulvus Germ.

Mus anserinus Germ.
Fig. 13. Le Rat cendré.

Fig. 1. *Mus oeconomus* Pall.

Fig. 2. *Mus arvalis* L.

Fig. 3. *Mus socialis* Sm.

Fig. 4. *Mus microtus* Sm.

Fig. 5. *Mus torquatus* Pall.

Fig. 6. *Mus hudsonius* Pall.

Fig. 2. Le Campagnol.

Fig. 1.^{re} Le Rat Econome.

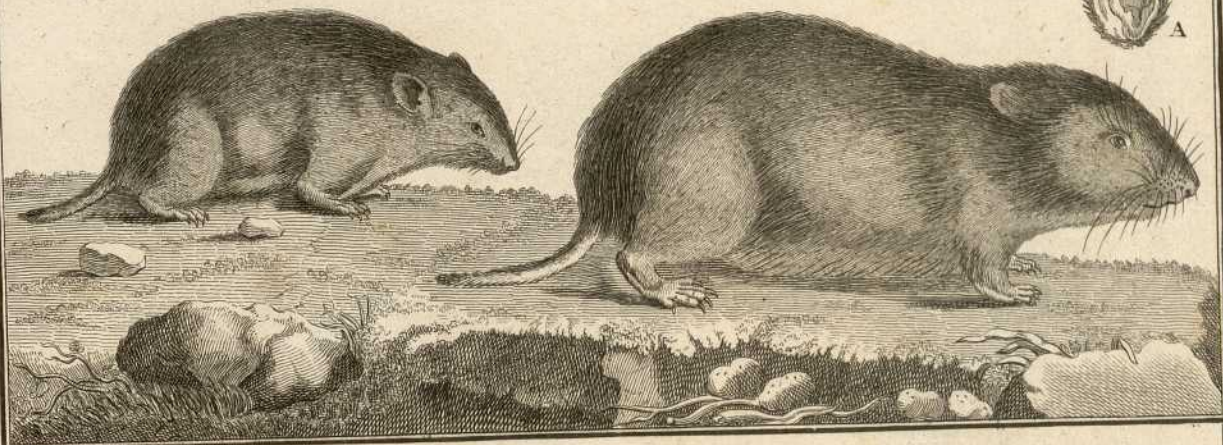


Fig. 3. Le Rat social.

Fig. 4. Le Rat à queue courte.

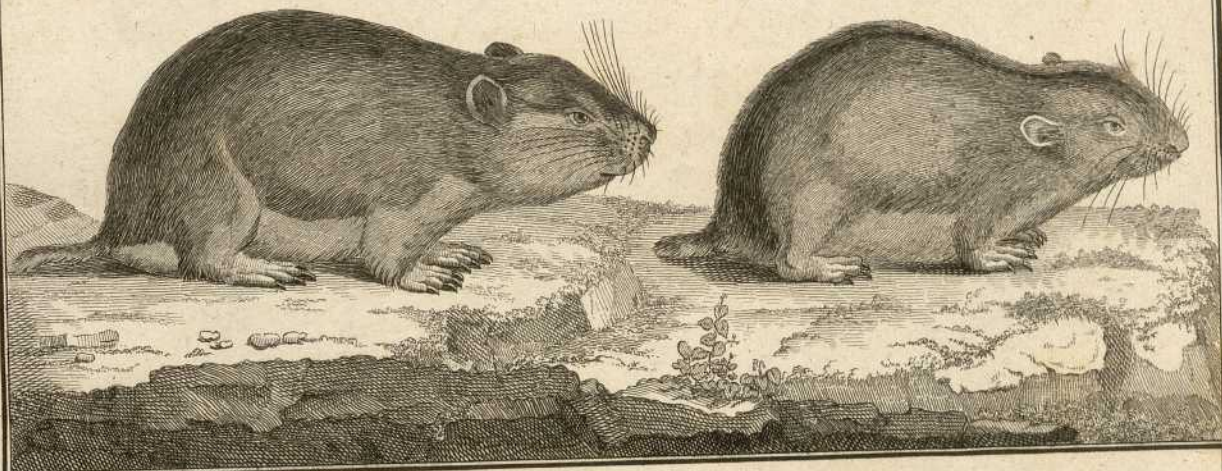
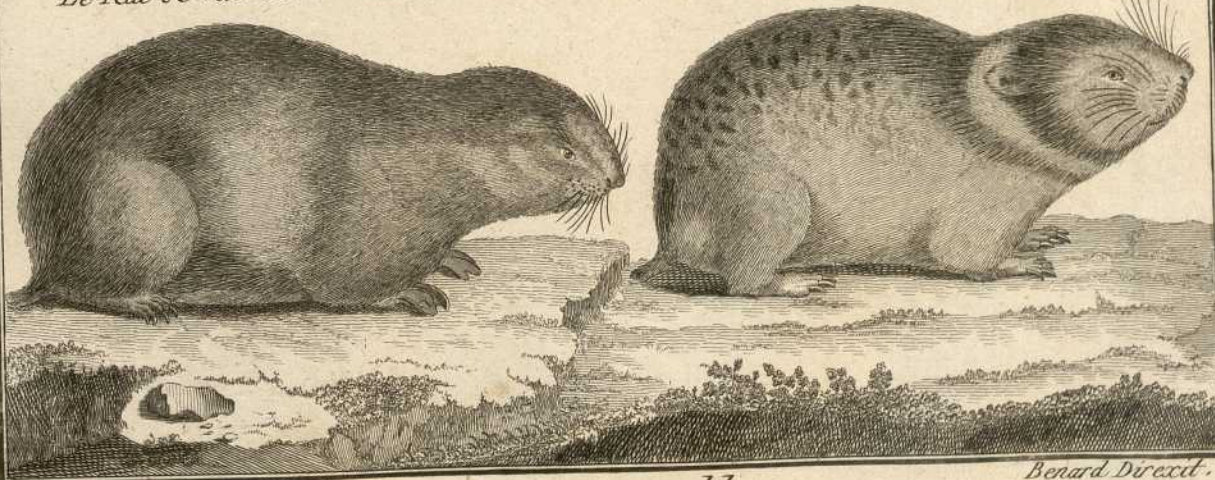


Fig. 6.
Le Rat de Labrador.



Fig. 5. Le Rat à collier blanc.



Benard. Direscit.

Fig. 1. *Mus perchal* Em.

Fig. 2

Fig. 3. *Mus siccus* Pall.

Fig. 4. *Arvicola albicaudatus* Germ.

Fig. 5

Fig. 6. *Mus pharus* Em.

Fig. 1. Le Rat Perchal.

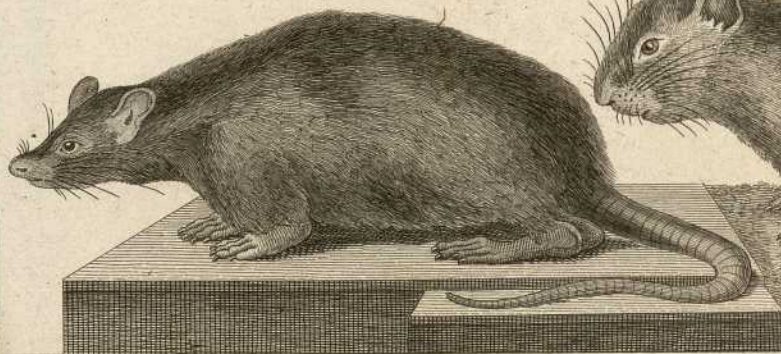


Fig. 2. Le Rat à oreilles découpées.

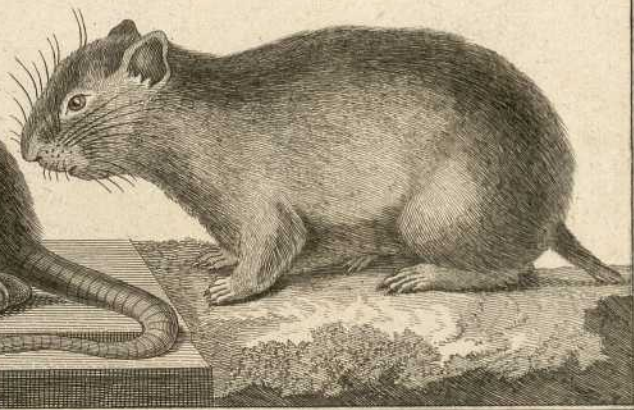


Fig. 3. Le Hamster.

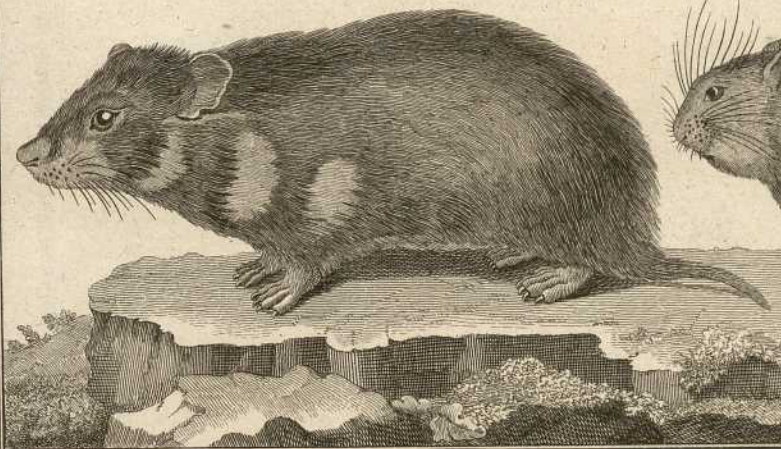


Fig. 6. Le Rat Habliz.



Fig. 4. Le Rat cendré
à queue blanche.



Fig. 5. Le Rat Kutgun.



Fig. 1. *Mus songarus* Pall.

Fig. 2. *Mus fortinensis* Pall.

Fig. 3. *Mus talpinus* Pall.

Fig. 4. *Mus capensis* Pall.

Fig. 5. *Mus maritimus* Schreb.

Fig. 6. *Mus capensis*. var. ?

Fig. 1.^{re} Le Rat Songar.



Fig. 2. Le Rat baraba.



Fig. 3. Petit Spalax.



Fig. 4. La Taupe du Cap.



Fig. 5. La grande Taupe du Cap.

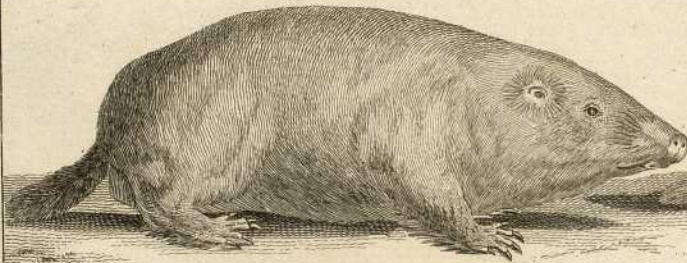


Fig. 6. La Taupe des Dunes.



Fig. 1^{re}. Le Zokor. *Georychus zokor* Germ.

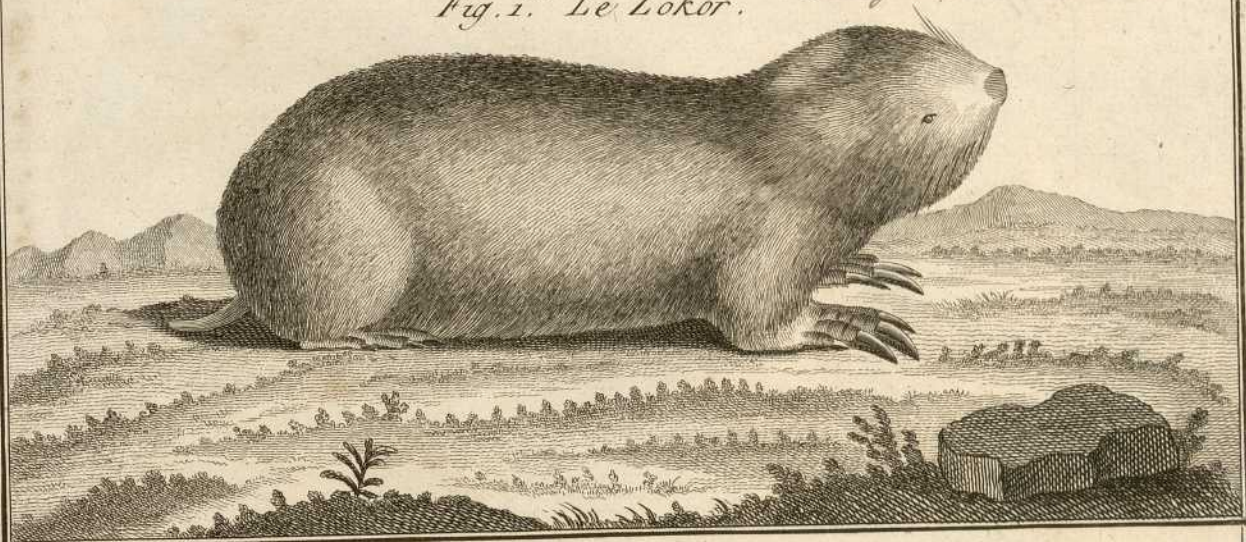


Fig. 2. Le grand Spalax. *Mus typhlus* Pall.



Fig. 3. Le Spalax vu en dessous.



Fig. 1. *Dypus jaculus* L.

Fig. 2. *Dypus sagitta* Schob.

Fig. 3. *Dypus cafer* Sm.

Fig. 4. *Mus longipes* Pall.
Sorbillus meridionalis Germ.

Fig. 5. *Sorbillus tamaricinus* Germ.

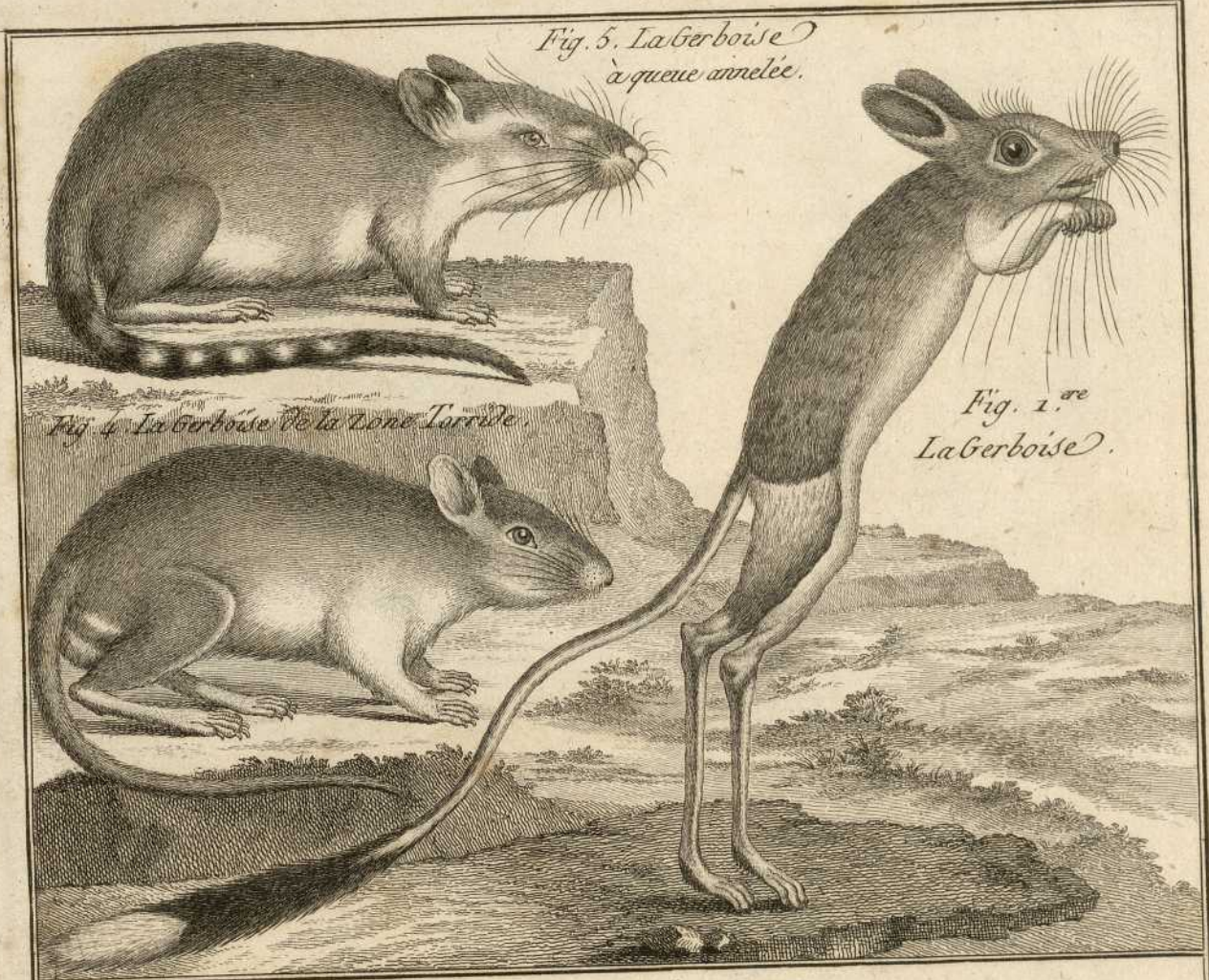


Fig. 5. La Gerboise à queue annelée.

Fig. 4. La Gerboise de la zone Torride.

Fig. 1.^{re} La Gerboise.

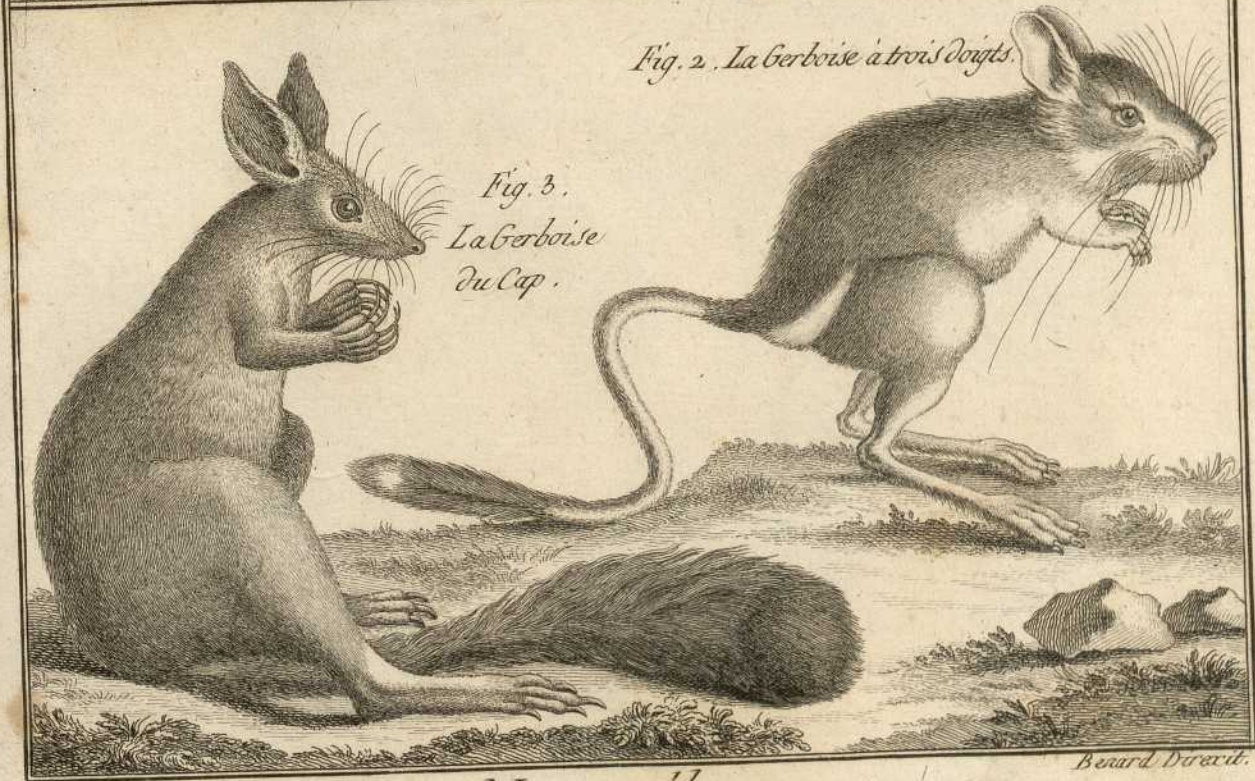


Fig. 2. La Gerboise à trois doigts.

Fig. 3. La Gerboise du Cap.

Beard Delavit.

Fig. 1. *Sciurus vulgaris*. L.

Fig. 2. *Sciurus niger* Erx.

Fig. 3. *Sciurus cinereus* L.

Fig. 4. *Sciurus vulgaris*. var. L.



Fig. 1. L'Écureuil.

Fig. 2.
L'Écureuil noir.



Fig. 3.
Le Petit Gris.

Fig. 4. Le Petit Gris de Sibirie.

Fig. 1. *Sciurus hudsonius* Forst.

Fig. 2. *Sciurus anomalus* Schreb.

Fig. 3. *Sciurus bicolor* Sparm.

Fig. 4. *Sciurus magnicaudatus* Say.

Fig. 1.^{re} L'Ecureuil
de la Baye d'Hudson.



Fig. 2.
L'Ecureuil Anomale.



Fig. 3.
L'Ecureuil
de Java.



Fig. 4.
L'Ecureuil
à longue queue.



Fig. 1. *Sciurus maximus* Gm.

Fig. 2. *Sciurus palmarum* L.

Fig. 3. *Sciurus getulus* L.

Fig. 4. *Sciurus striatus* L.



Fig. 1.
Le Grand Ecareuil de
la côte de Malabar.

Fig. 3.
Le Barbaresque.



Fig. 2. Le Palmiste.

Fig. 4. L'Ecareuil Suisse.

Fig. 6 *Pteromyx petaurista* Pall.

Fig. 5 *Sciurus volans* var. a. L.
Sciuropterus sibiricus Desm.

Fig. 4 *Sciuropterus volucella* Desm
Pteromyx id. Pall.

Fig. 3 *Sciurus variegatus* Em.

Fig. 2 *Sciurus pusillus* Geoff.

Fig. 1^a *Sciurus aestuans* Em

Fig. 5. L'Écureuil volant.



Fig. 6. Le Taguan.



Fig. 1. Le Grand Guerlinguet.



Fig. 3. Le Coquallin.



Fig. 2. Le Petit Guerlinguet.



Fig. 4. Le Polatouche.



Fig. 1 *Myoxus glis* Em.

Fig. 2 *Myoxus dryas* Schreb.

Fig. 3 *Myoxus nitela* Em.
Mus quevenus L.

Fig. 4 *Echimyx cristatus* Fern.

Fig. 5 *Myoxus muscardinus* Em.
Mus avellanarius L.

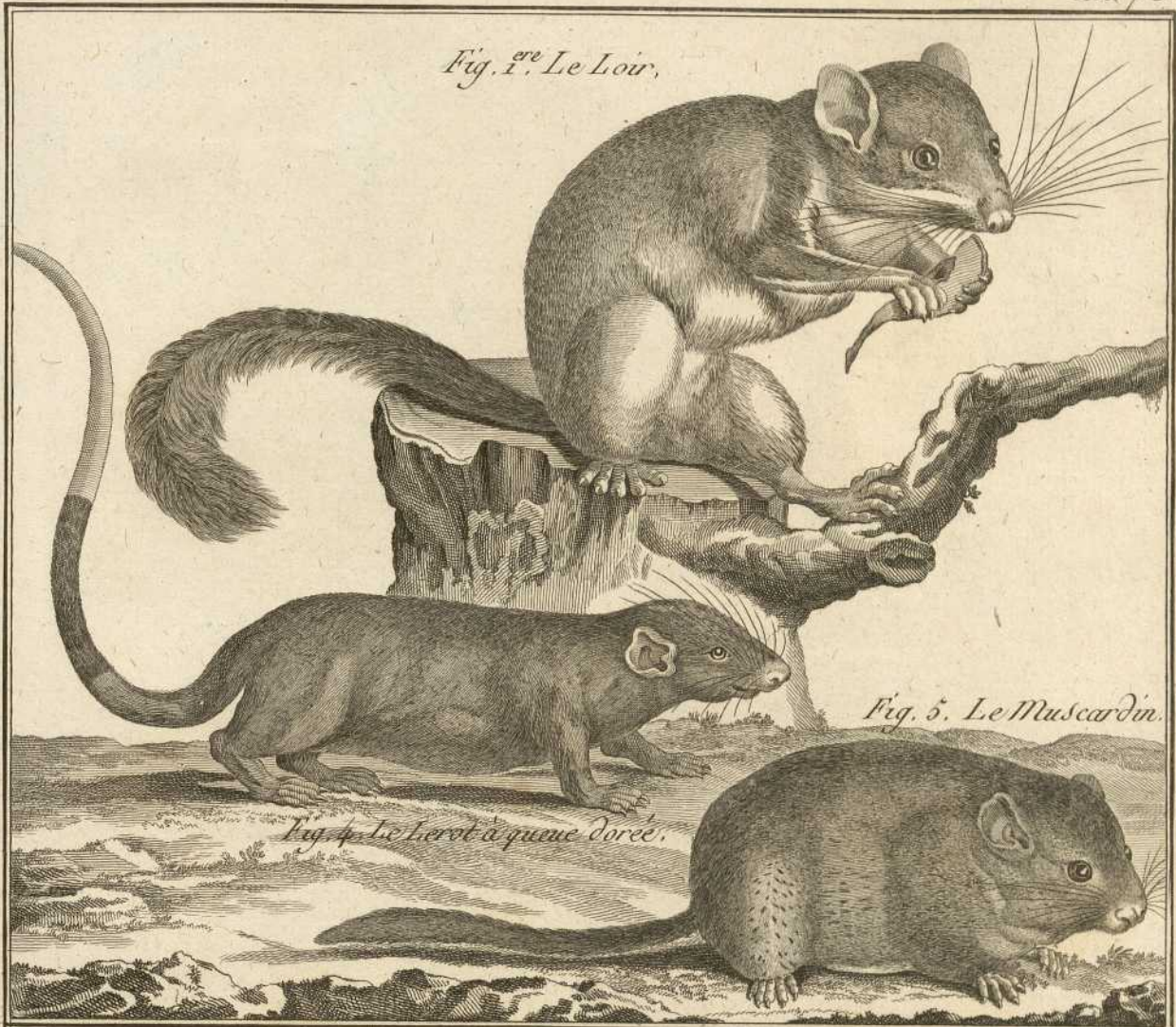


Fig. 1^{re}. Le Loir.

Fig. 5. Le Muscardin.

Fig. 4. Le Herot à queue dorée.

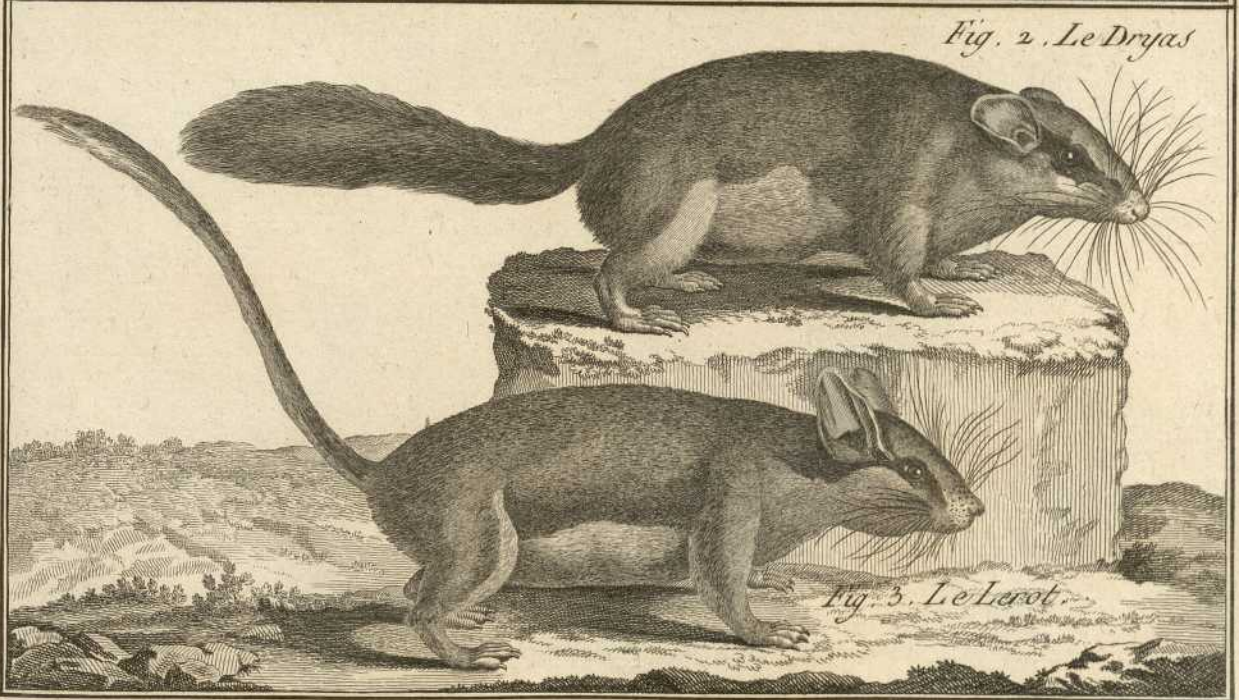


Fig. 2. Le Dryas

Fig. 3. Le Lerot.

Fig. 1 *Castor fiber* L.

Fig. 3 *Mustela lutris* L.

Fig. 4 *Mustela lutra* L.

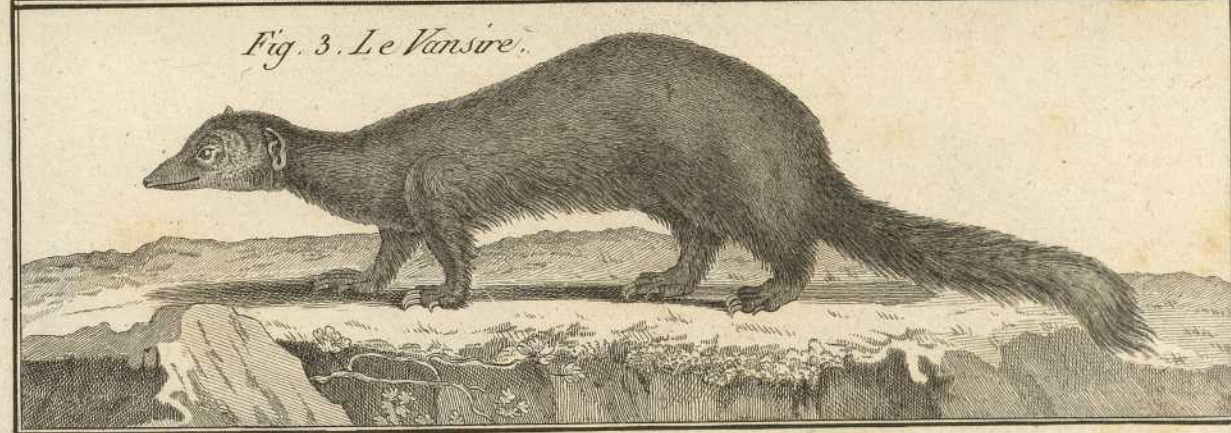
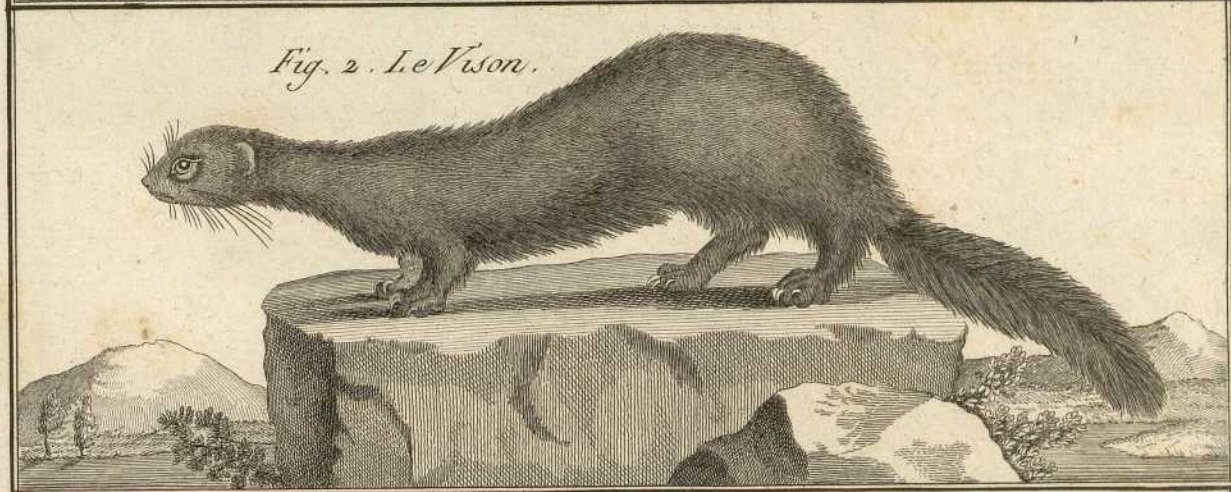
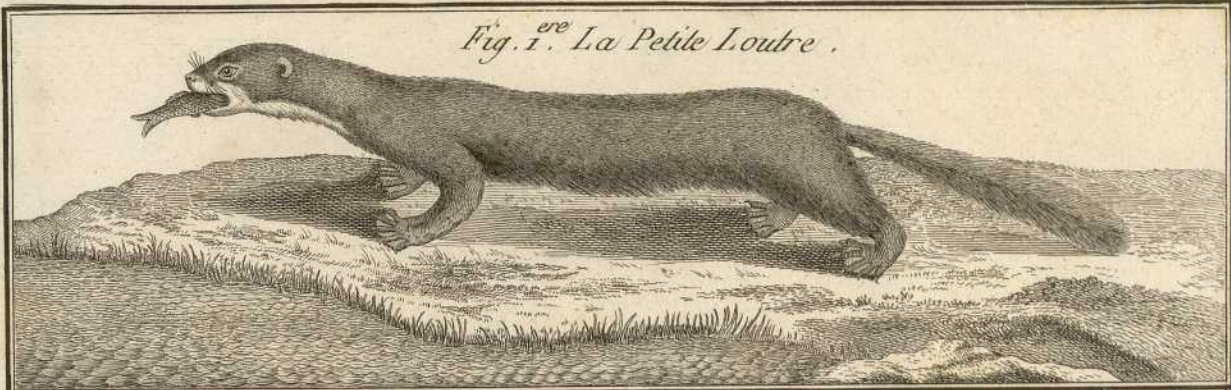


Fig. 1. *Mustela lutreola* L.

Fig. 2. *Mustela vison* Schreb.

Fig. 3. *Mustela galera* Erxlb.

Fig. 4. *Mustela canadensis* Sm.



819
Fig. 1. *Mustela foina* L

Fig. 2. *Mustela galera* Expl. var. ?

Fig. 3. *Mustela barbata* Em. ?

Fig. 4. *Mustela martes* L.

Fig. 1. ^{ere} La Fouine.



Fig. 2. La Petite Fouine de Madagascar.



Fig. 3. La Grande Marte de la Guayanne.



Fig. 4. La Marte.



Fig. 1. *Mustela zibellina* Pall.

Fig. 2. *Mustela putorius* L.

Fig. 3. *Mustela furo* L.

Fig. 4. *Mustela sarmatica* Pall.

Fig. 1. La Zibeline.



Fig. 2. Le Putois.



Fig. 3. Le Furet.



Fig. 4. Le Perouaska.



Fig. 1

Fig. 2 *Mustela herminea* L. var. ?

Fig. 3 *Mustela herminea* L.

Fig. 4 *Mustela nivalis* L.

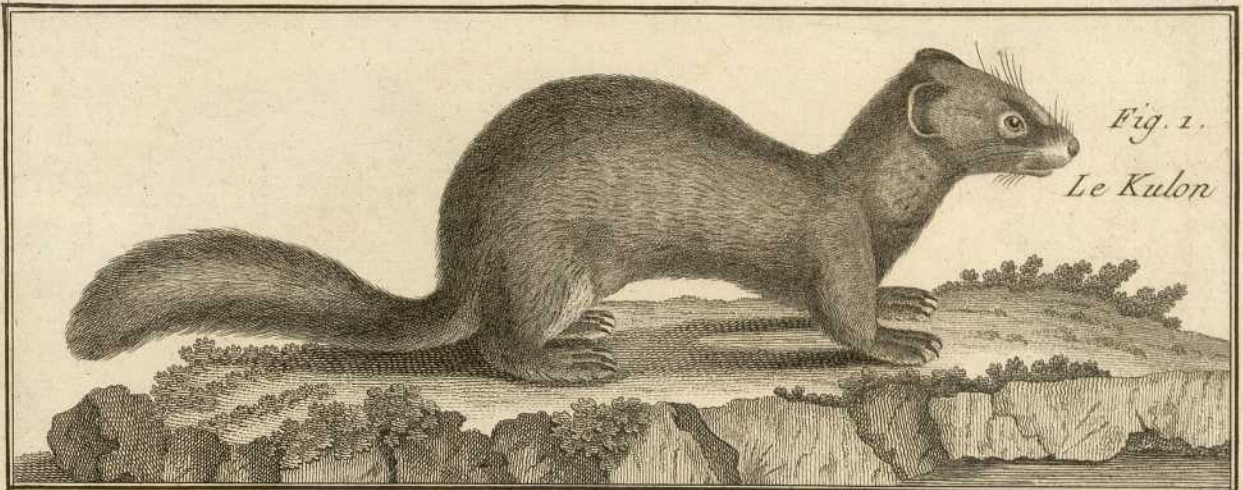


Fig. 1.
Le Kulon



Fig. 2. Le Rosolet.



Fig. 3. L'Hermine.

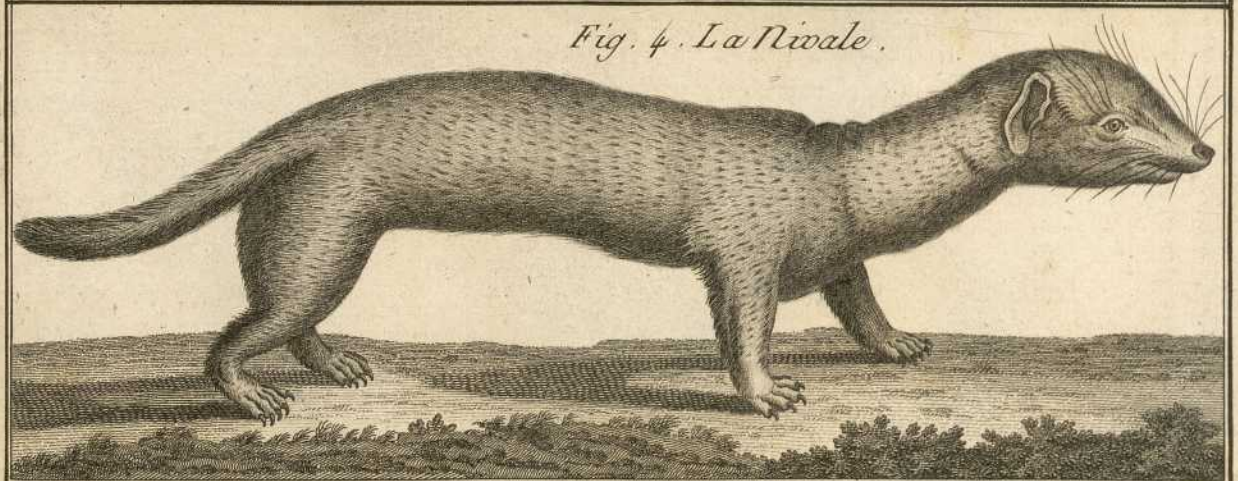


Fig. 4. La Nivale.

Fig. 1. *Mustela vulgaris* L.

Fig. 2

Fig. 3 *Viverra ichneumon* L.

Fig. 4 *Viverra zibetha* L.

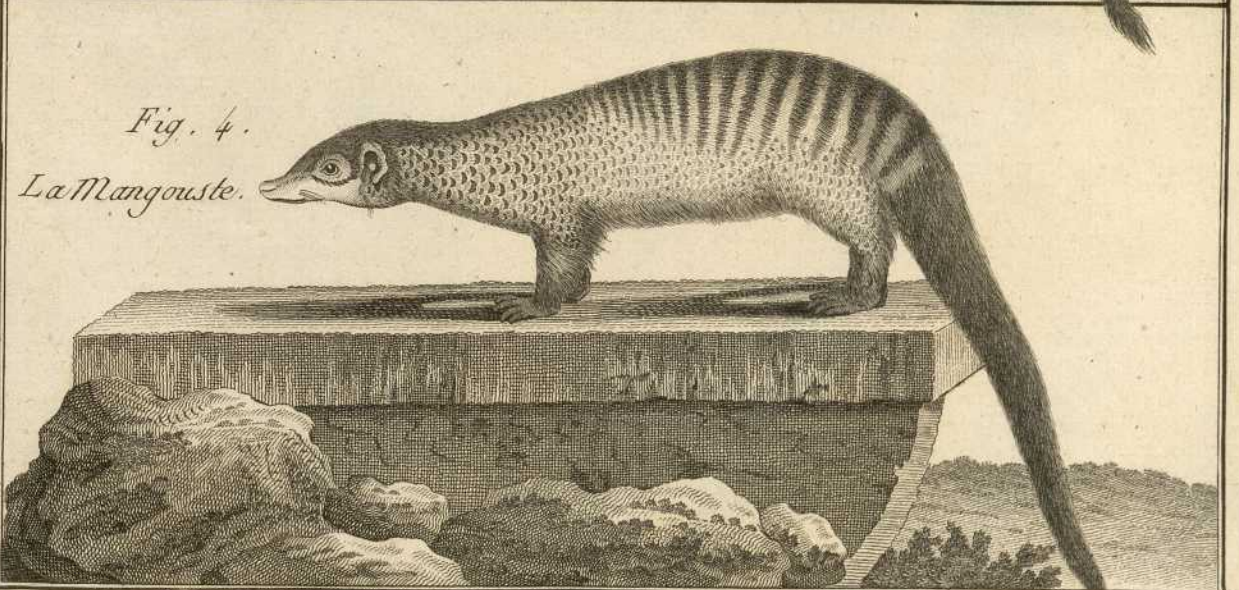
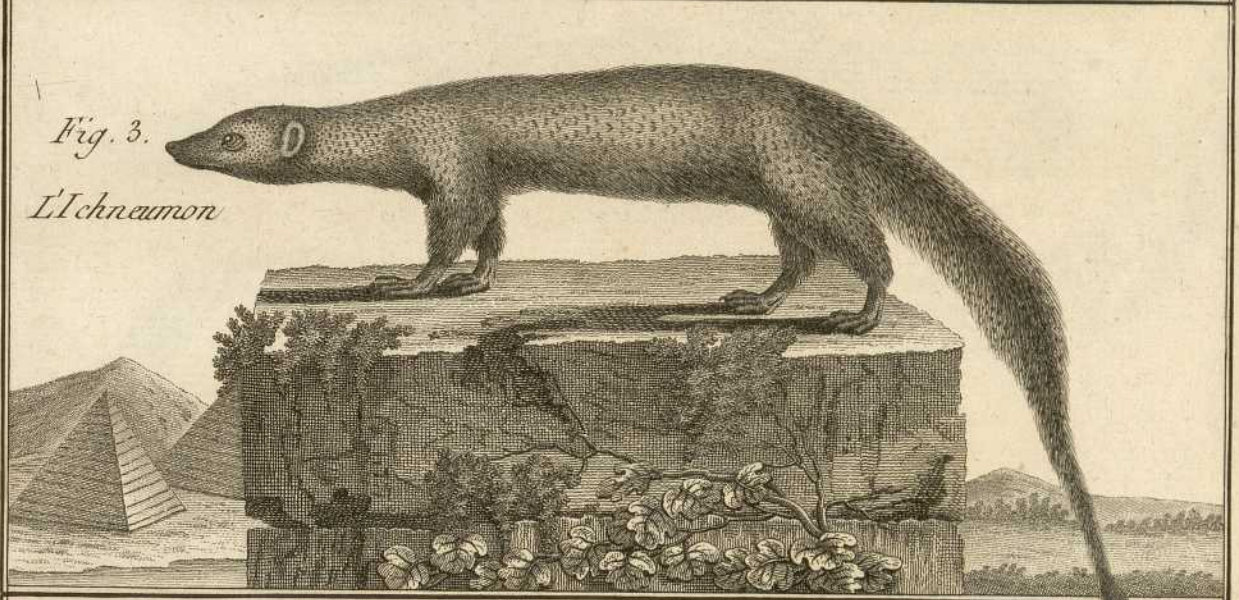


Fig. 4 *Viverra nasica* Schreb

Fig. 2 *Viverra tetradaactyla* Schreb.

Fig. 3 *Viverra nasua* L.

Fig. 1^a *Viverra zenik* Sm.

Fig. 4.

Le Coati brun.

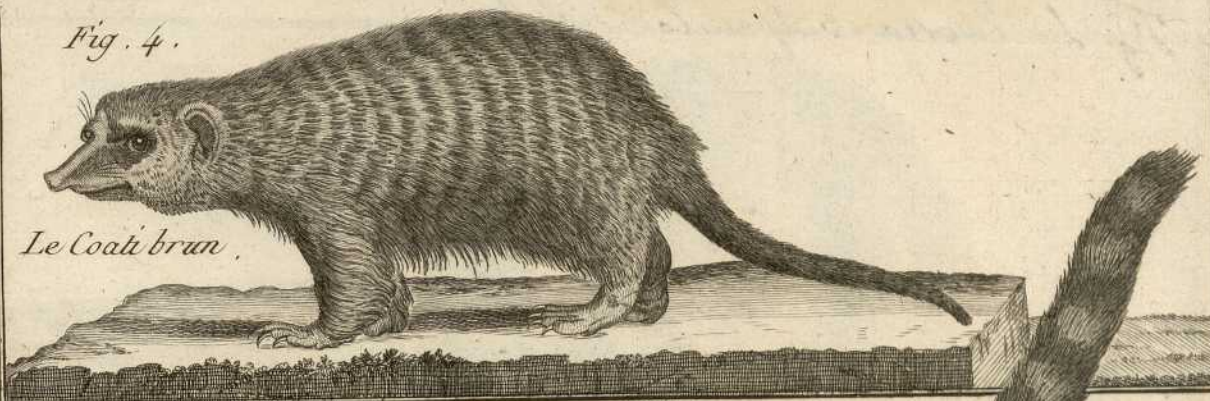


Fig. 3.

Le Coati.

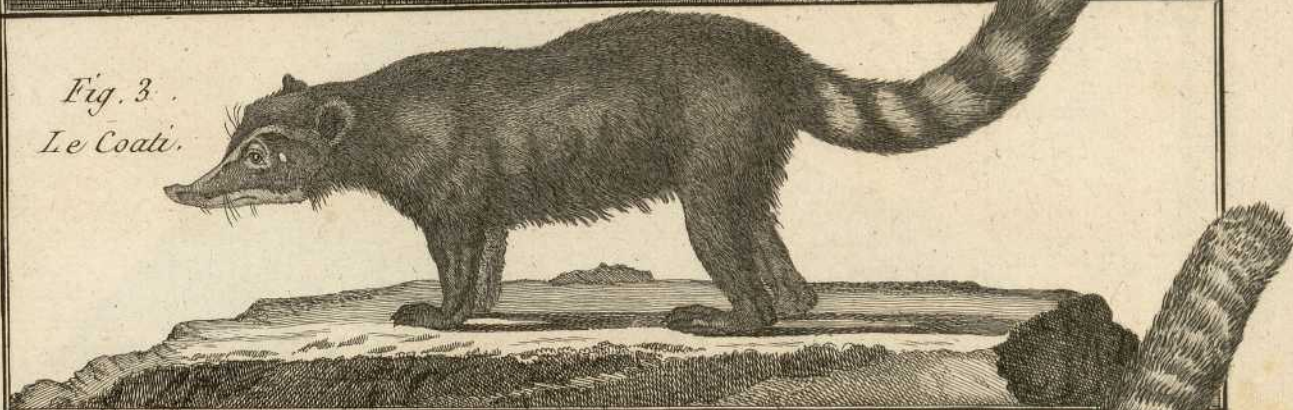


Fig. 2. *Le Suricate.*

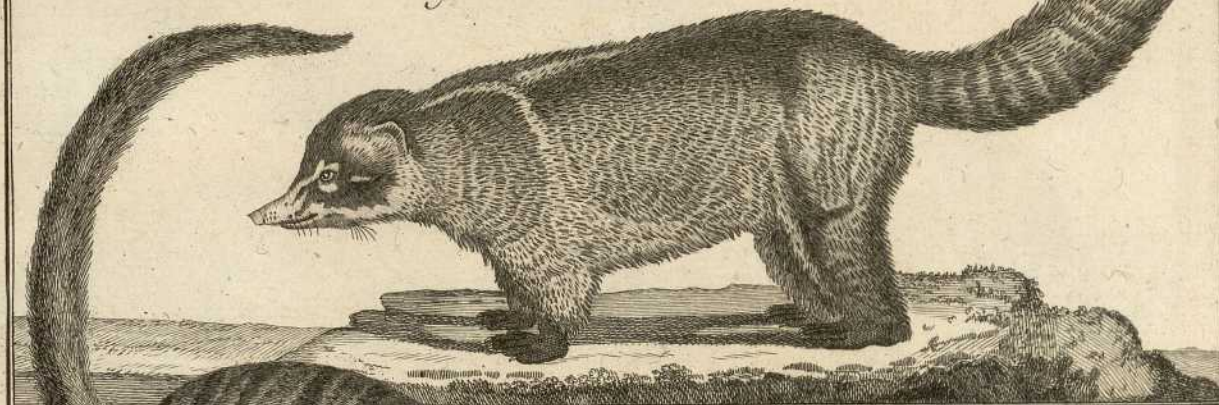


Fig. 1^{re}.

Le Ténik.



Fig. 1 *Viverra vulpencula* Schreb

Fig. 2 *Viverra zibethica* Schreb.

Fig. 3 *Viverra zibethica* Schreb.

Fig. 4 *Viverra zibethica* Schreb.

*Fig. 1^{re}.
Le Coase.*

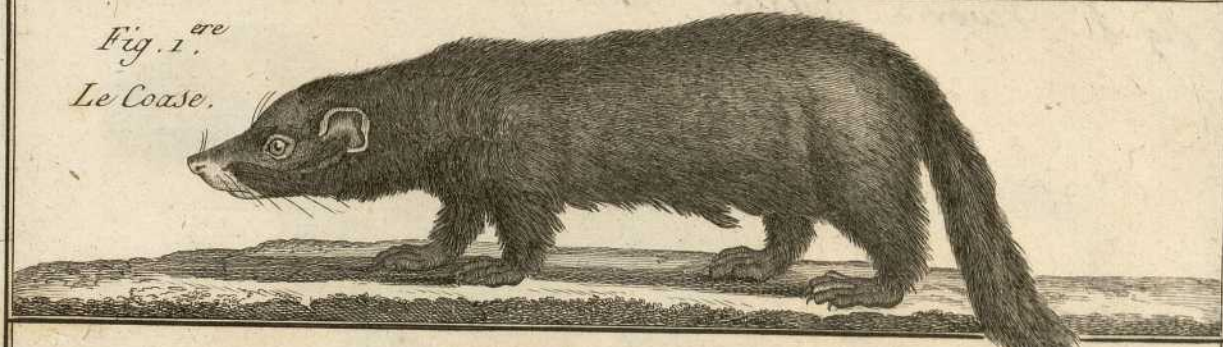


Fig. 3. Le Chinche.

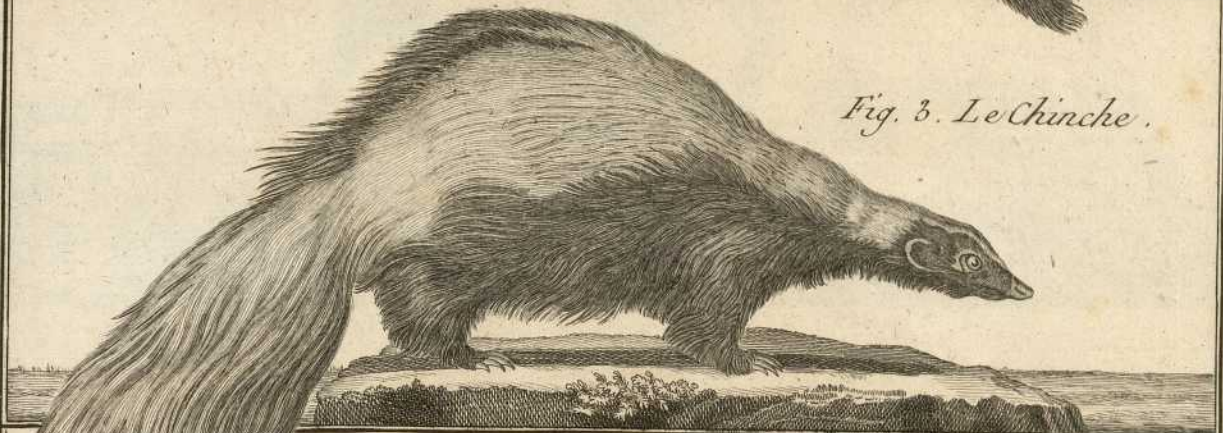


Fig. 4. Le Zorilla.



Fig. 2. Le Conepate.



Fig. 1 *Viverra vittata* Schreb.

Fig. 2 *Viverra zibetha* Exl.

Fig. 3 *Viverra zibetha* L

Fig. 1.^{re} Le Grison.

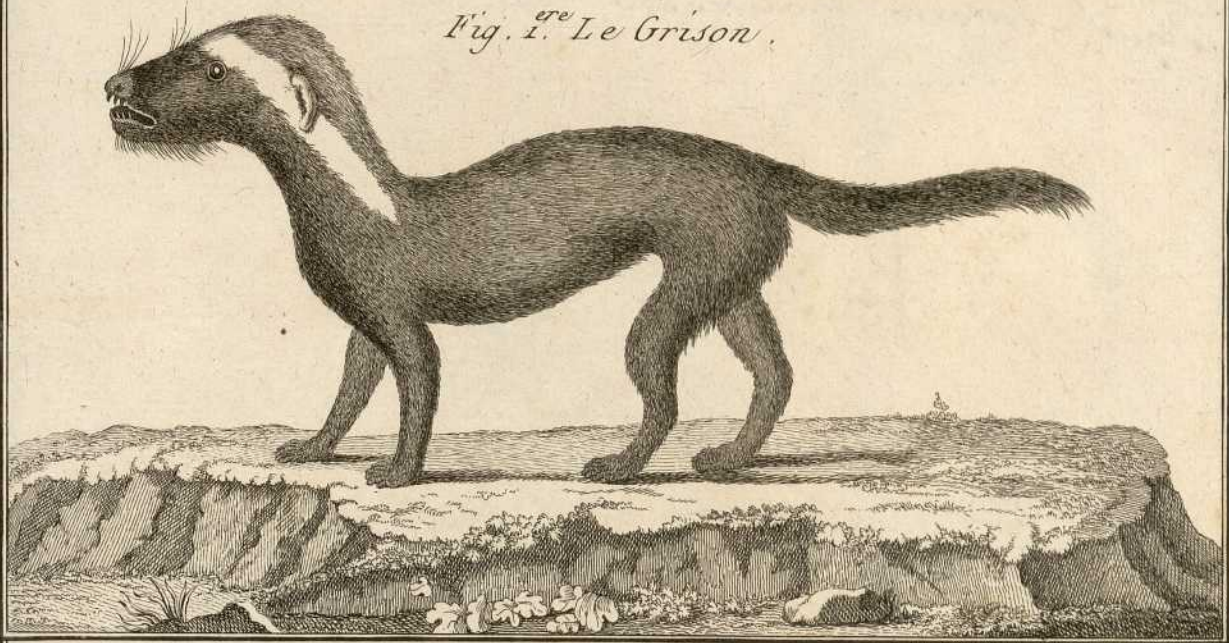


Fig. 2. Le Fizzler.



Fig. 3. La Civette.

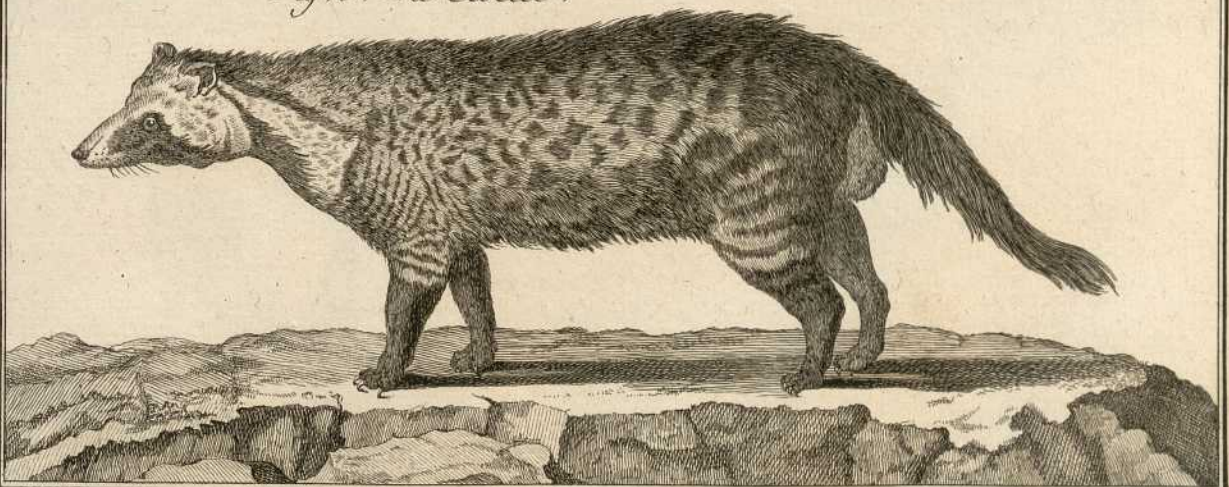


Fig. 1 *Viverra malaccensis* Sm.

Fig. 2 *Viverra zibetta* L.

Fig. 3 *Viverra zibetta* L.

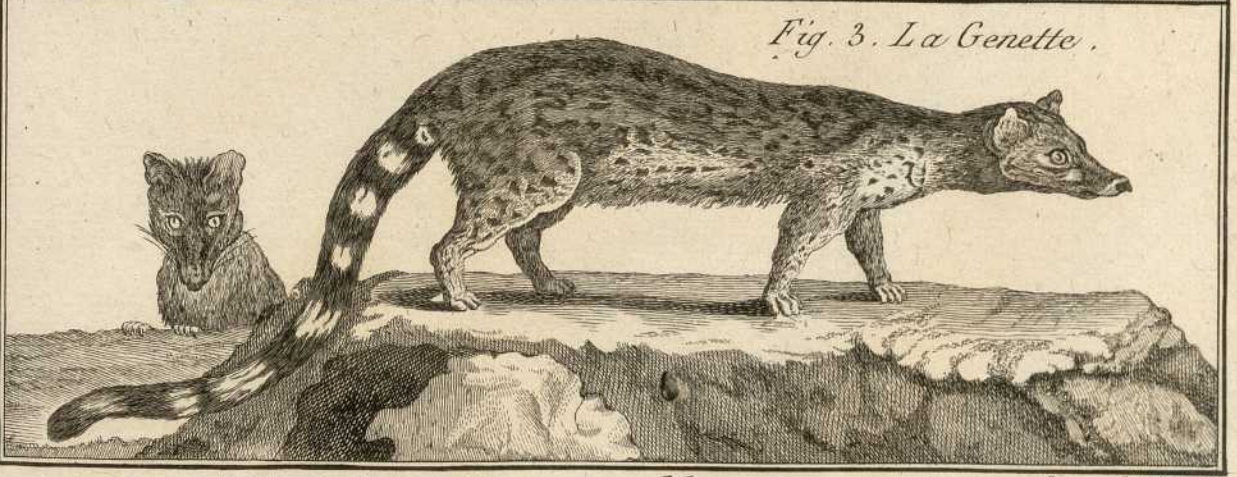
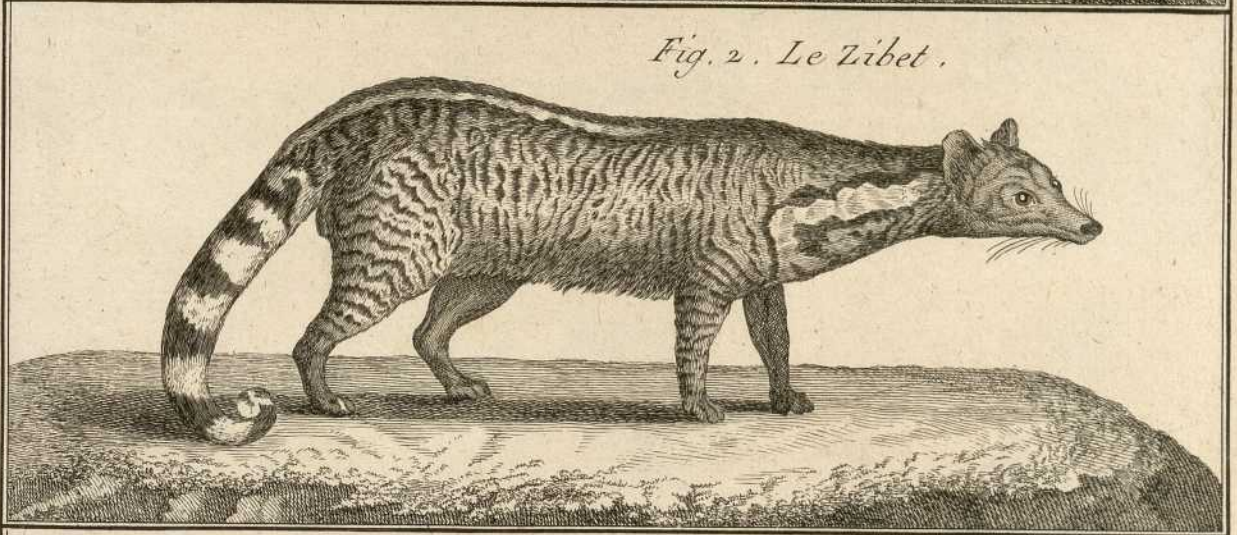


Fig. 1 *Viverra genetta* L. et Cav.

Fig. 2 *Viverra zibetha* Erp.

Fig. 3 *Viverra tigrina* Schreb.

Fig. 4 *Lemmus sibiricus* Sm. ?

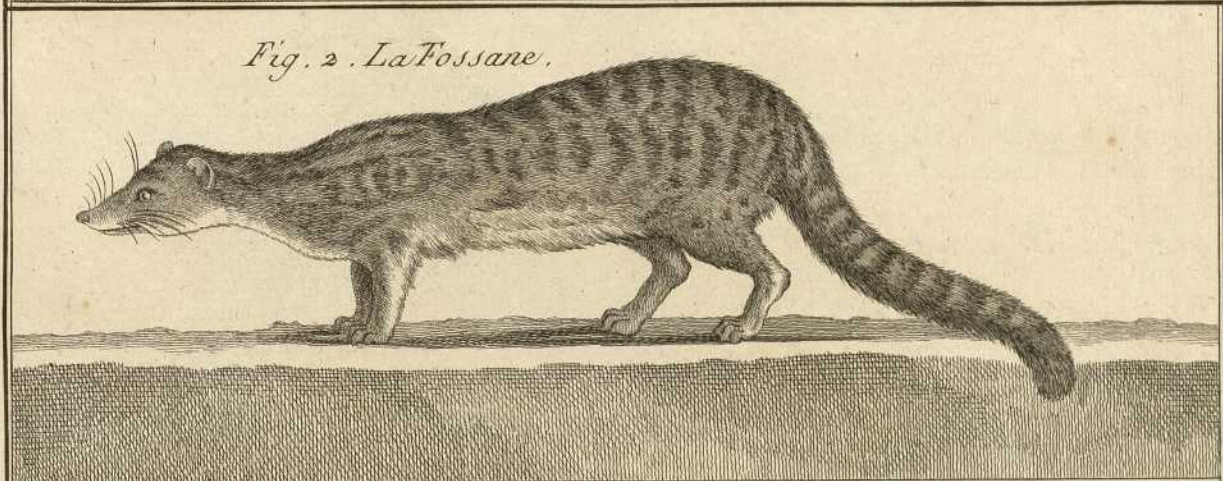
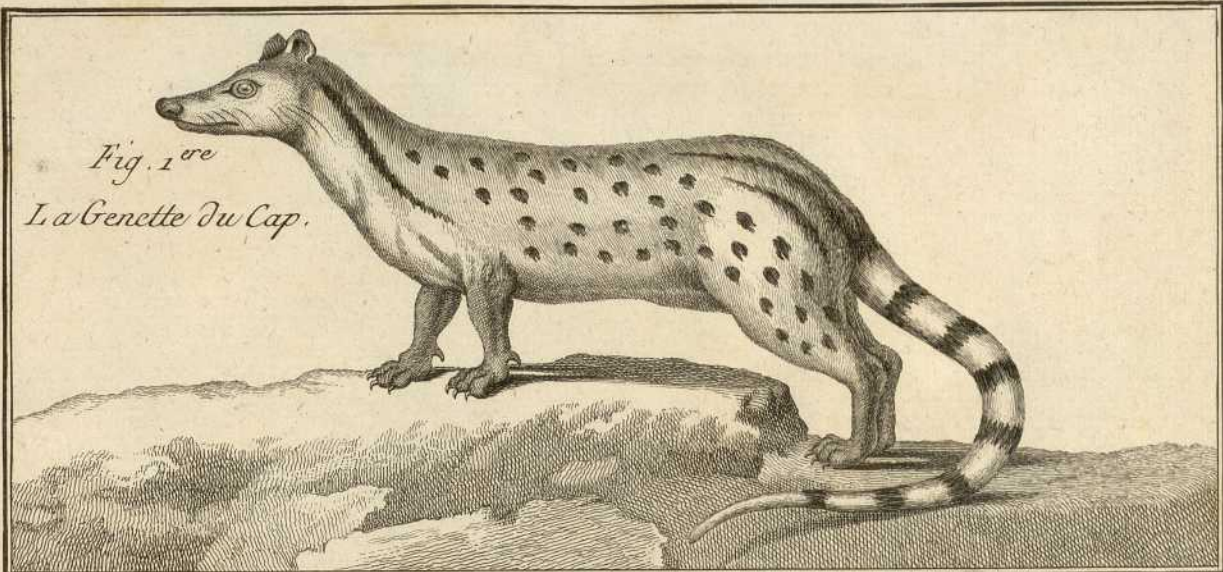


Fig. 1^a *Nivora mellivora* L.

Fig. 2 *Putorius striatus* Luv.

Fig. 3 *Mephitis chilensis* Geoff.

Fig. 4 *Felis leo* L.

Fig. 1.^{re}
Le Ratel.



Fig. 3.
La Moufflette
du Chili.

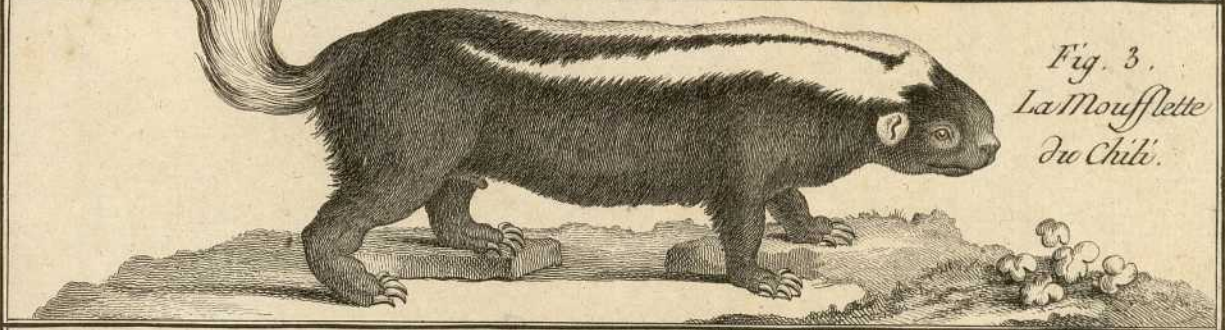


Fig. 2.
Le Putois rayé.

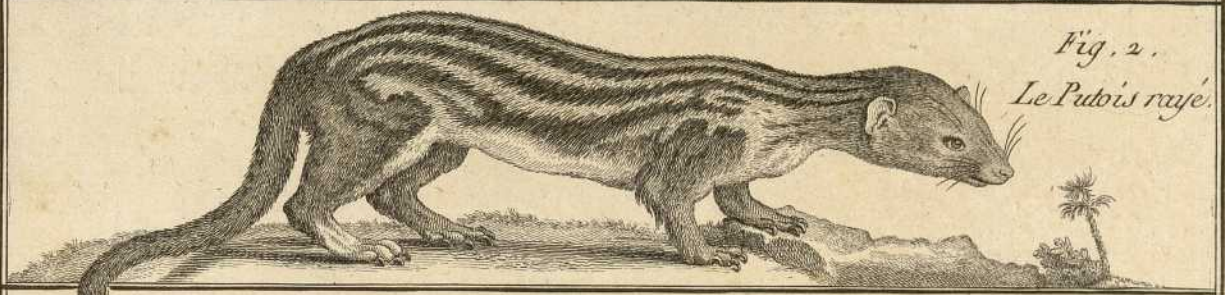


Fig. 4. Le Lion.



Fig 2 Felis tigris L. Buff

Fig. 1. Felis leo (form.) L.

Fig. 2. Le Tigre.



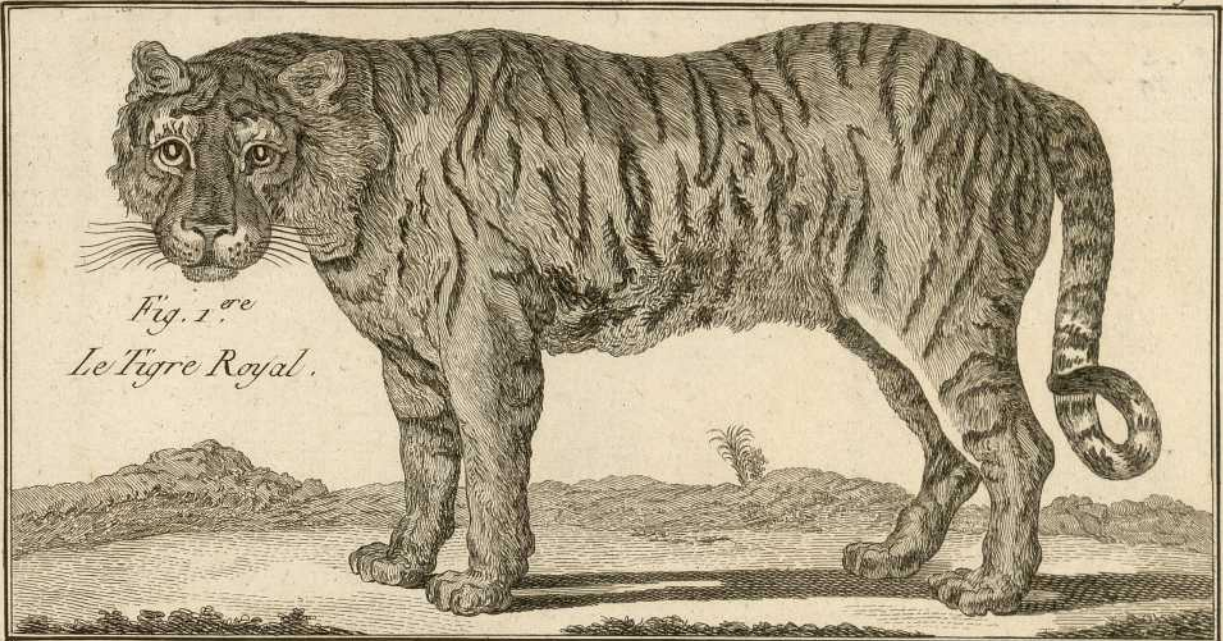
*Fig. 1.^{re} La Lionne
et les Lionceaux.*



Fig. 1. *Felis tigris*. L.

Fig. 2. *Felis pardus* L.

Fig. 3. *Felis onca* L.



*Fig. 1^{re}
Le Tigre Royal.*

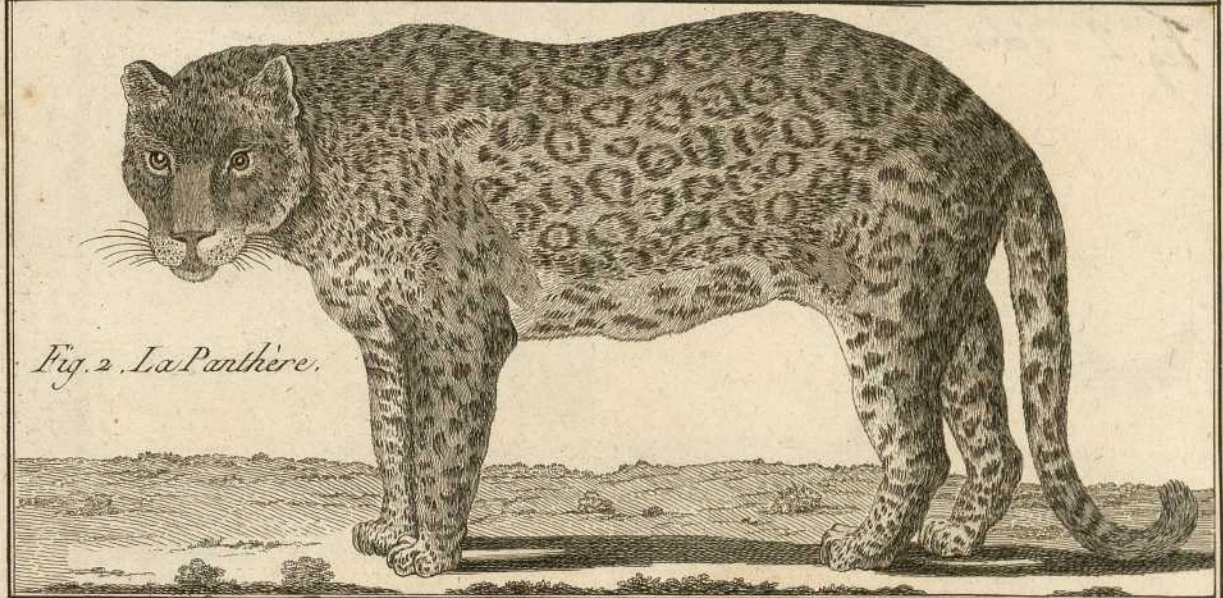


Fig. 2. La Panthere.

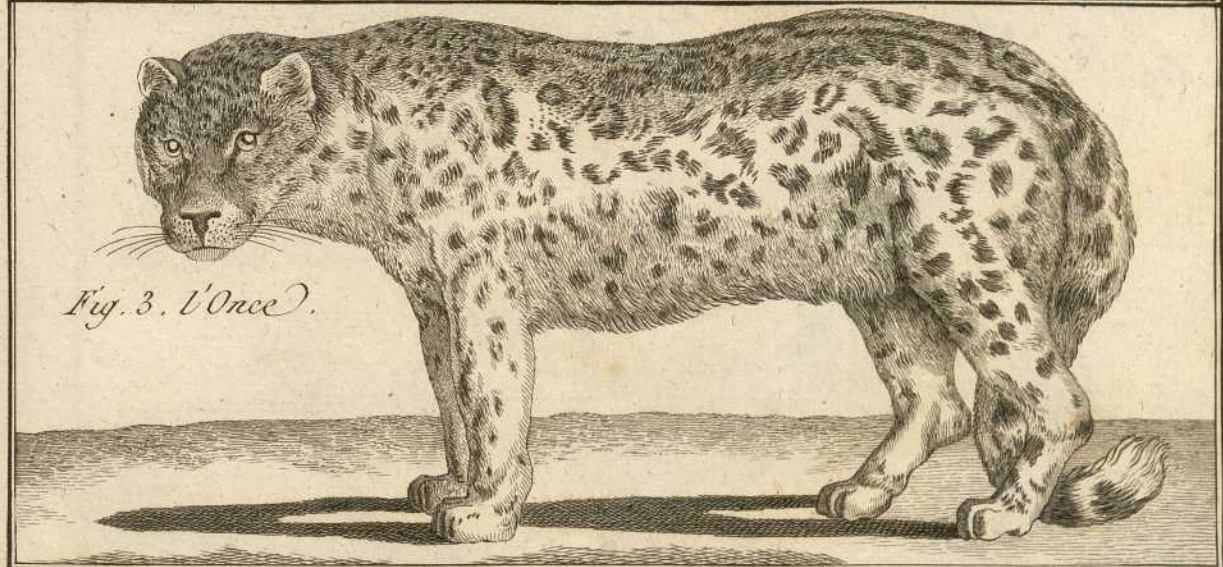


Fig. 3. L'Once.

Fig. 1. *Felis leopardus* L.

Fig. 2. *Felis pardalis* L.

Fig. 3. *Felis jubata* Schreb.

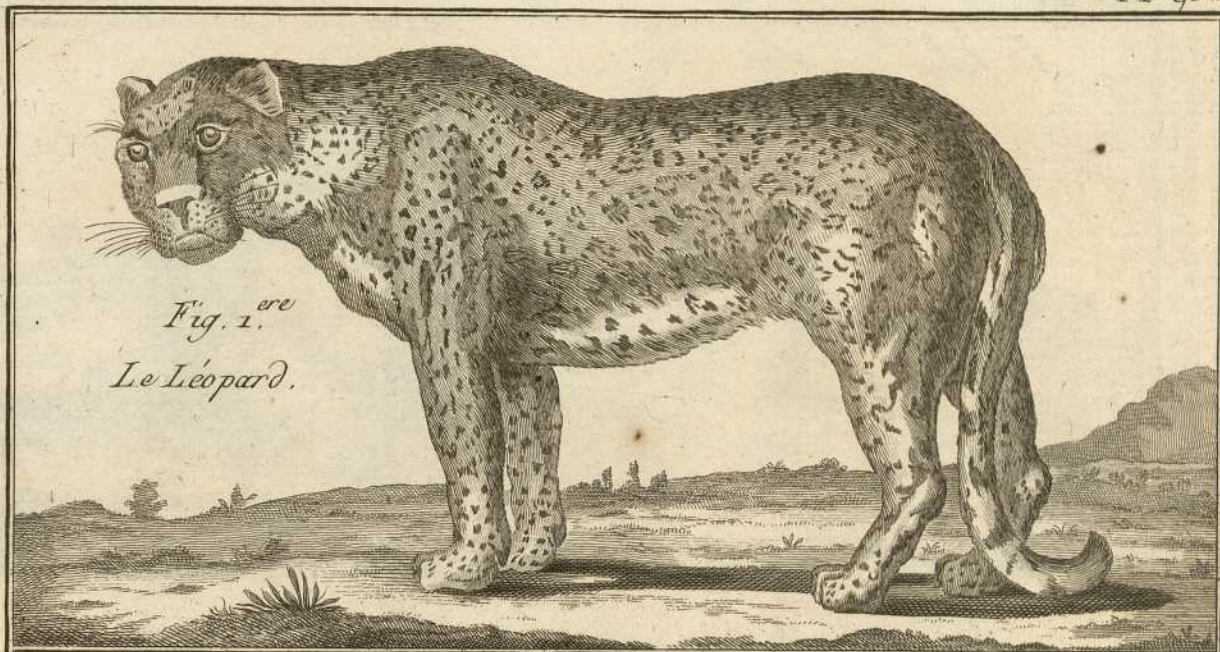


Fig. 1.^{re}
Le Léopard.

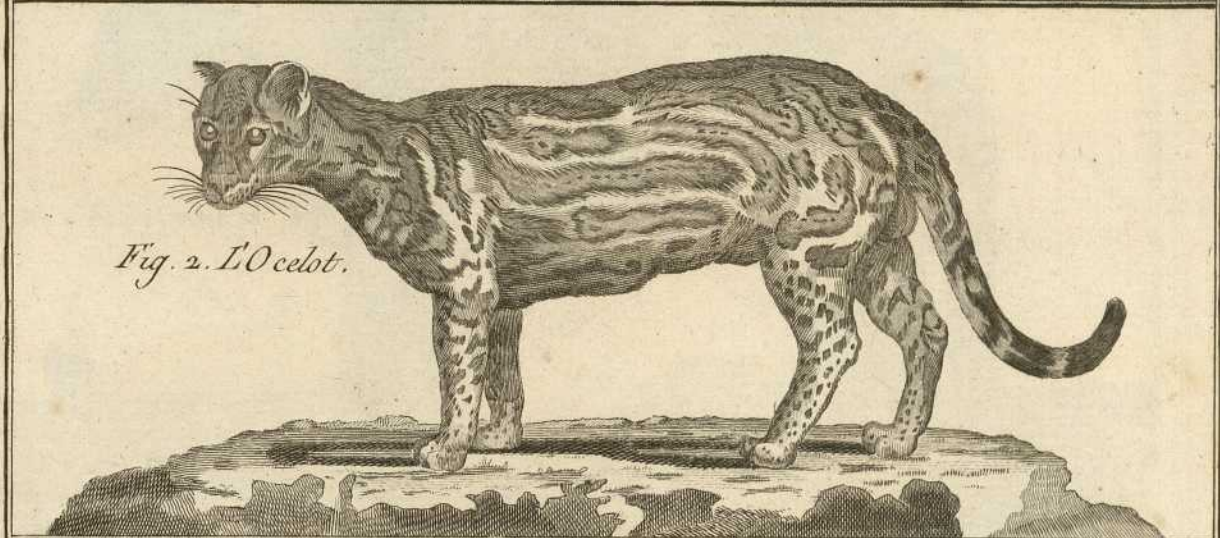


Fig. 2. L'Ocelot.

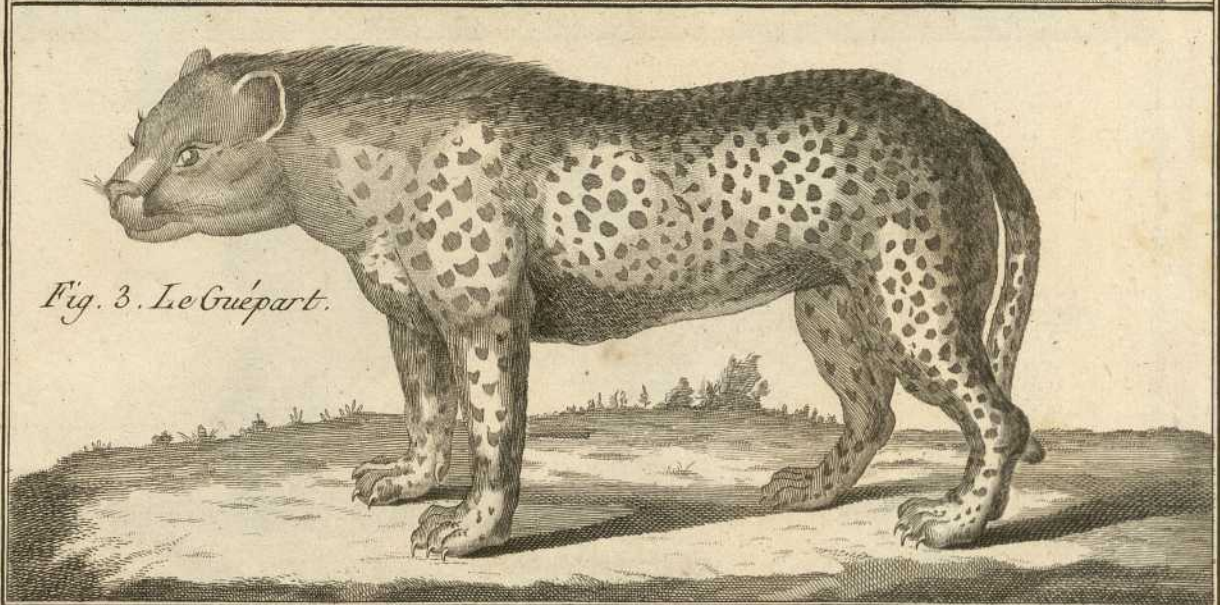


Fig. 3. Le Guépard.

Fig. 1. *Felis concolor* Sm.

Fig. 2. *Felis discolor* L.

Fig. 3. *Felis tigrina*



Fig. 1.^{ere} Le Jaguaute.

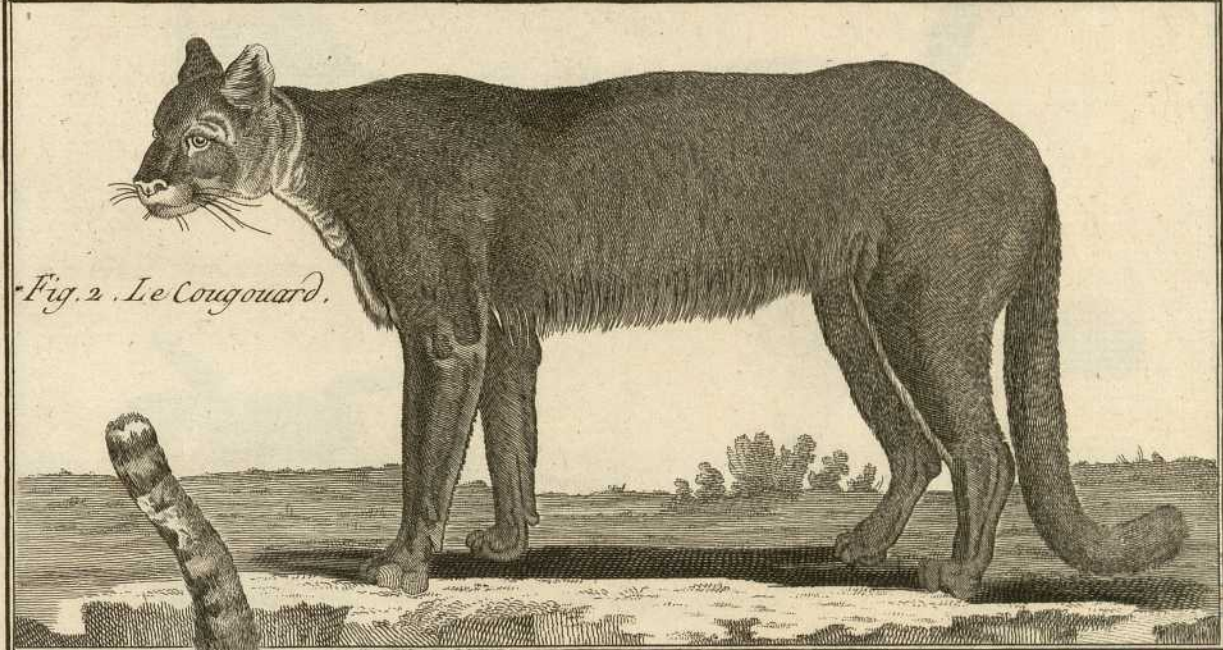


Fig. 2. Le Cougouard.

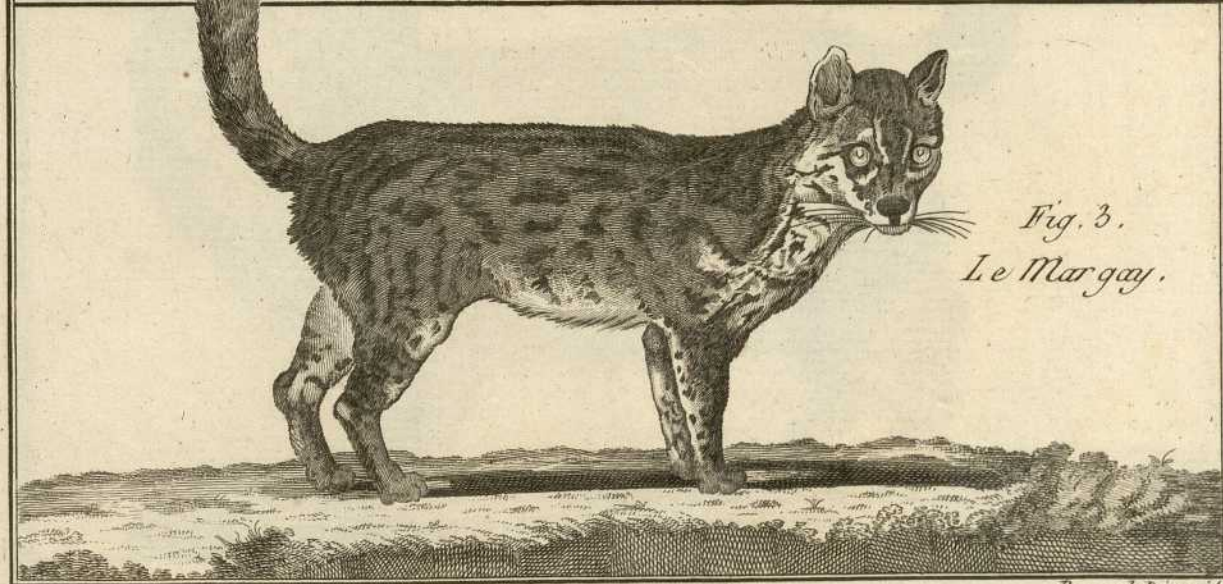


Fig. 3.
Le Margay.

Fig. 1. *Felis catus* L a fetus.

Fig. 2. *Felis catus domesticus* L

Fig. 3. *Felis catus angotensis* L

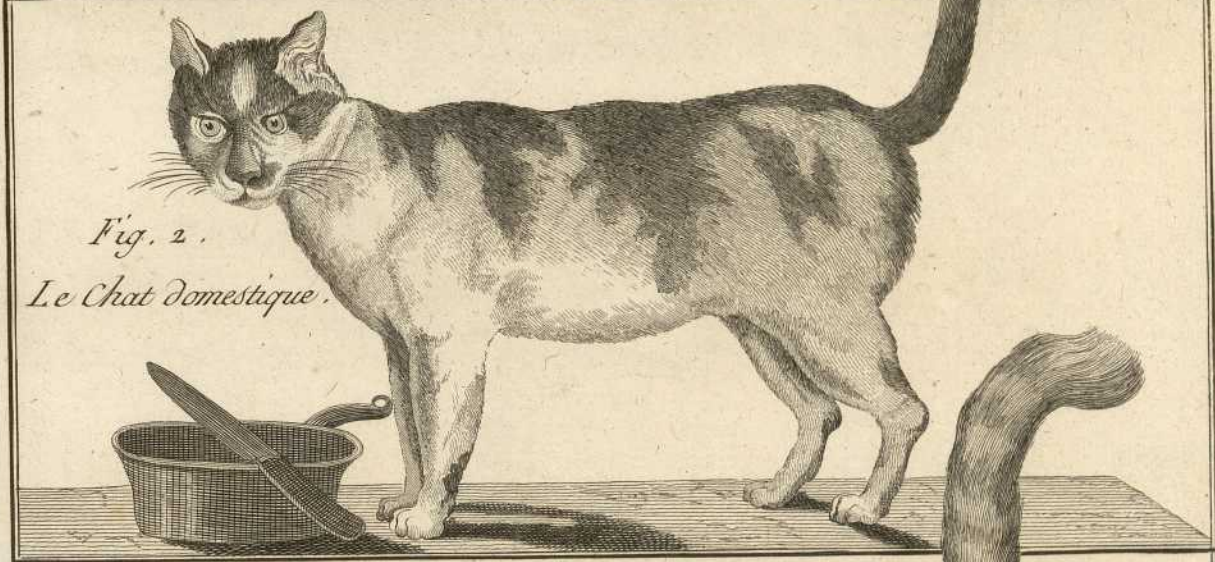


Fig. 1. *Felis serval* L

Fig. 1. *Felis catus hispanicus* L

Fig. 2. *Felis catus caeruleus* Sm

Fig. 3. *Felis catus brunneus*.

Fig. 4.
Le Serval.

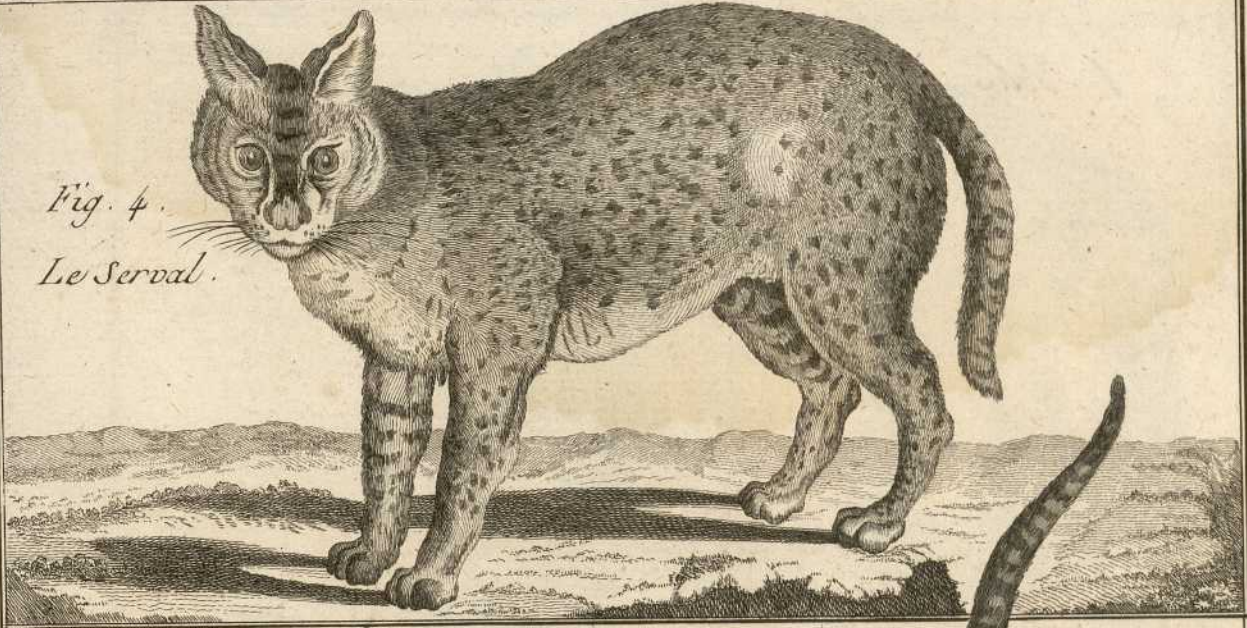


Fig. 1.^{ere}
Le Chat d'Espagne.

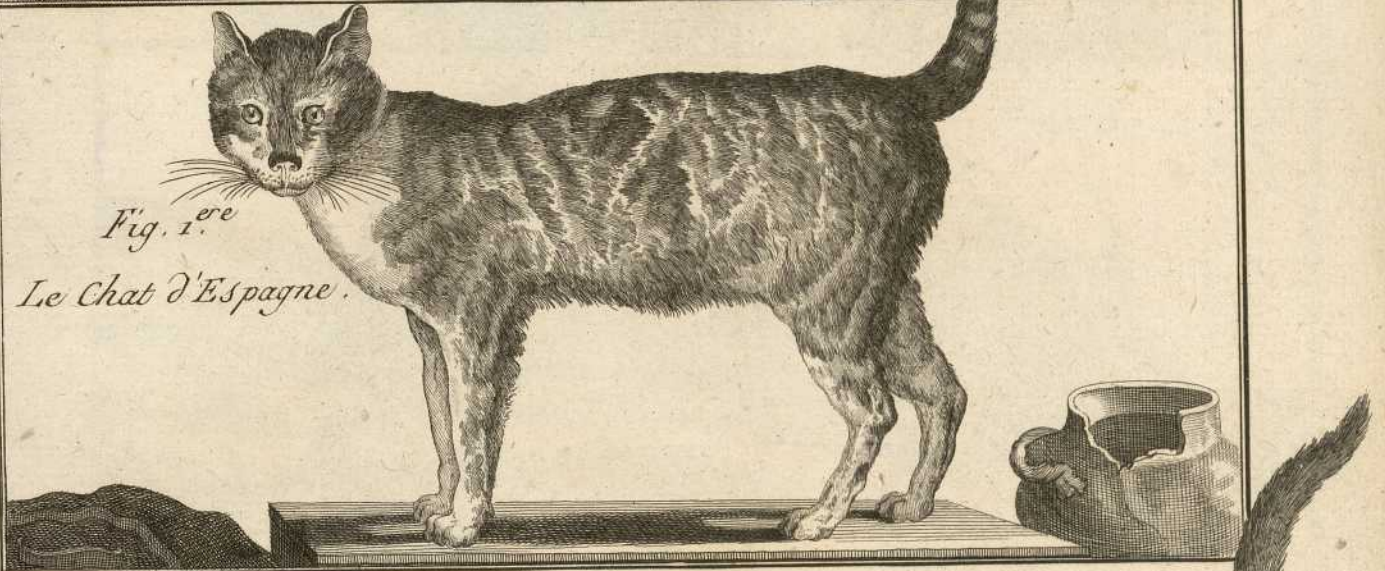


Fig. 2. Le Chat des Chartreux.

Fig. 3.
Le Chat
brun.

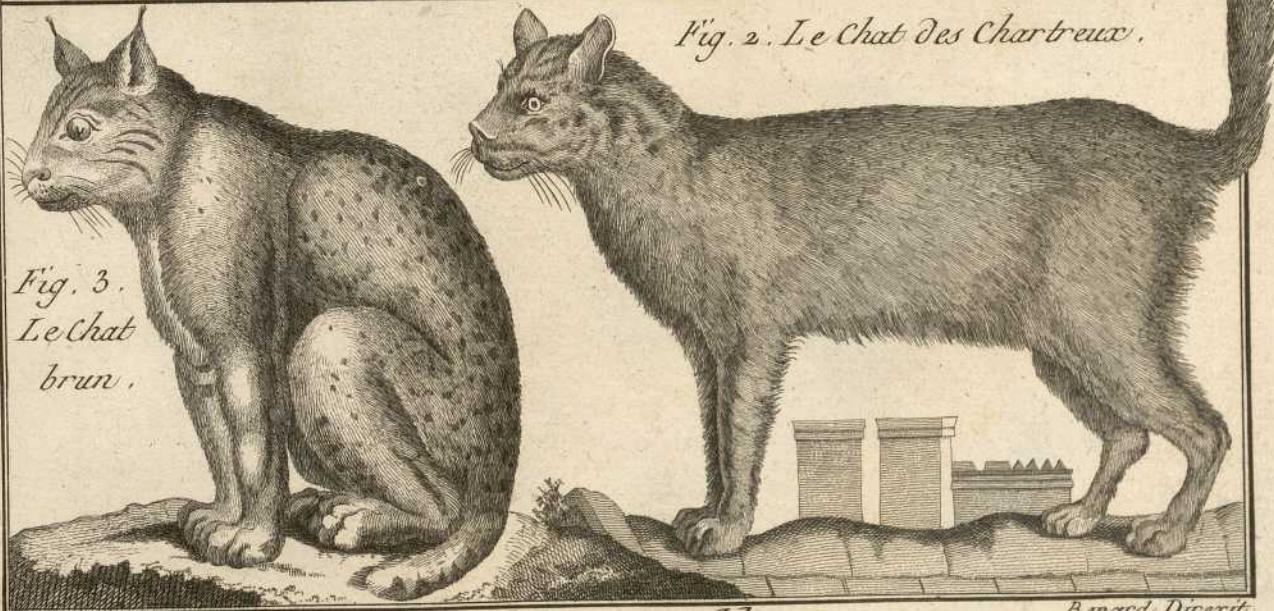


Fig. 1. *Felis chaus* Guldstr.

Fig. 2. *Felis caracal* L

Fig. 3. *Felis lynx* L

Fig. 1.
Le Chaus.



Fig. 2. Le Caracal

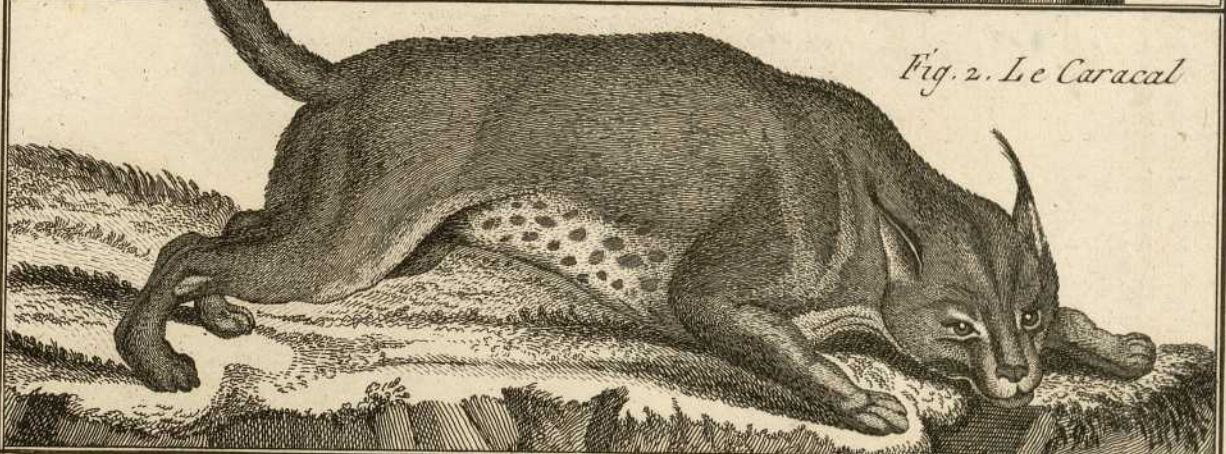


Fig. 3. Le Lynx.



Fig. 1. *Felis caligata* Temm.

Fig. 2. *Felis ruffa* Temm.

Fig. 3. *Canis familiaris* L.



Fig. 2.
Le Lynx du
Mississippi.

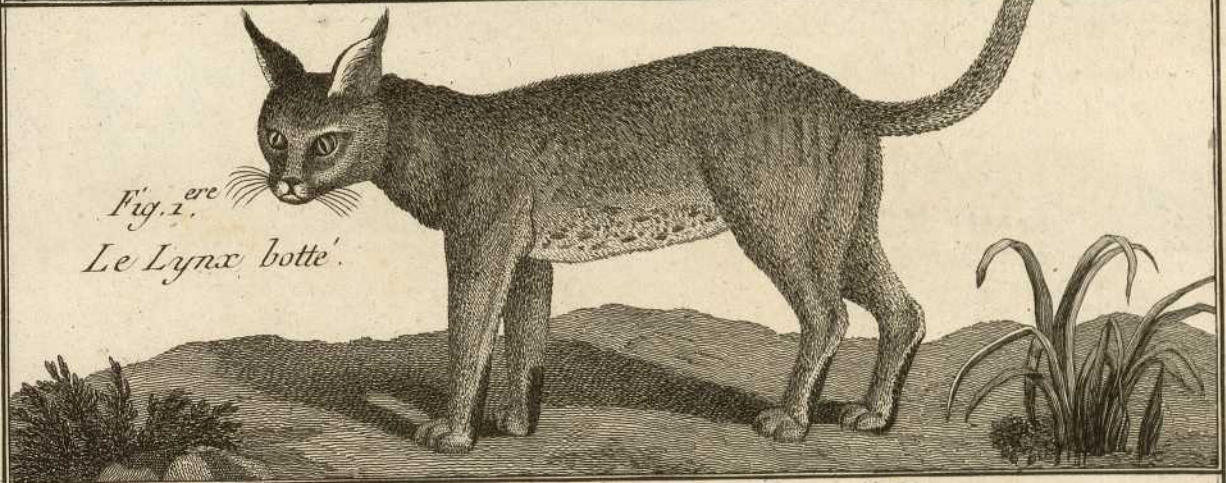


Fig. 1.
Le Lynx botte'.



Fig. 3. Le Chien .

Fig. 1 *Canis domesticus* L

Fig. 2 *Canis pommeranus* L

Fig. 3 *Canis sibiricus* L

Fig. 4 *Canis islandicus* L

Fig. 5.

Fig. 6. *Canis aquaticus* L

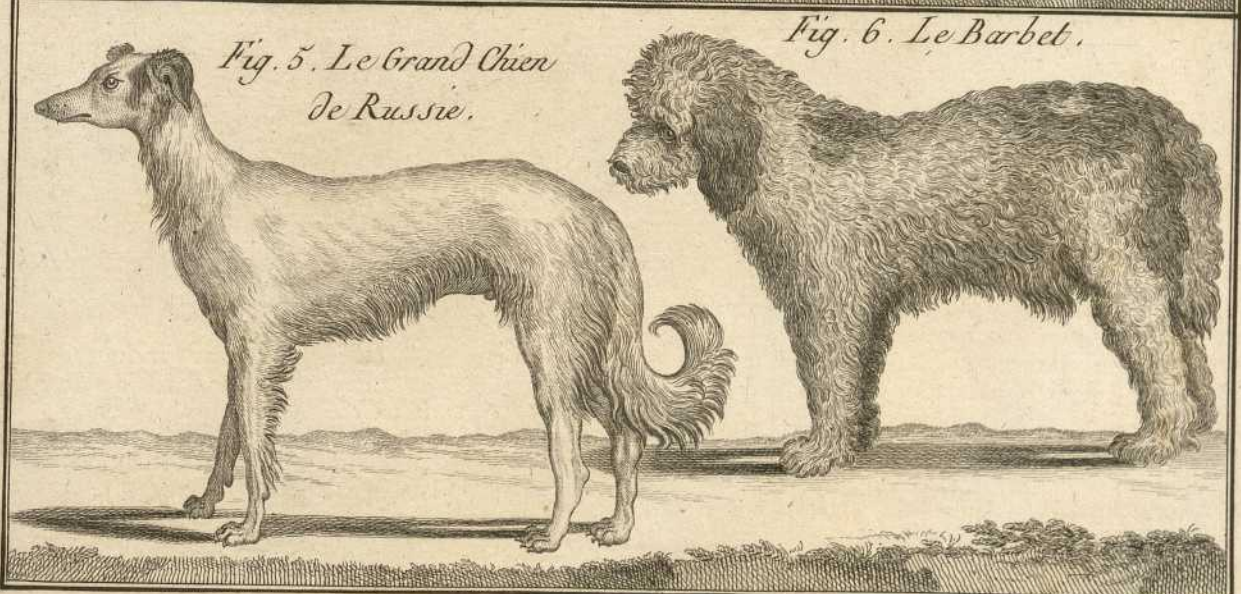


Fig. 1. *Canis minor* L

Fig. 2. *Canis brevipilis*. Sm.

Fig. 3. *Canis eximius* L.

Fig. 4. *Canis molitæus* L

Fig. 5. *Canis leonius* L

Fig. 6. *Canis variegatus* L

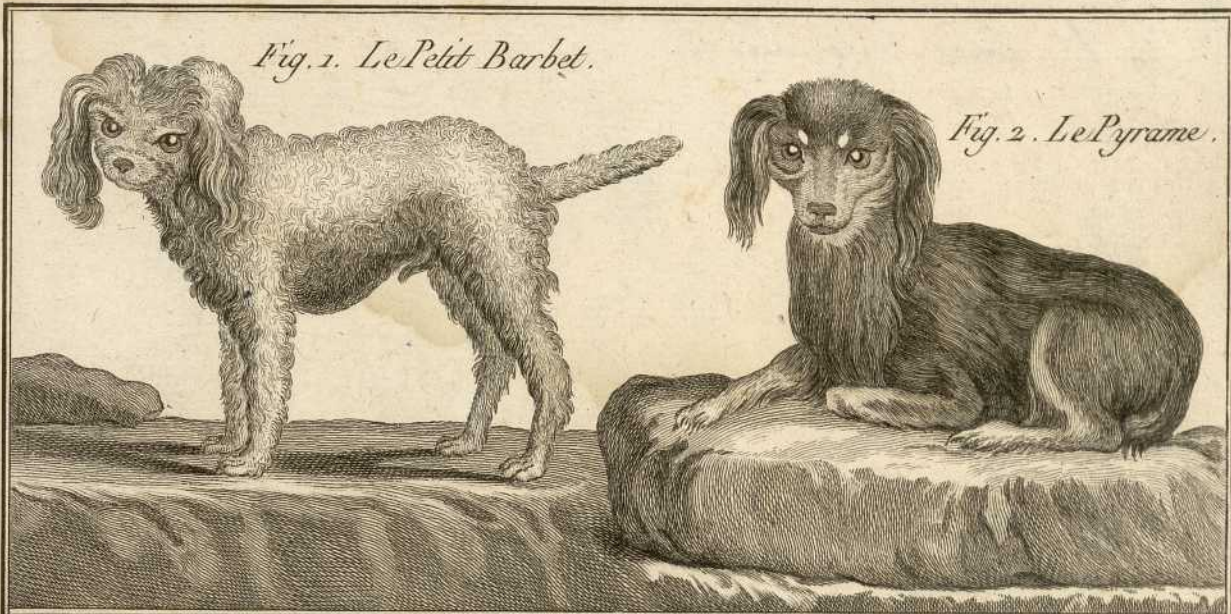
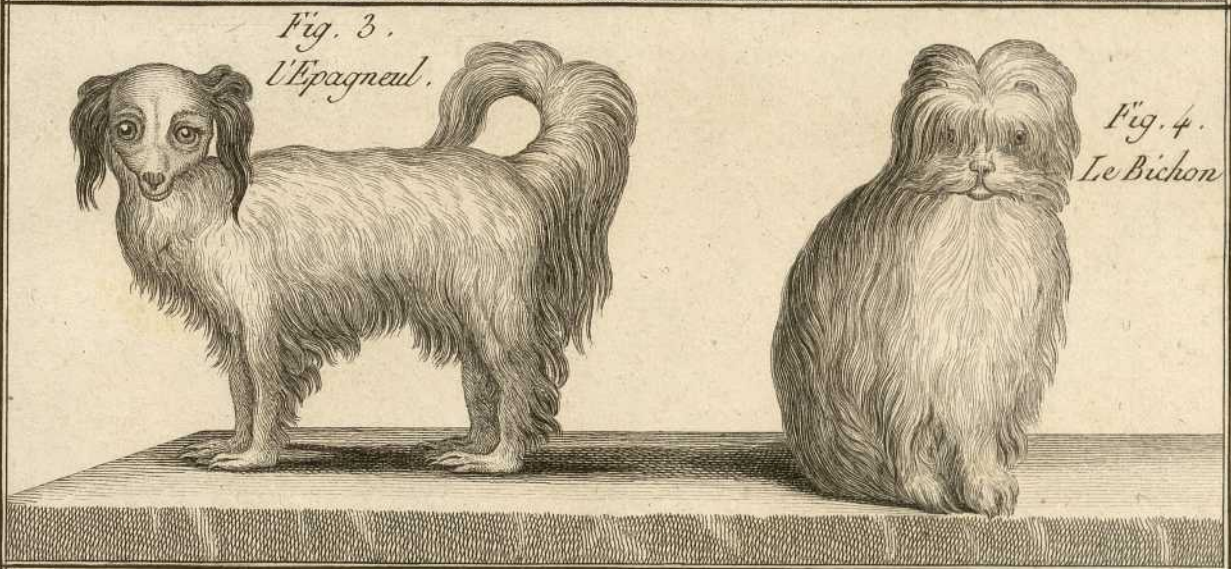


Fig. 1. Le Petit Barbet.

Fig. 2. Le Pyrame.



*Fig. 3.
L'Espagneul.*

*Fig. 4.
Le Bichon*



*Fig. 5.
Le Chien Lion*

Fig. 6. Le Petit Danois.

Fig. 1 *Canis hybridus* L

Fig. 2 *Canis familiaris* L

Fig. 3 *Canis molossus* L

Fig. 4. *Canis anglicus* L

Fig. 2. Le Doguin.



Fig. 1.^{re} Le Roquet.



Fig. 4.

Le Dogue de forte race.



Fig. 3. Le Dogue.



Benard Dircit.

Fig 1. *Canis gallicus* L

Fig 2. *Canis avicularius* L

Fig 3. *Canis lancus* L

Fig 4. *Canis grajus* L

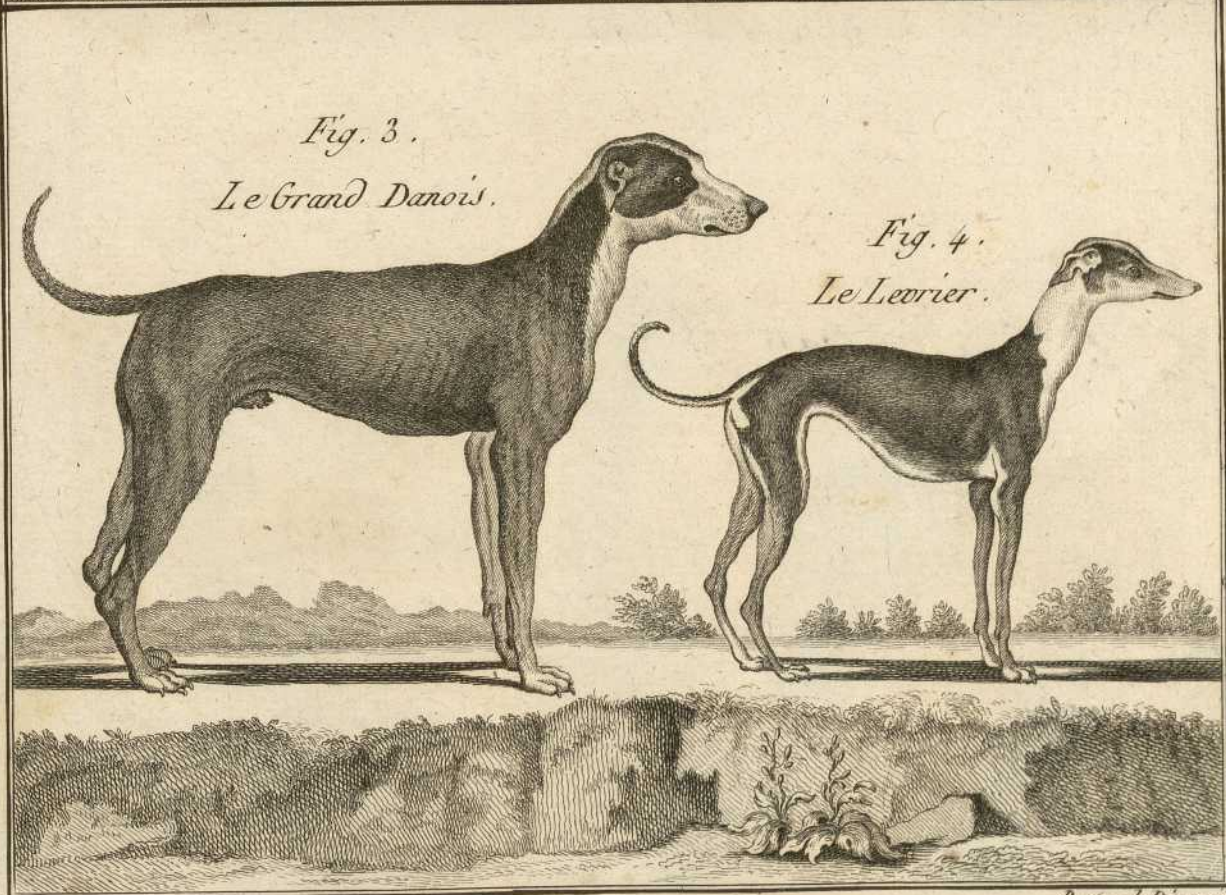
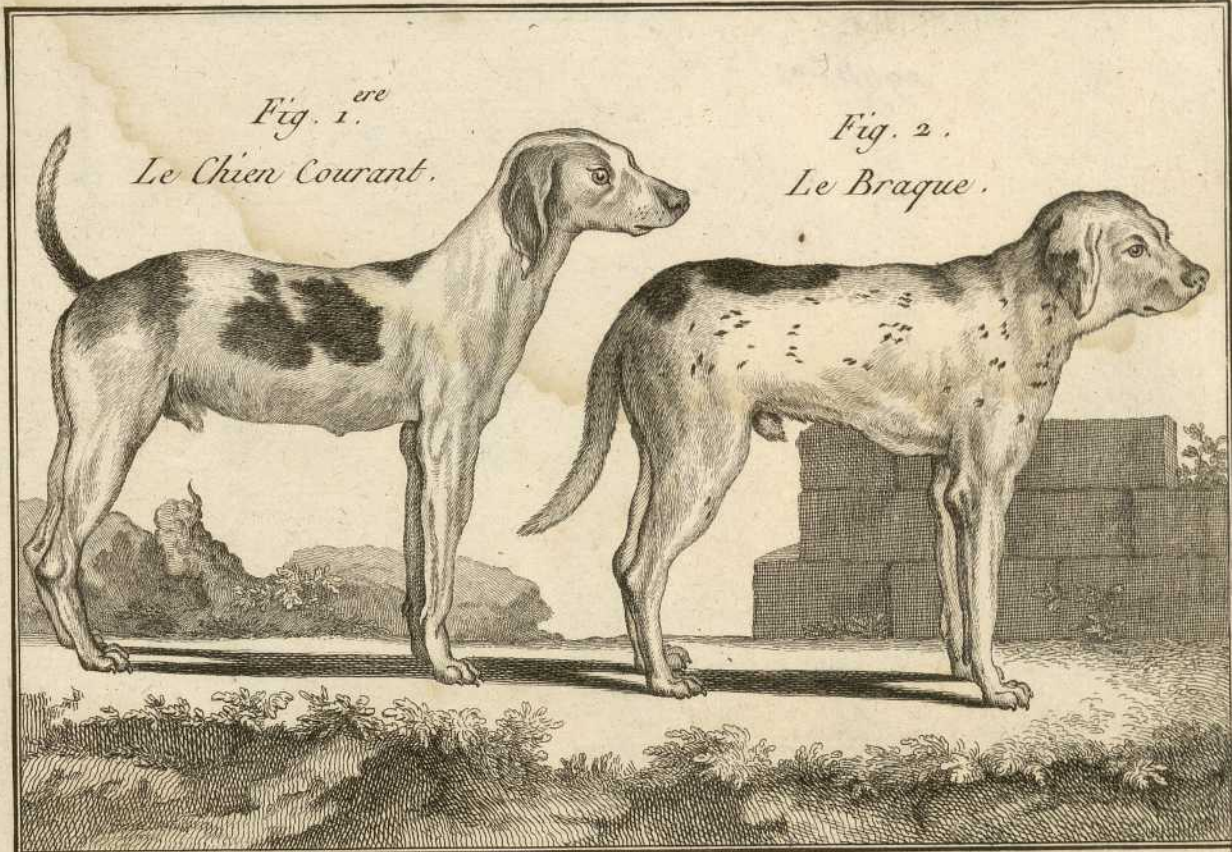
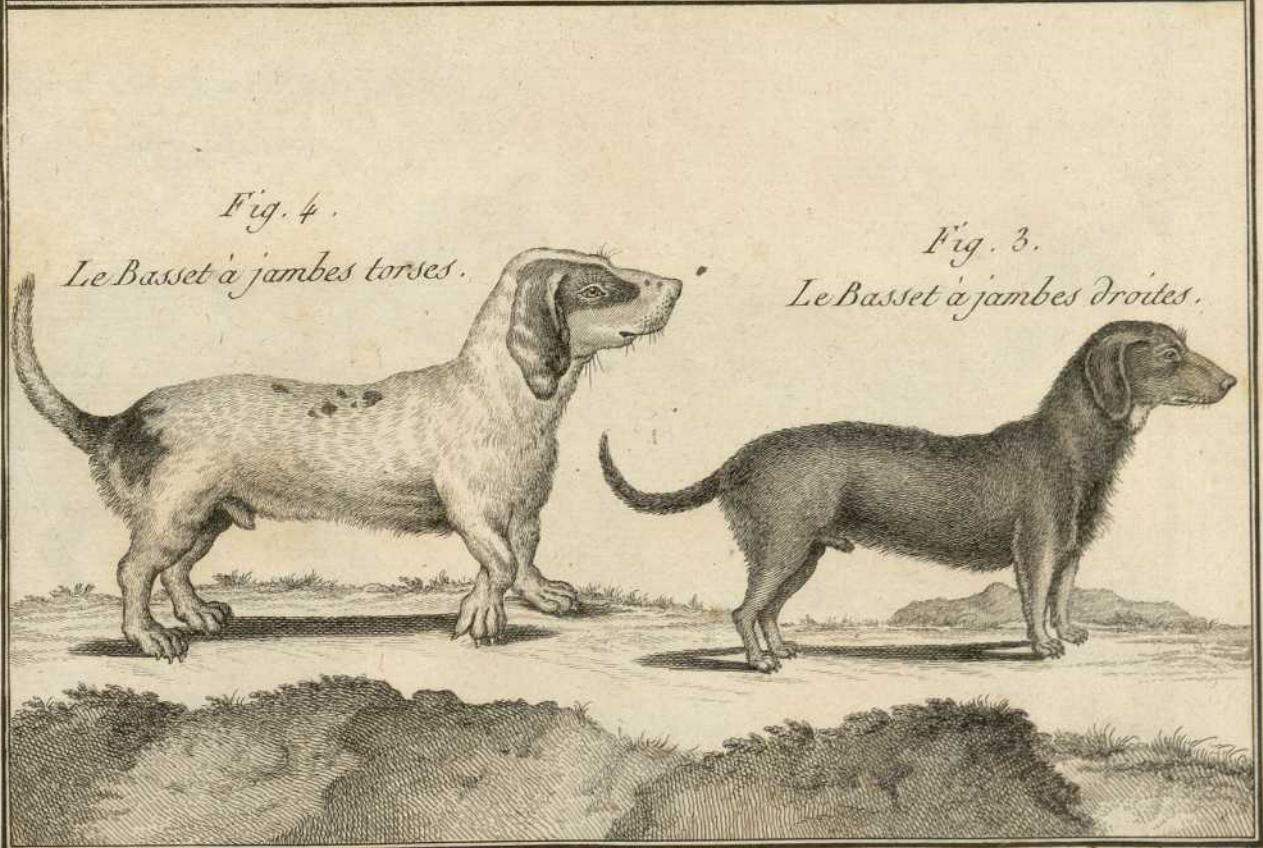
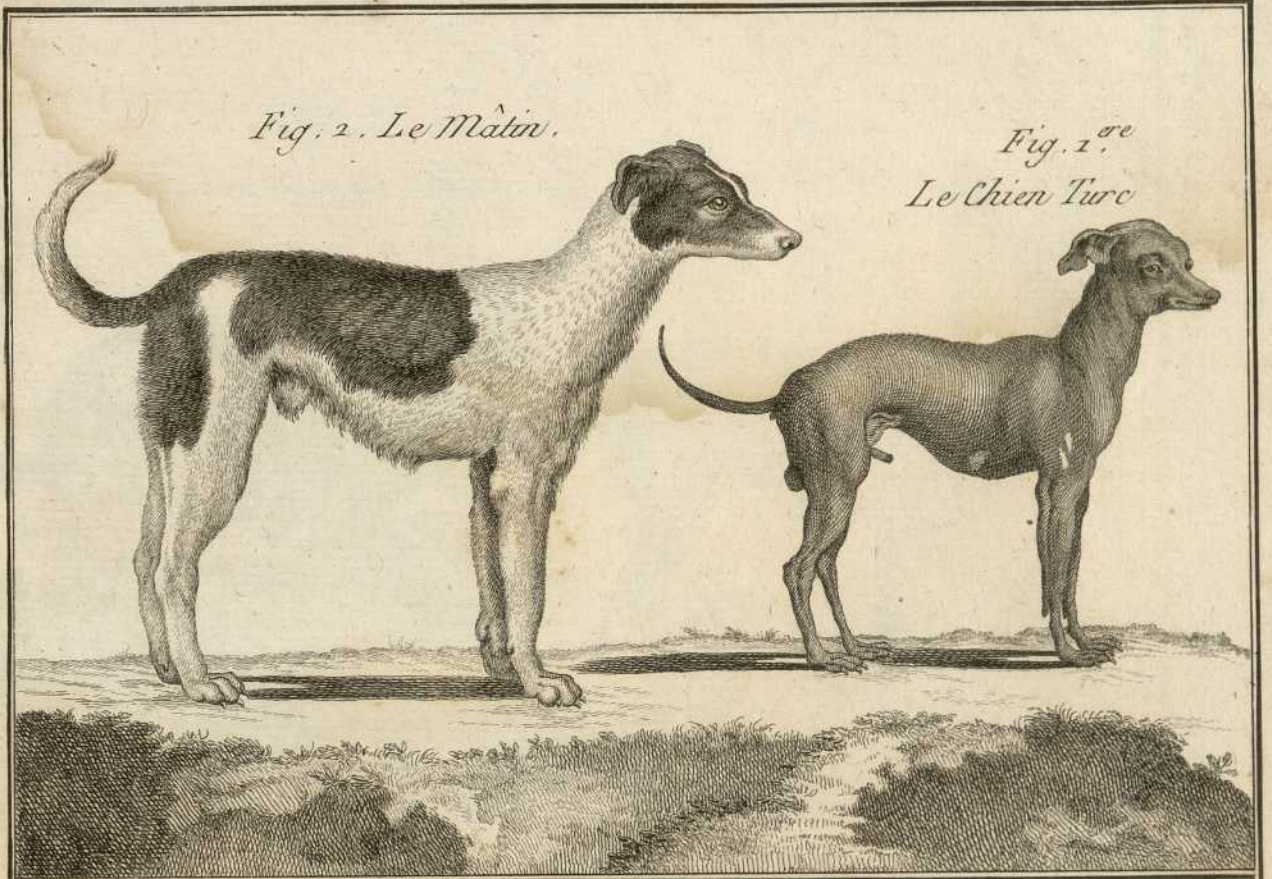


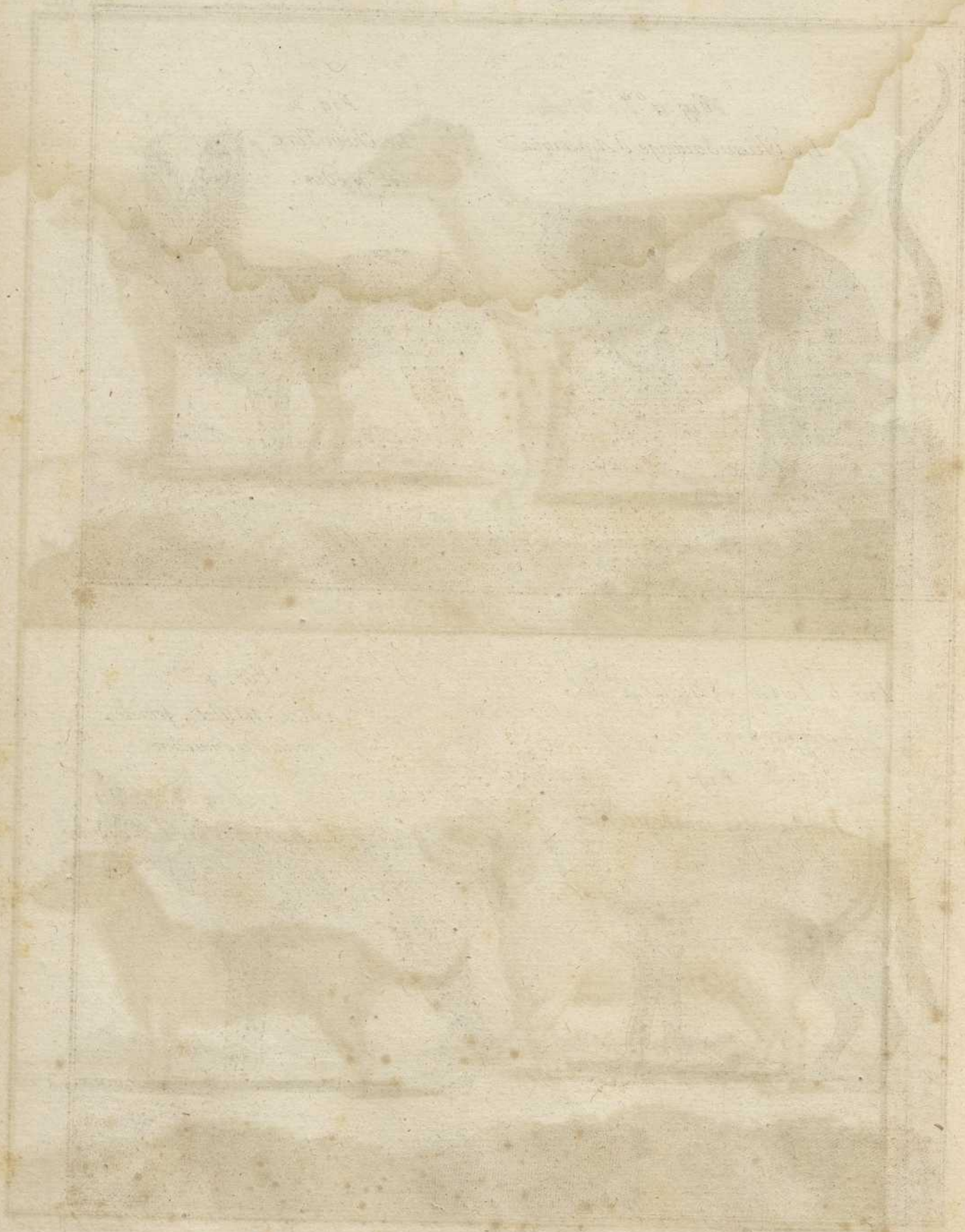
Fig. 1 *Canis turanicus* L
egyptius ? L.

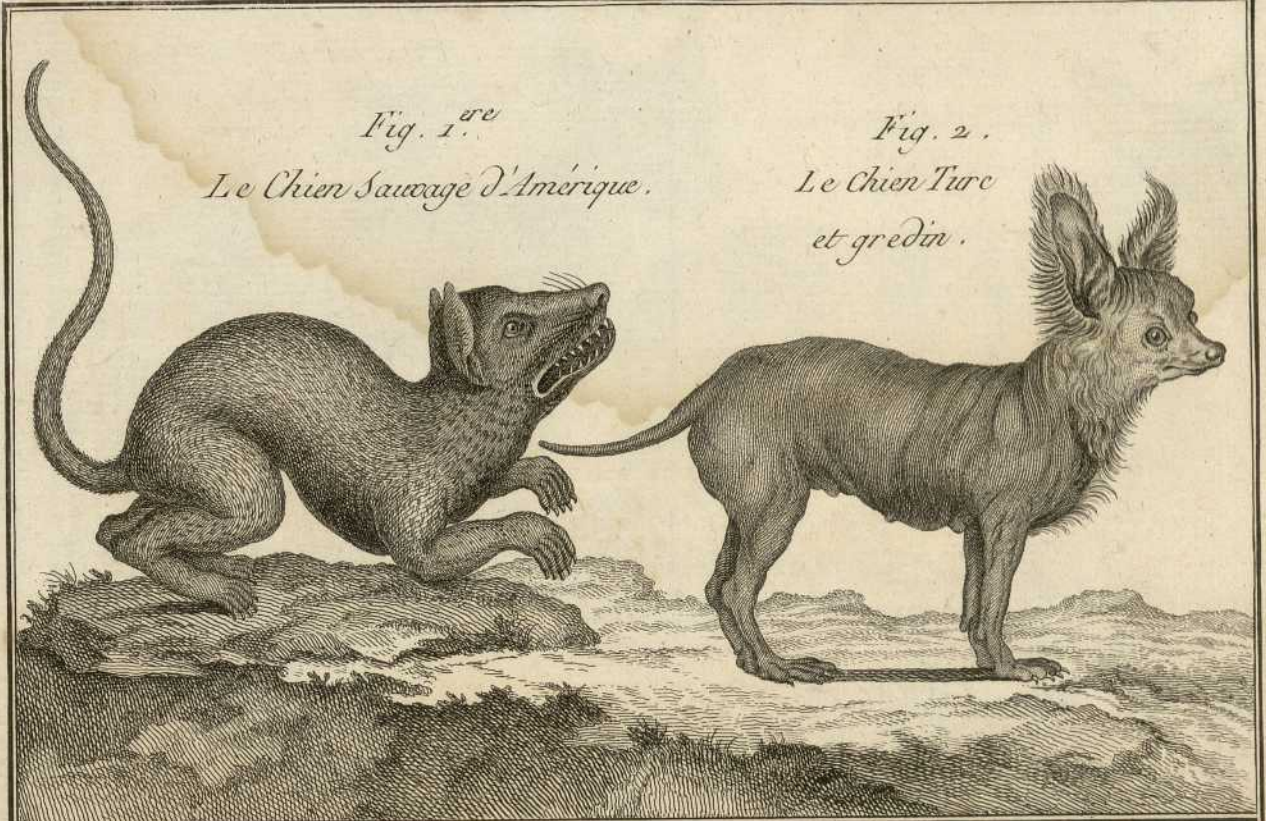
Fig. 2 *Canis leucogaster* L

Fig. 3. *Canis vertagus* a. L

Fig. 4. *Canis vertagus* b. L

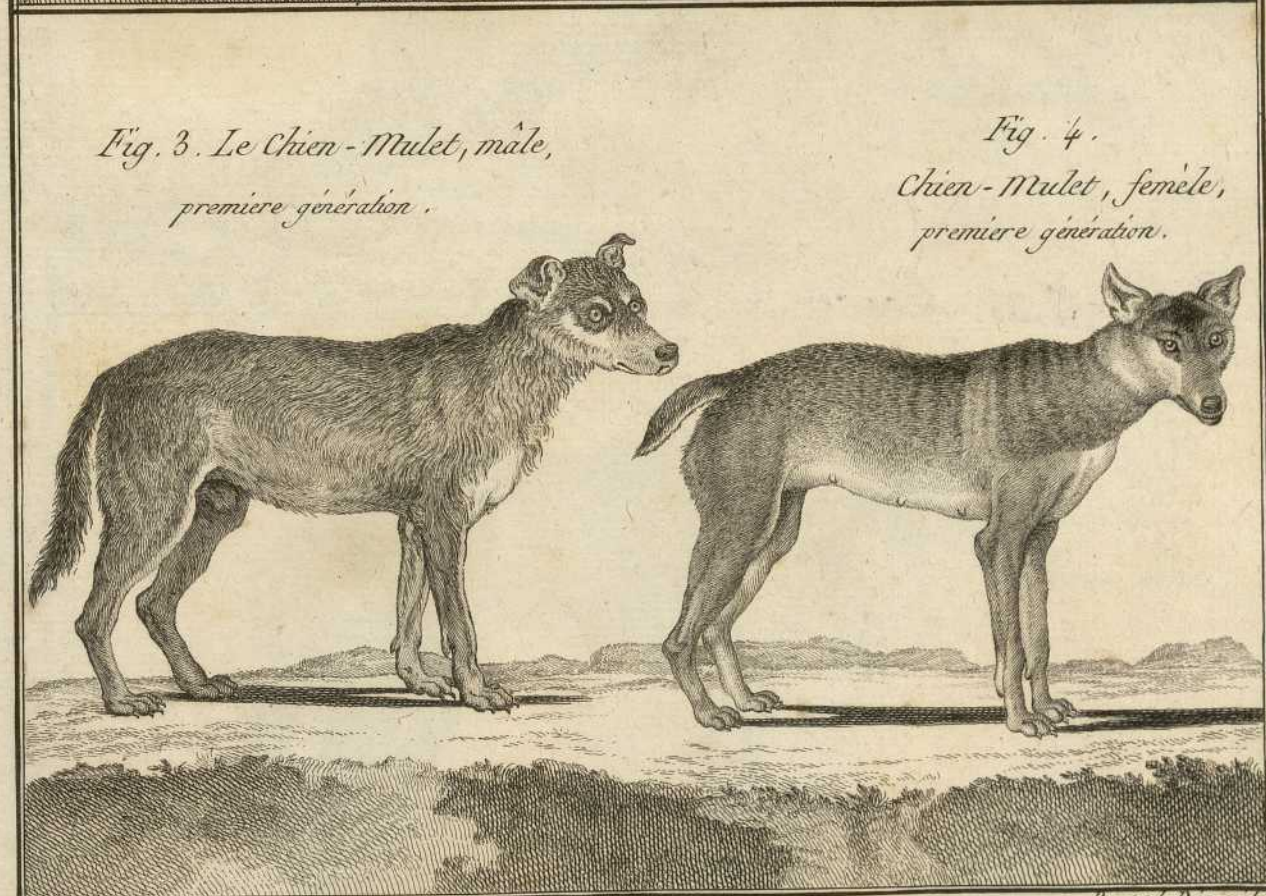






*Fig. 1.^{re}
Le Chien Sauvage d'Amérique.*

*Fig. 2.
Le Chien Turc
et gredin.*



*Fig. 3. Le Chien-Mulet, mâle,
première génération.*

*Fig. 4.
Chien-Mulet, femelle,
première génération.*

Benard. Dir. ex lib.

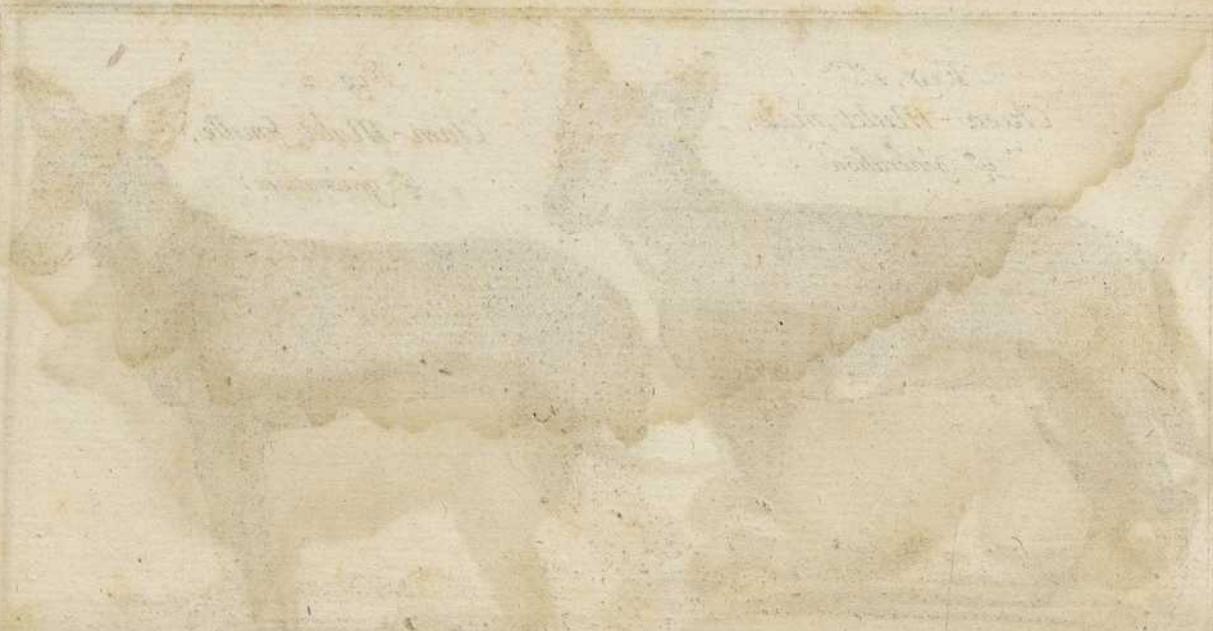


Fig. 1. *Canis lupus* L.

Fig. 2. *Canis lycaon* L.



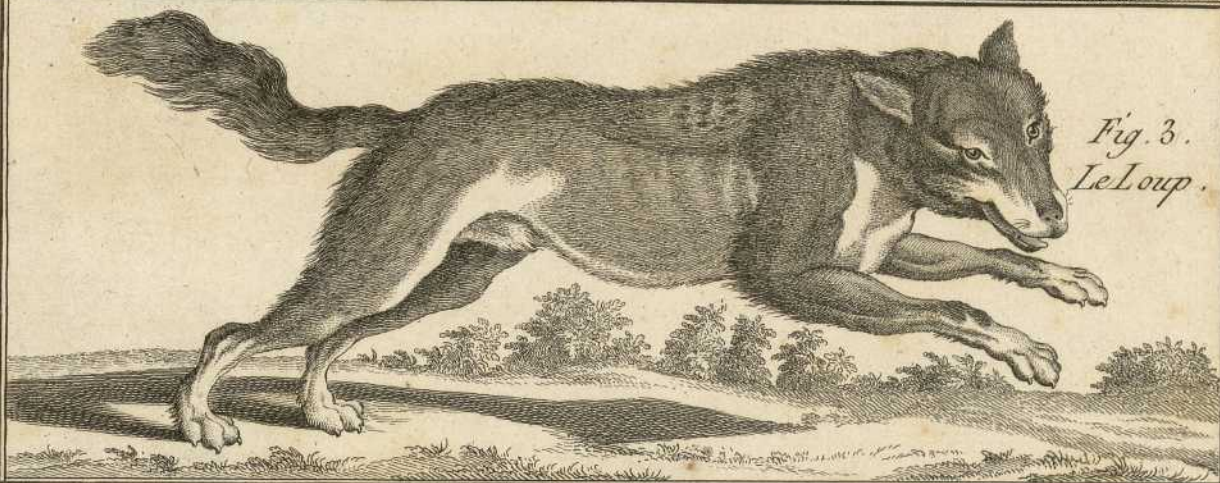
*Fig. 1^{ere}
Chien-Mulet, mâle,
4^e génération.*



*Fig. 2.
Chien-Mulet, femelle,
4^e génération.*



*Fig. 3.
Le Loup.*



*Fig. 4.
Le Loup noir.*

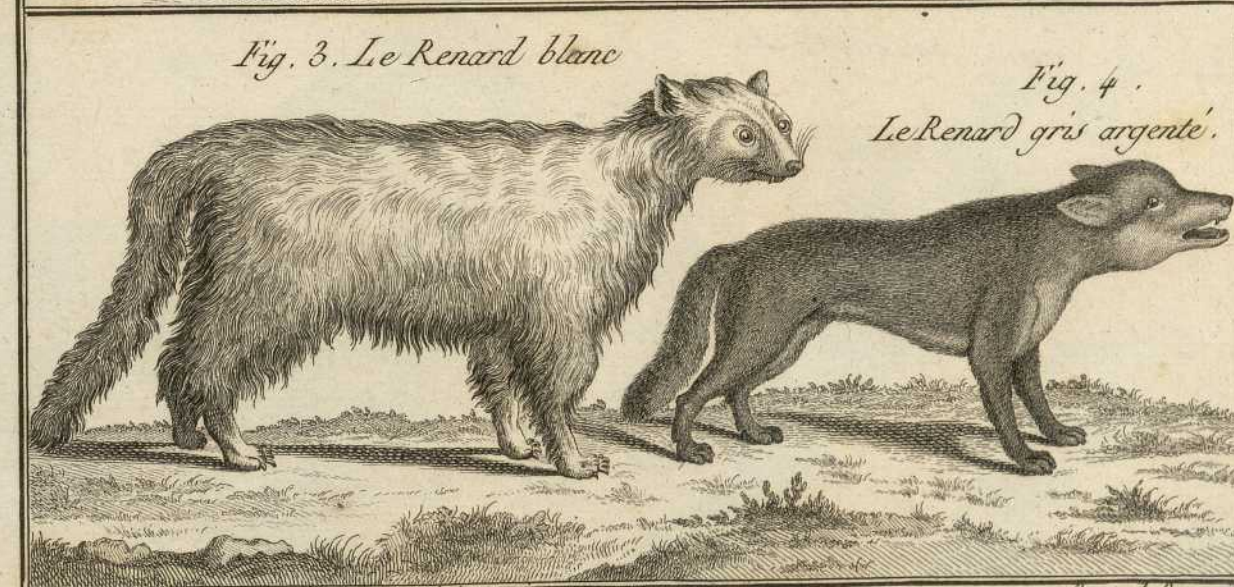
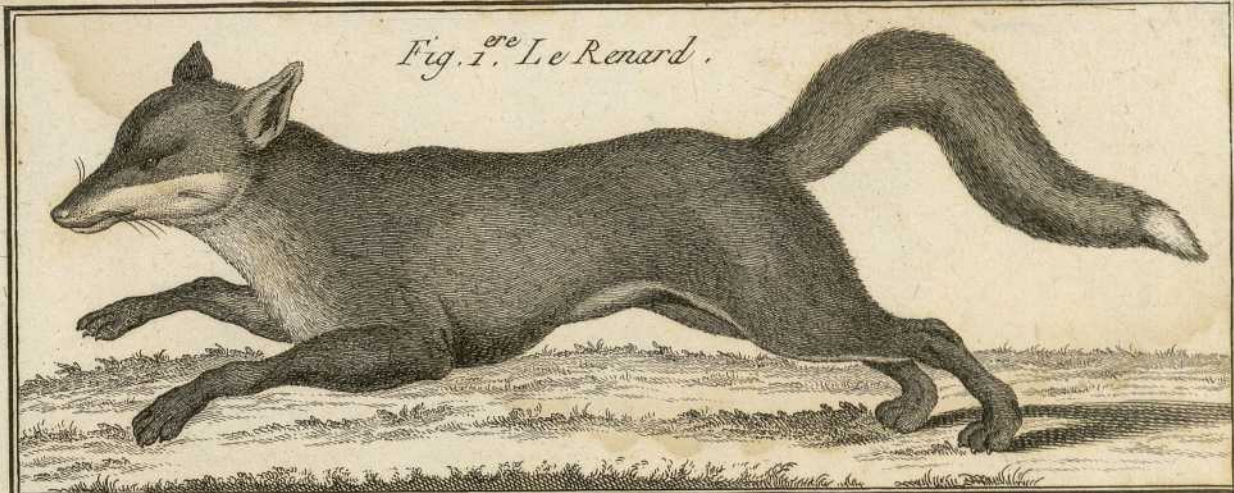


Fig. 1. *Canis vulpes* L.

Fig. 2. *Canis alopex* Schrb.

Fig. 3. *Canis argentatus* Luv.

Fig. 4. *Canis aureo-argenteus* Schrb.



Benard. Delincent.

Fig. 1. *Canis corsac* Sm.

Fig. 2. *Canis lagopus* a. *esator* Sm.

Fig. 3. *Canis aureus* L. var. ?

Fig. 6. *Canis aureus* L.

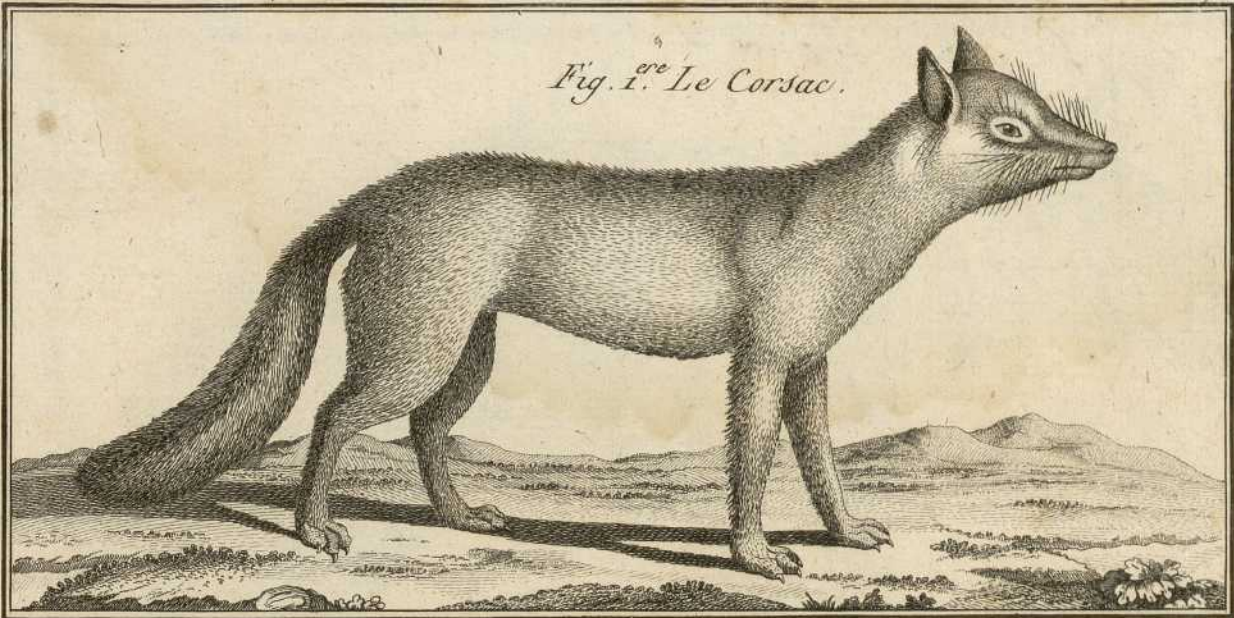


Fig. 1 *Canis hyaena* L.

Fig. 2 *Canis hyaena* L.

Fig. 3 *Canis fenecus* Less.



Fig. 2.
L'Hyene rayée.

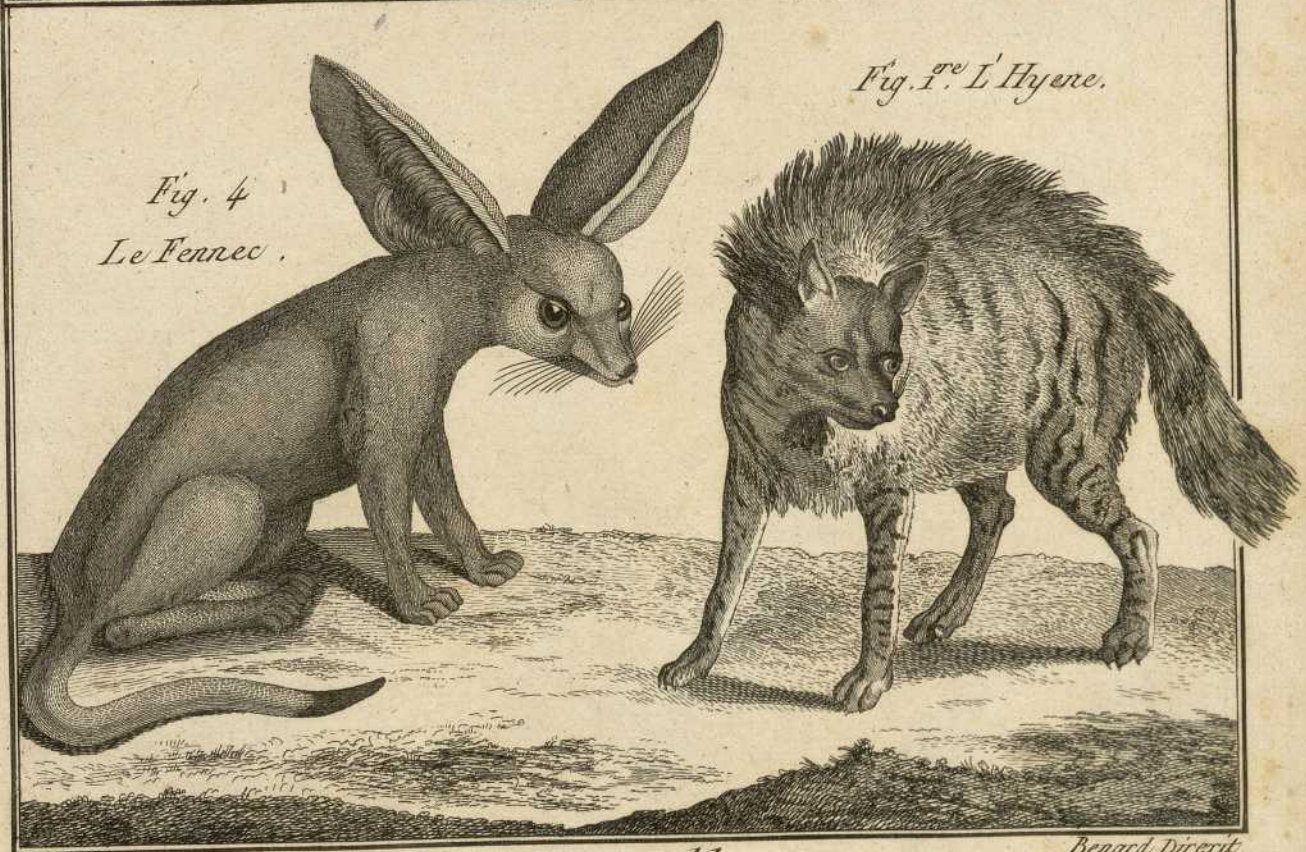
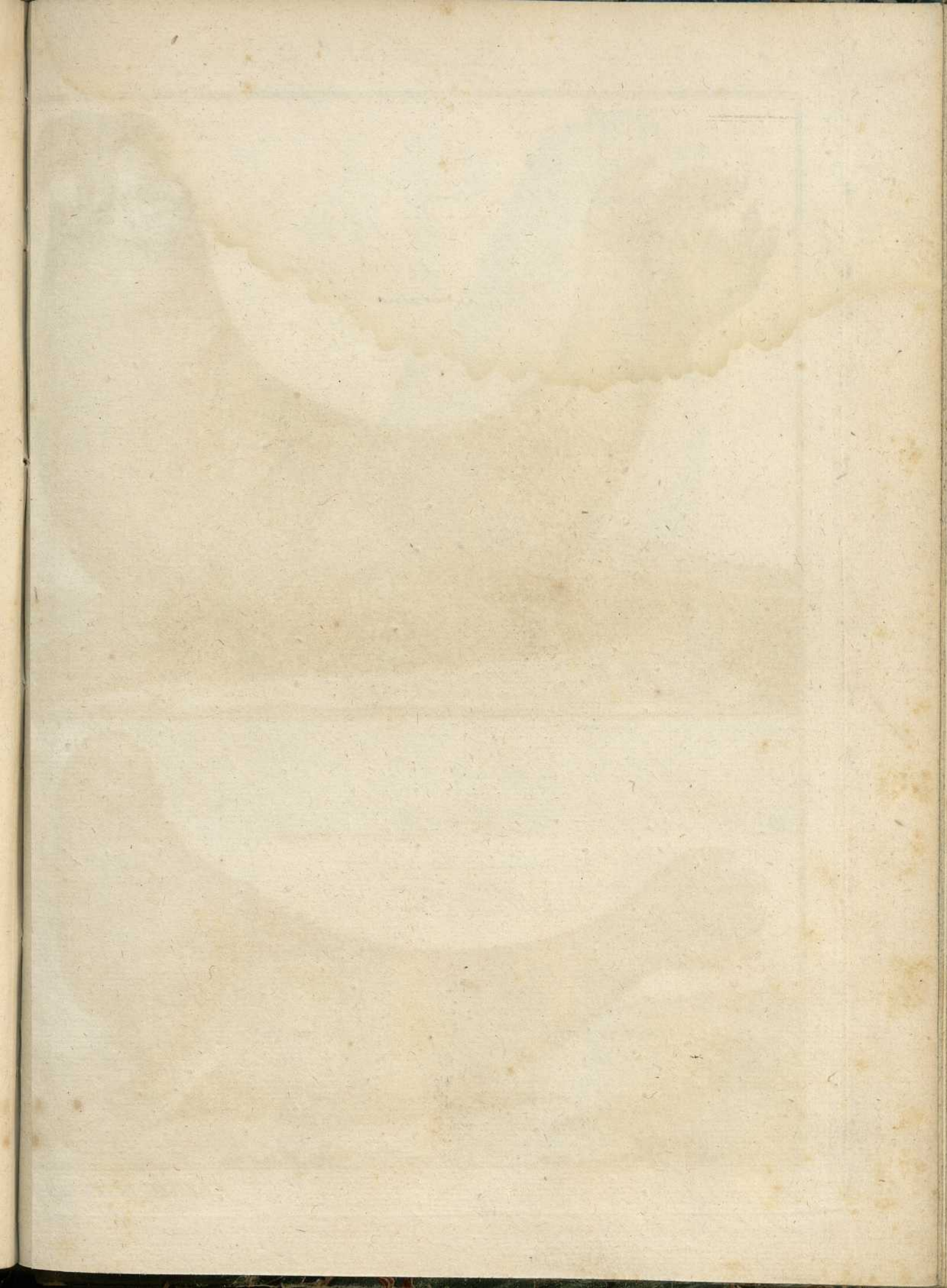


Fig. 4
Le Fennec.

Fig. 1^{re} L'Hyene.





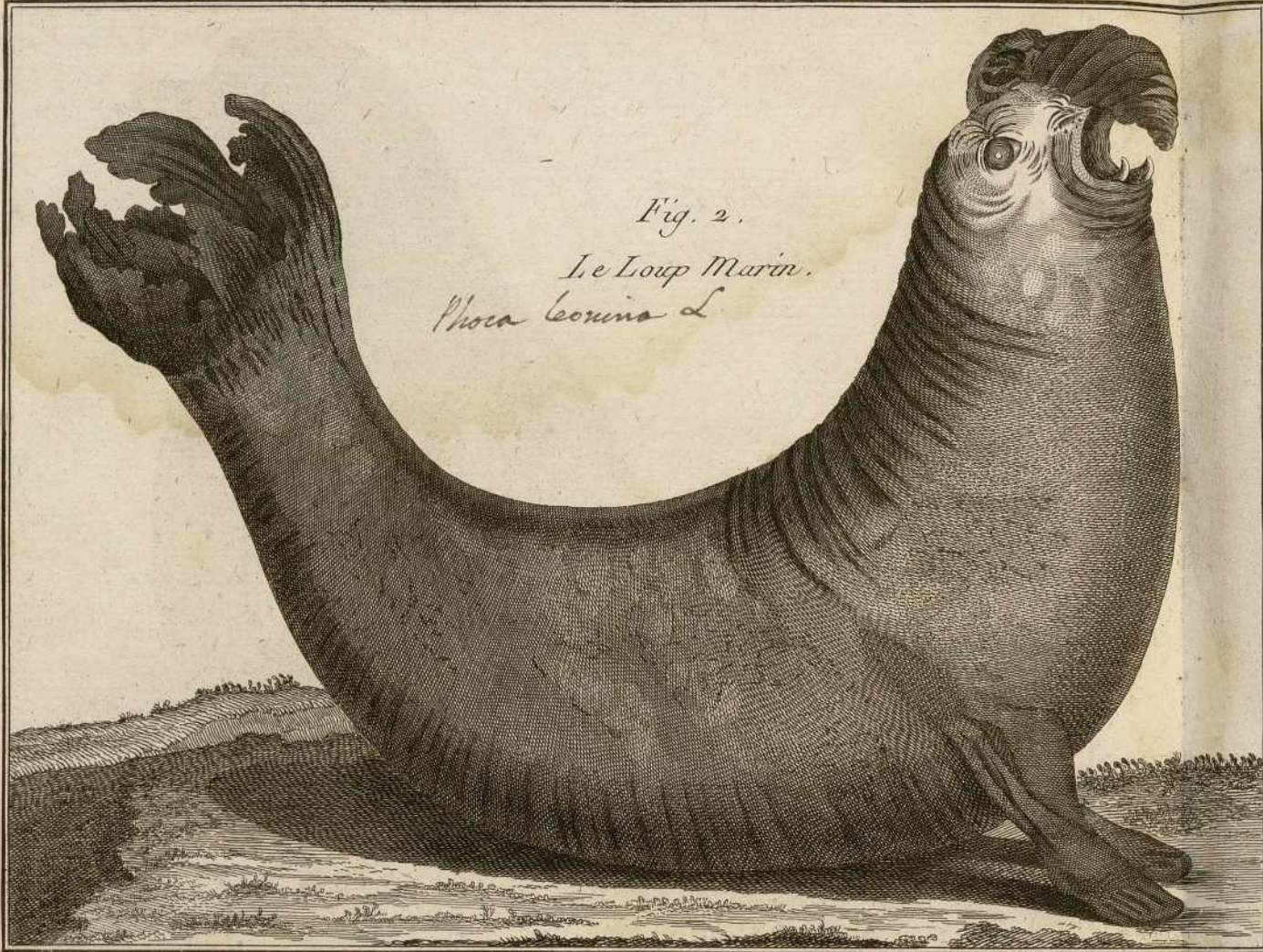


Fig. 2.
Le Loup Marin.
Phoca leonina L.



Fig. 1.^{ere}
L'Ours Marin.
Arctocephalus ursinus Luv.
Phoca ursina L.



Fig. 3.
Le Lion Marin.
Platyrhinus leoninus Luv.
Naria jubata Desm.
Phoca id. Sm.



Fig. 4. Le Veau Marin.
Phoca vitulina L.

Fig. *Pelagius monachus* Cav.
Phoca id. Gm.

Phoca hispida Erx.



Fig. 1. Le Moine - Marin.

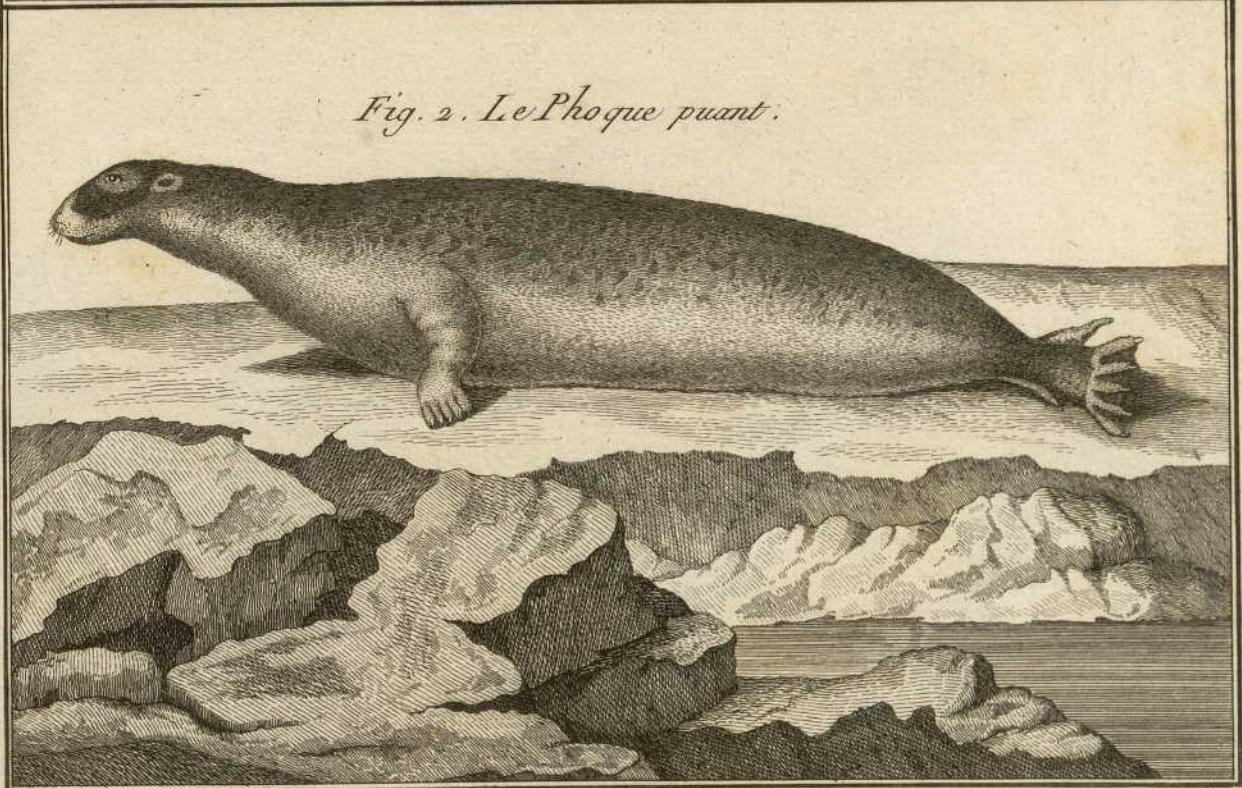


Fig. 2. Le Phoque puant.

Fig 1. *Calocephalus barbatus* Luc.
Phoca id. Germ.

Fig 2 *Phoca pusilla* Schreb.

Fig. 1.^{re} Le Grand Phoque

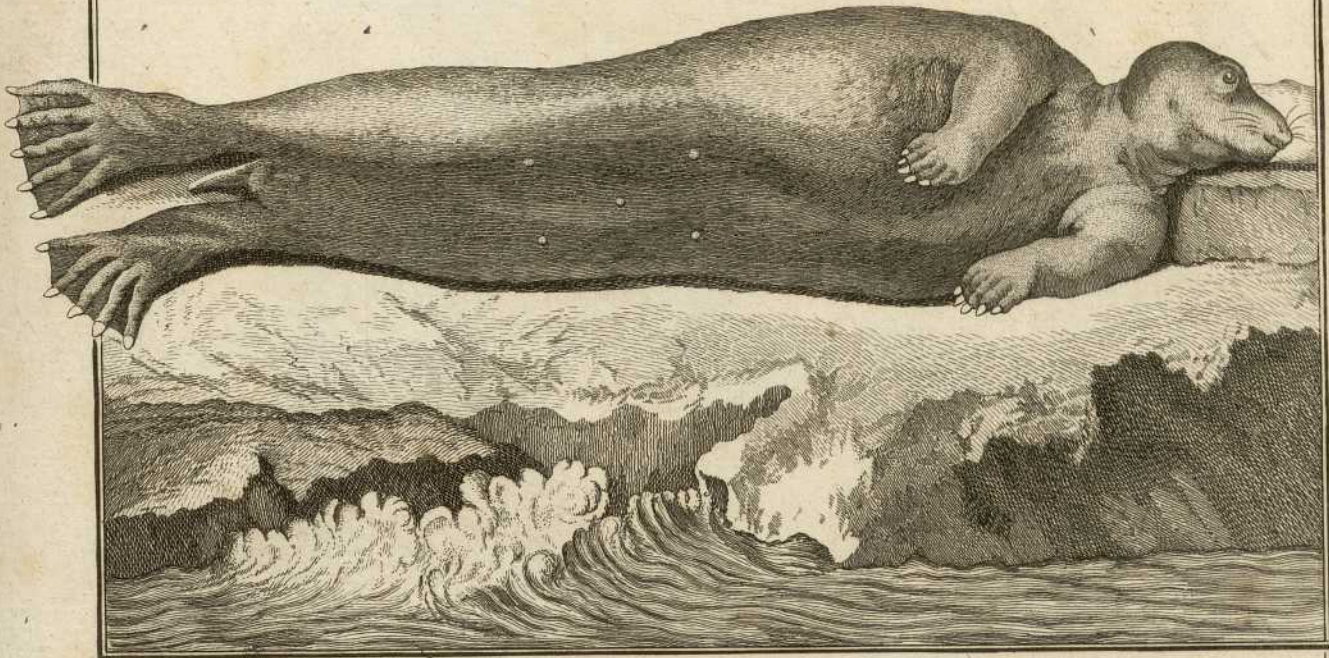


Fig. 2. Le Petit Phoque.



Fig. 3 *Frickechus manatus* L

Fig. 1. *Frickechus normatus* L

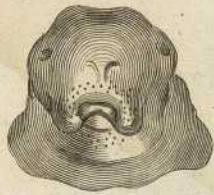


Fig. 2.
Tête du Dugon.

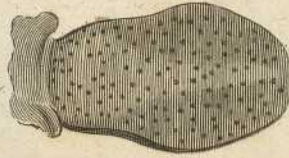


Fig. 3. Le Lamantin.

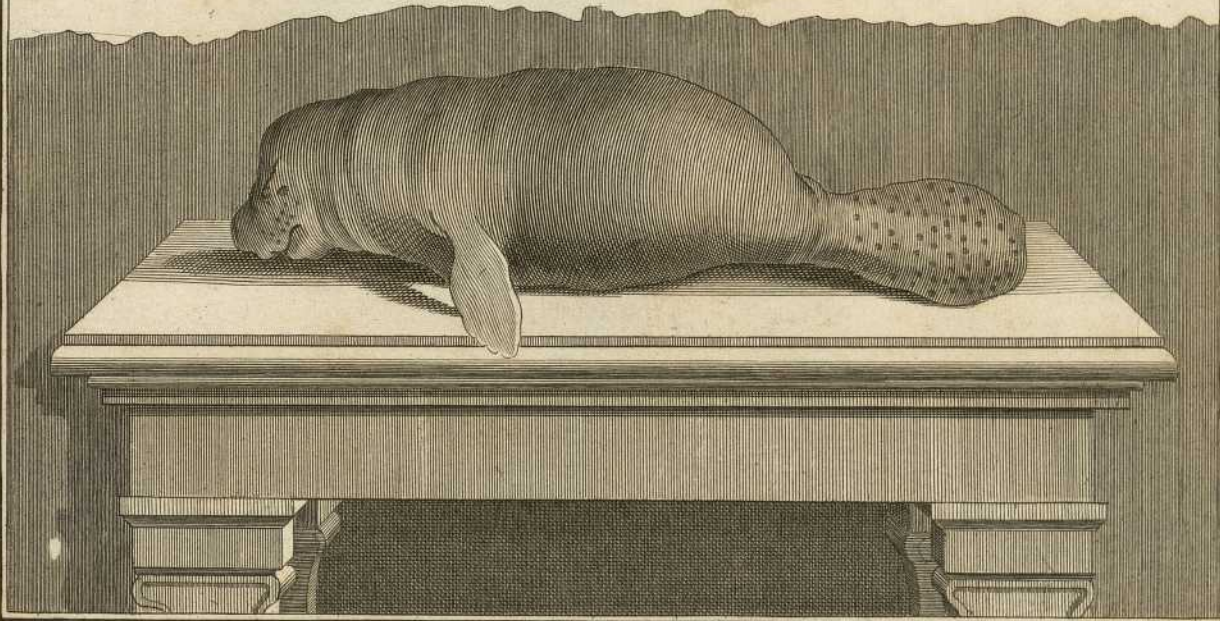
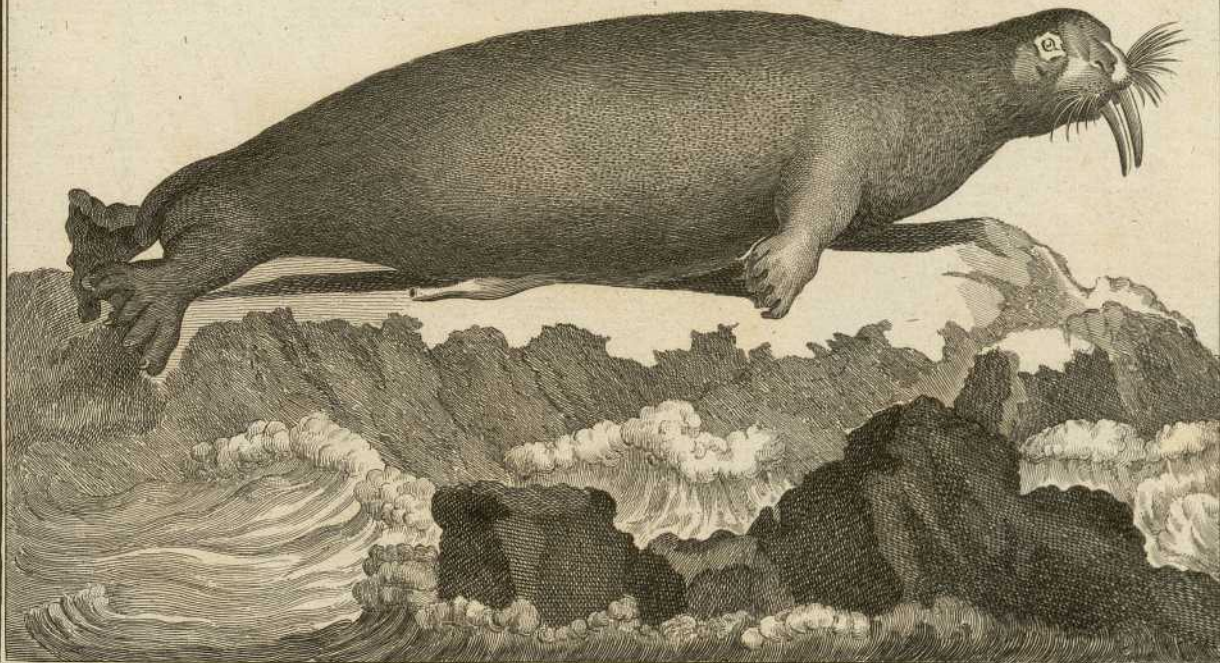


Fig. 1.^{ere} Le Morse.



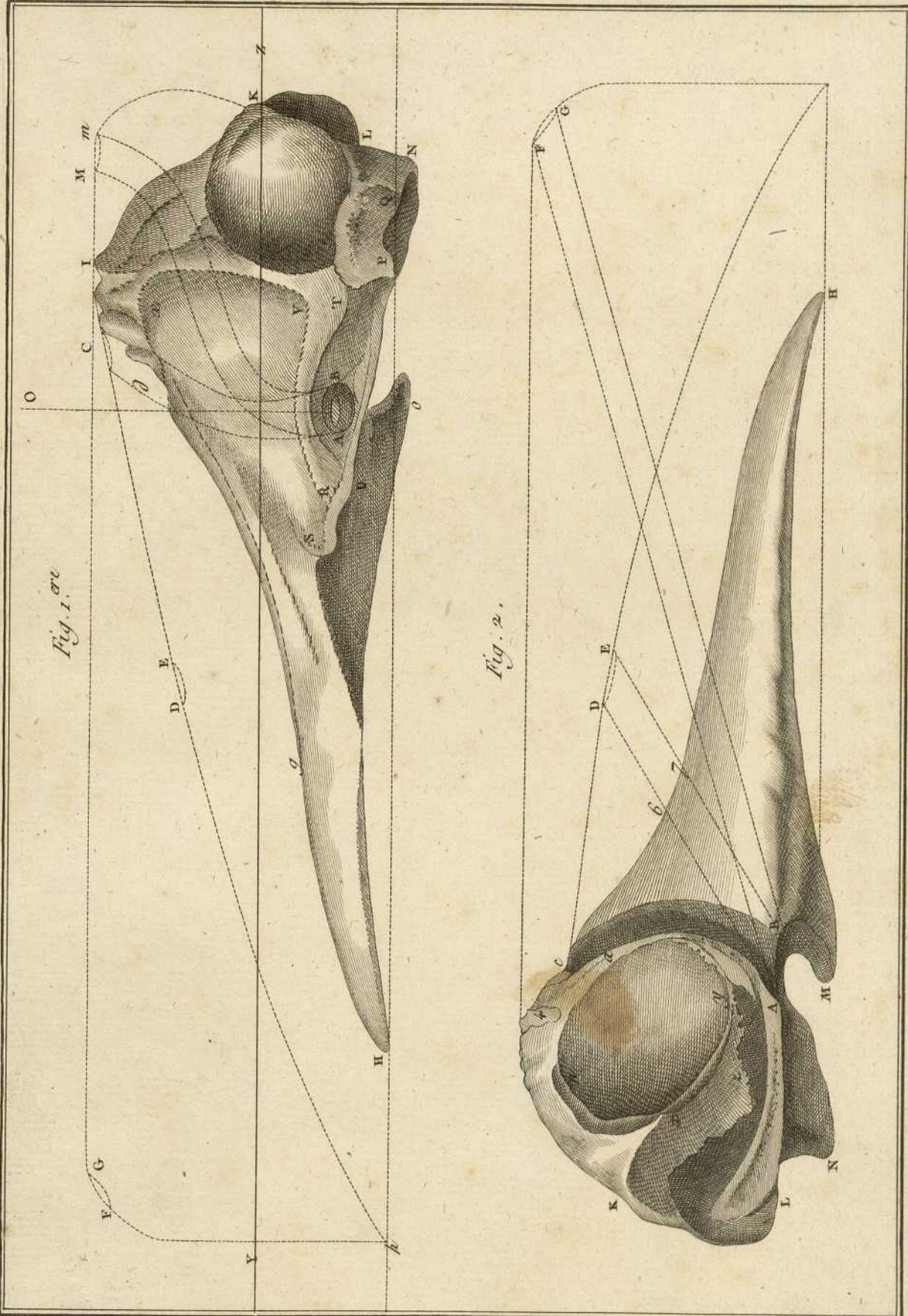
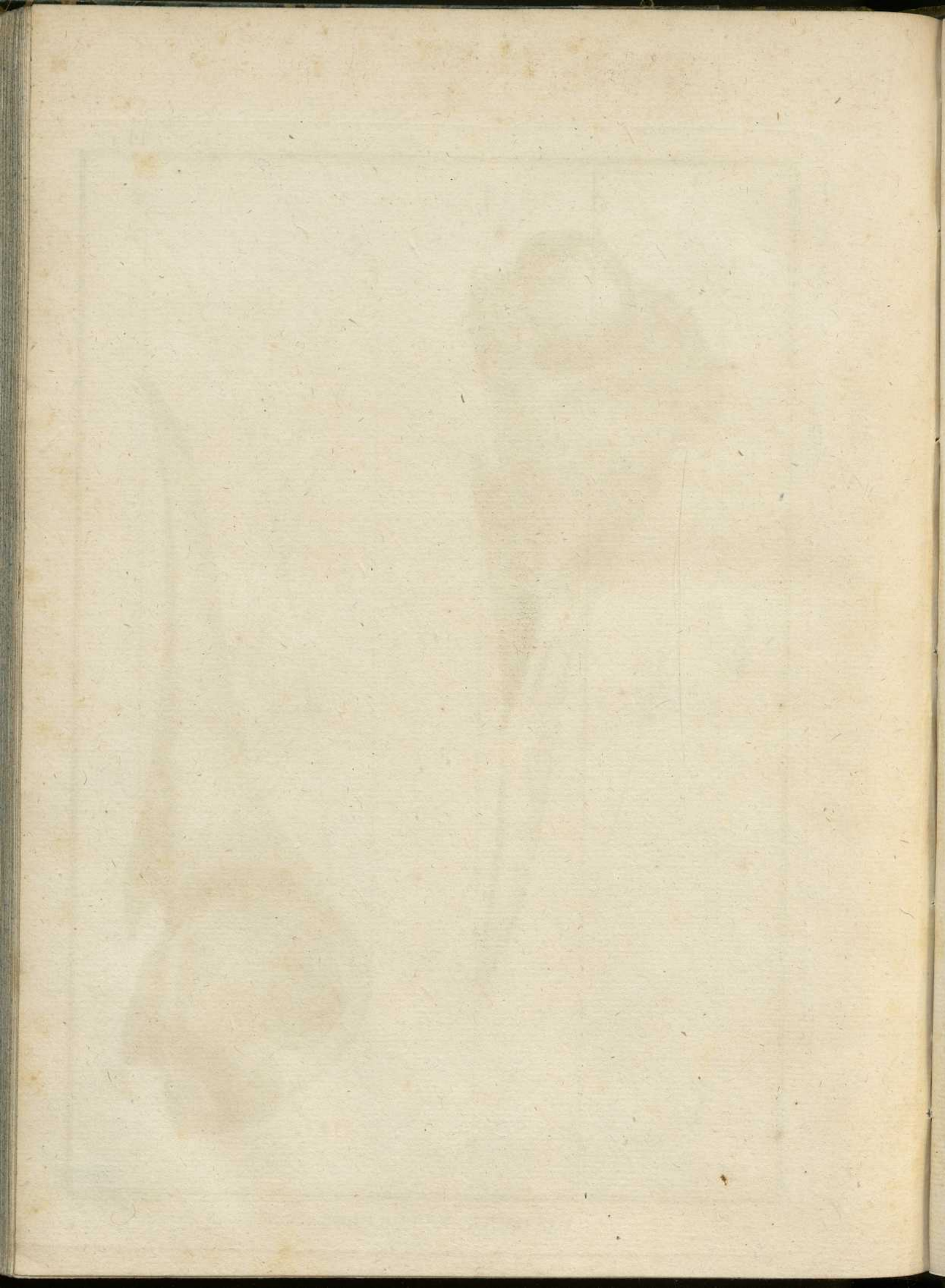
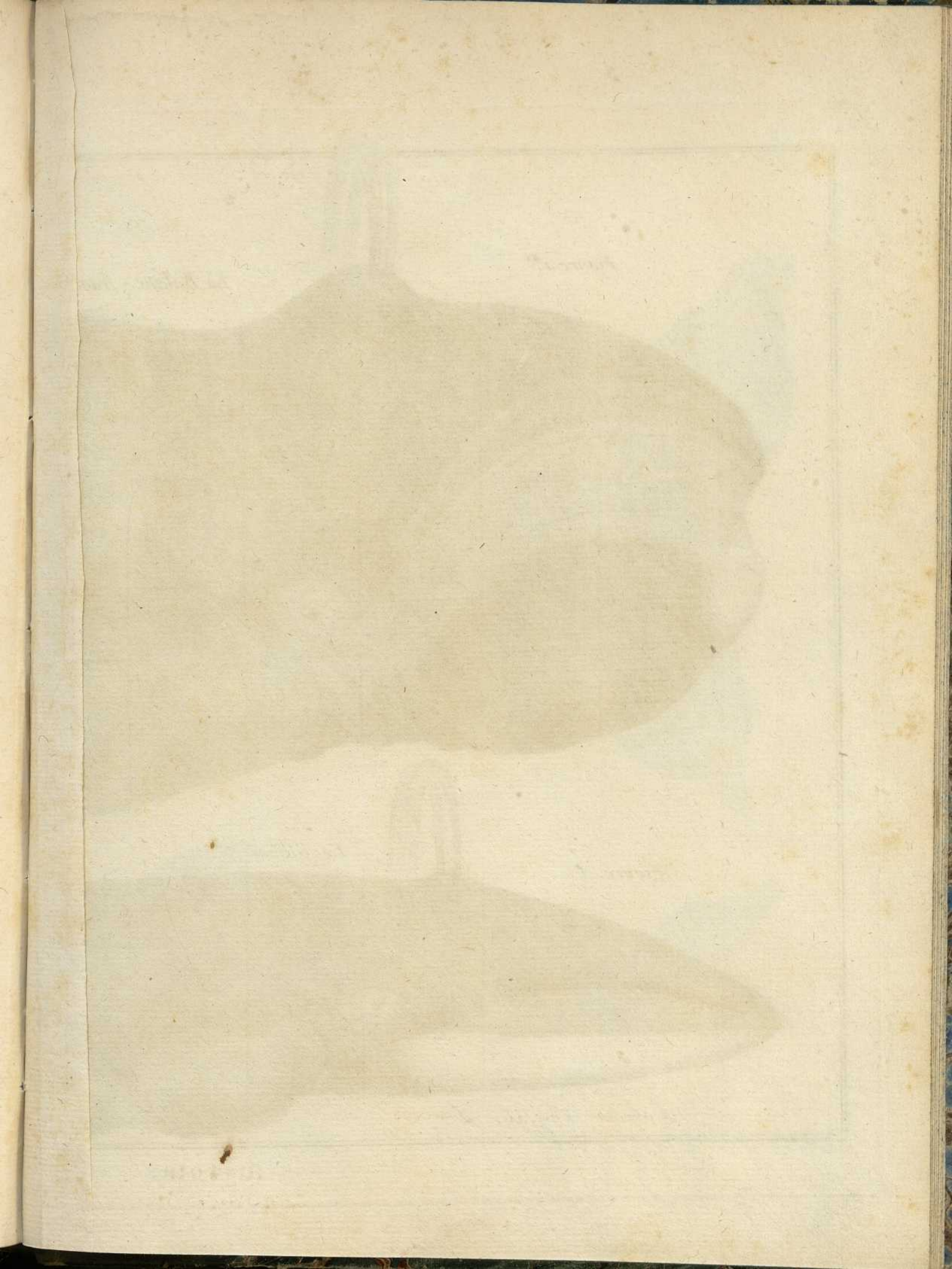


Fig. 1.

Fig. 2.





1.^{er} Genre, Baleines.

Figure 1.^{re}

La Baleine - franche.

Balæna mysticetus L

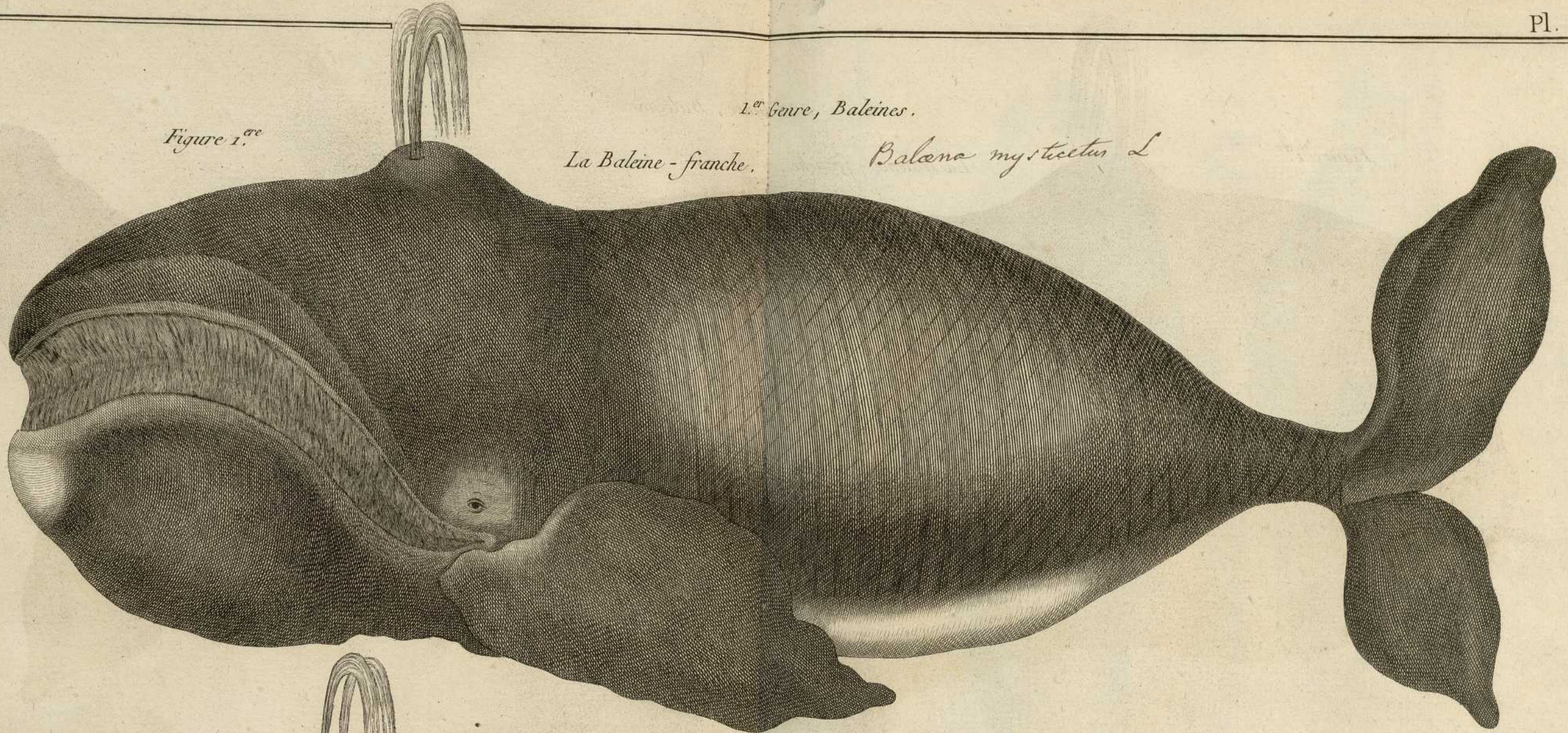


Figure 2.^e

Le Gibbar.

Balæna physalus L

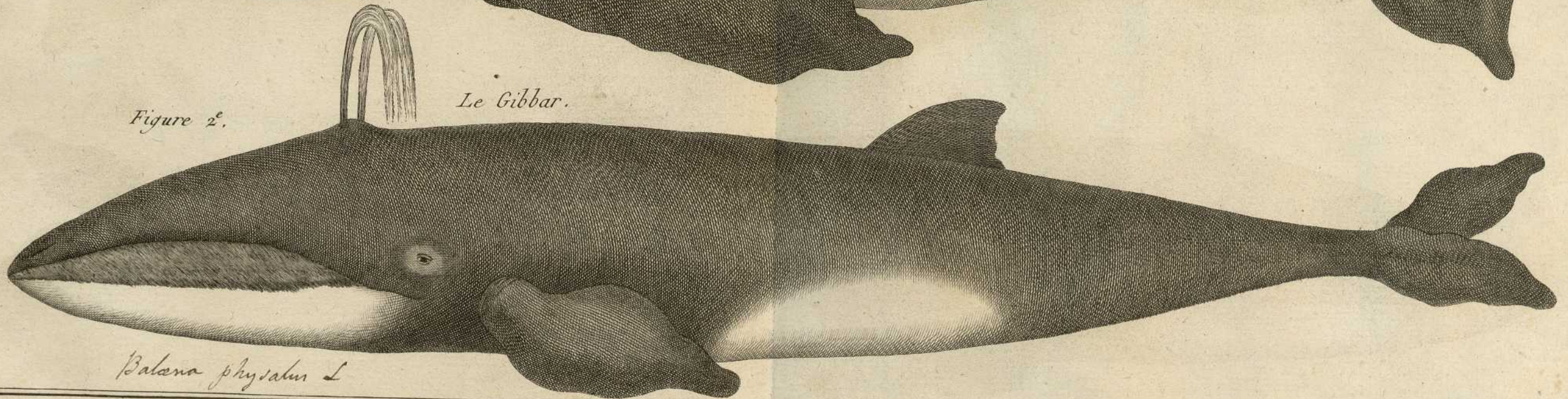
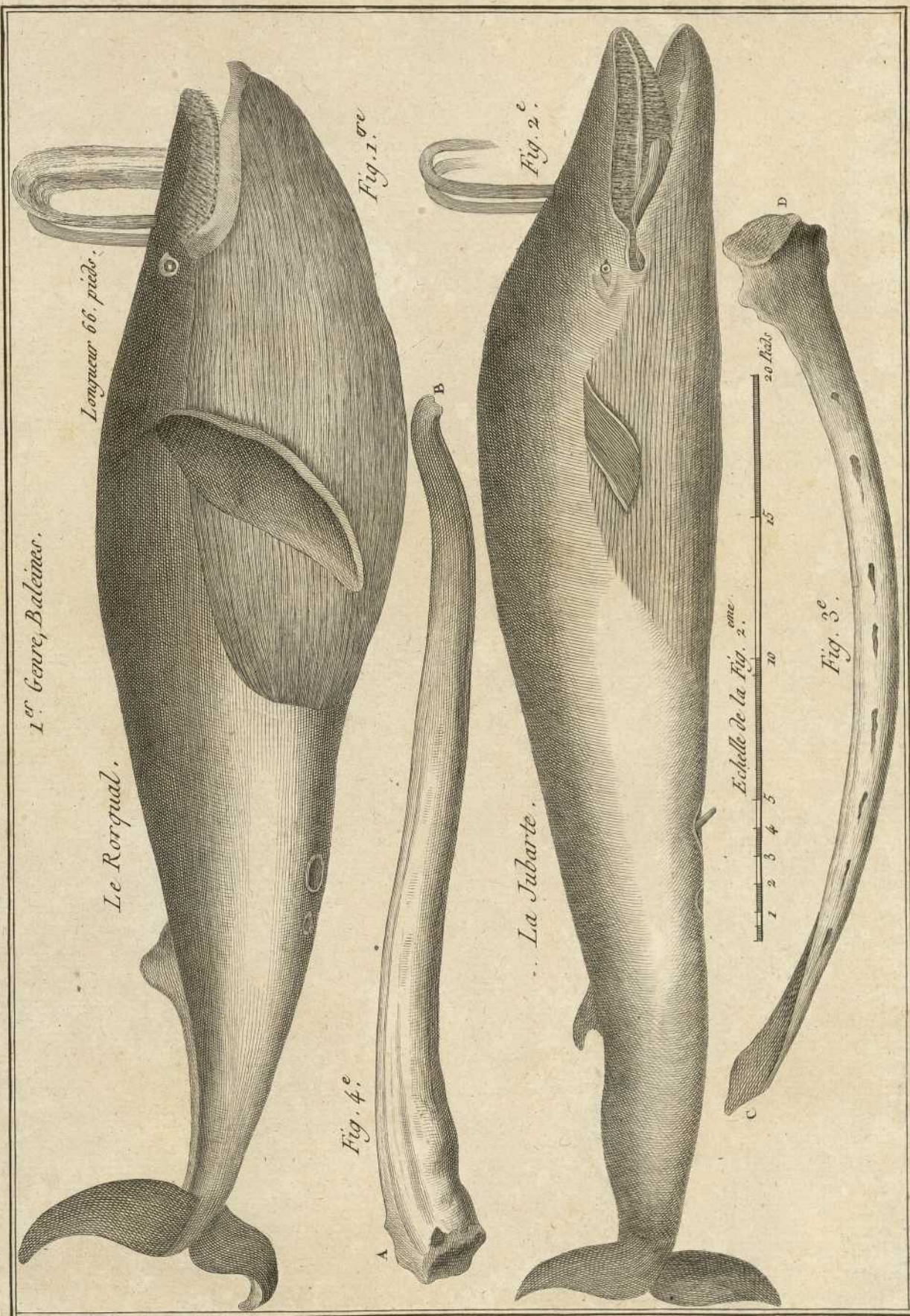


Fig. 1. *Balana musculus* L.

Fig. 2. *Balana loops* Gm.

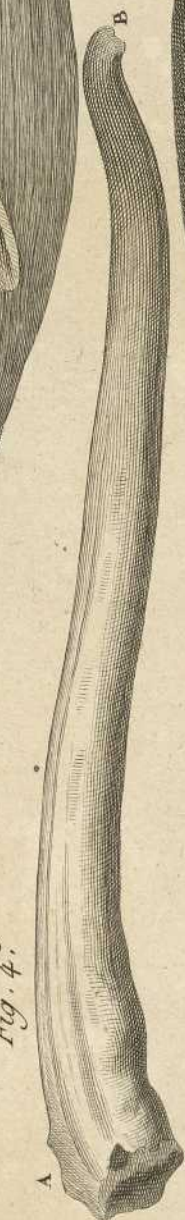


1^{er} Genre, Baleines.

Le Rorqual.

Longueur 66. pieds.

Fig. 4^e.



La Jubarte.

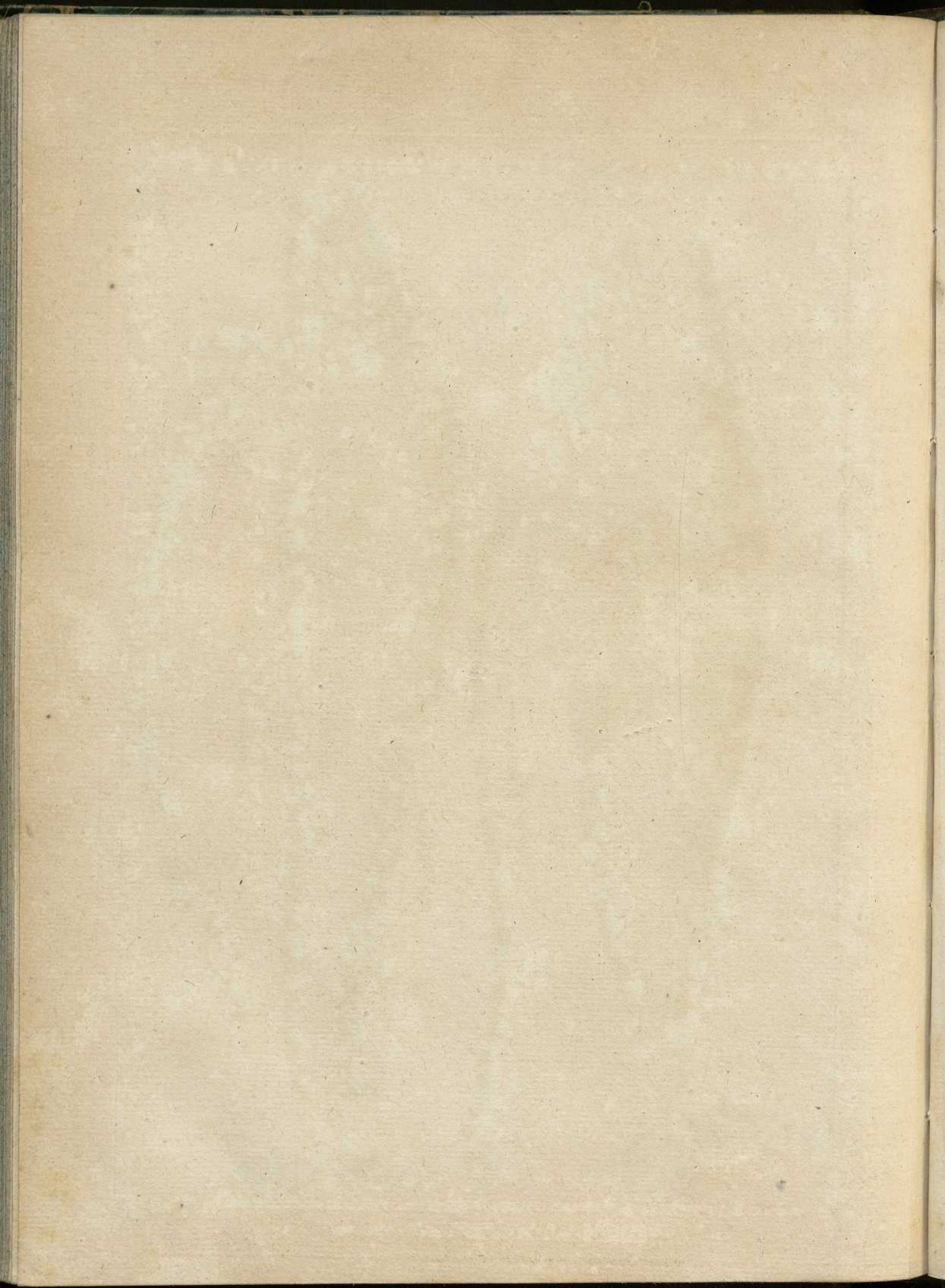
Fig. 2^e.

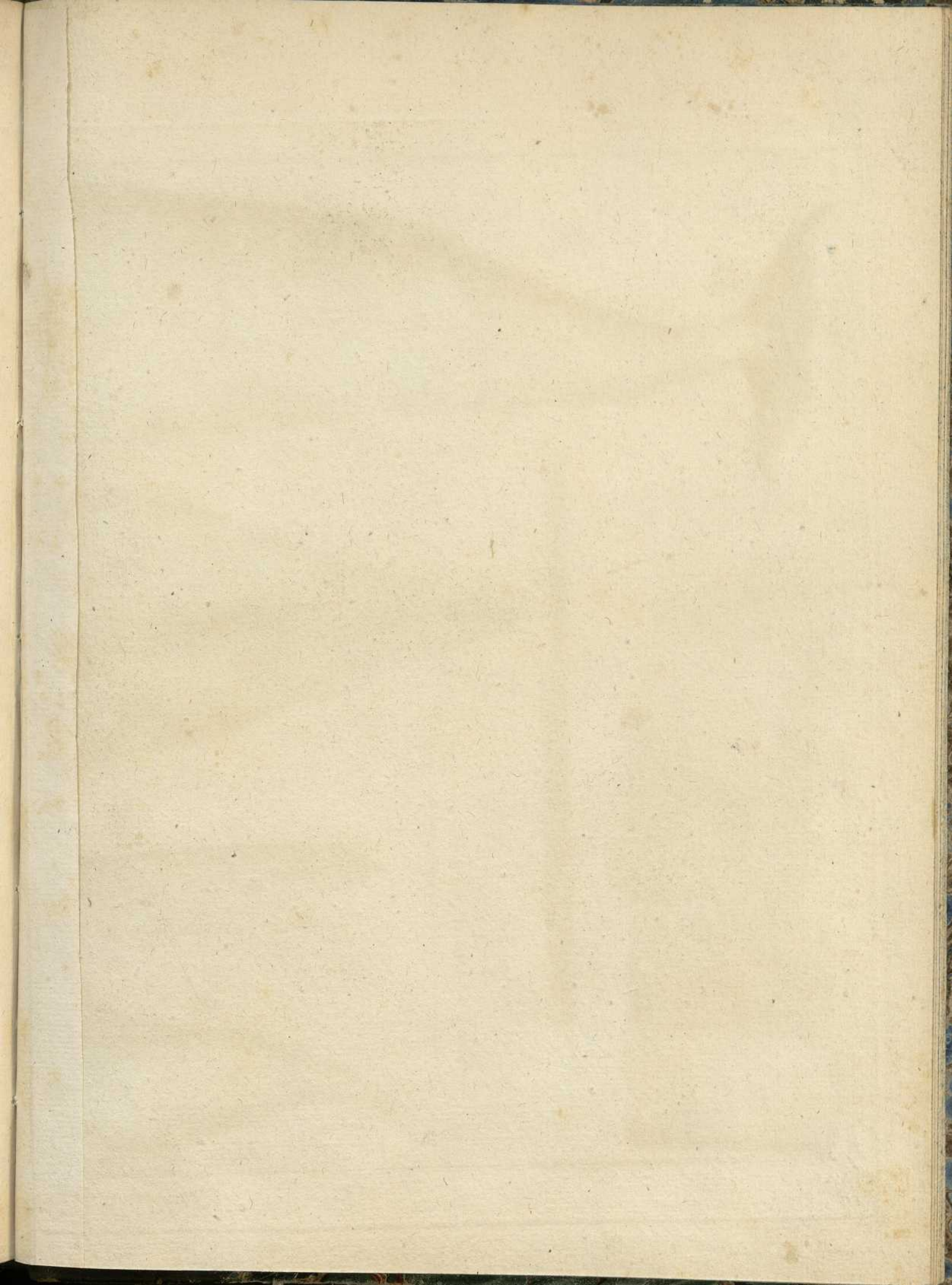
Echelle de la Fig. 2^e.

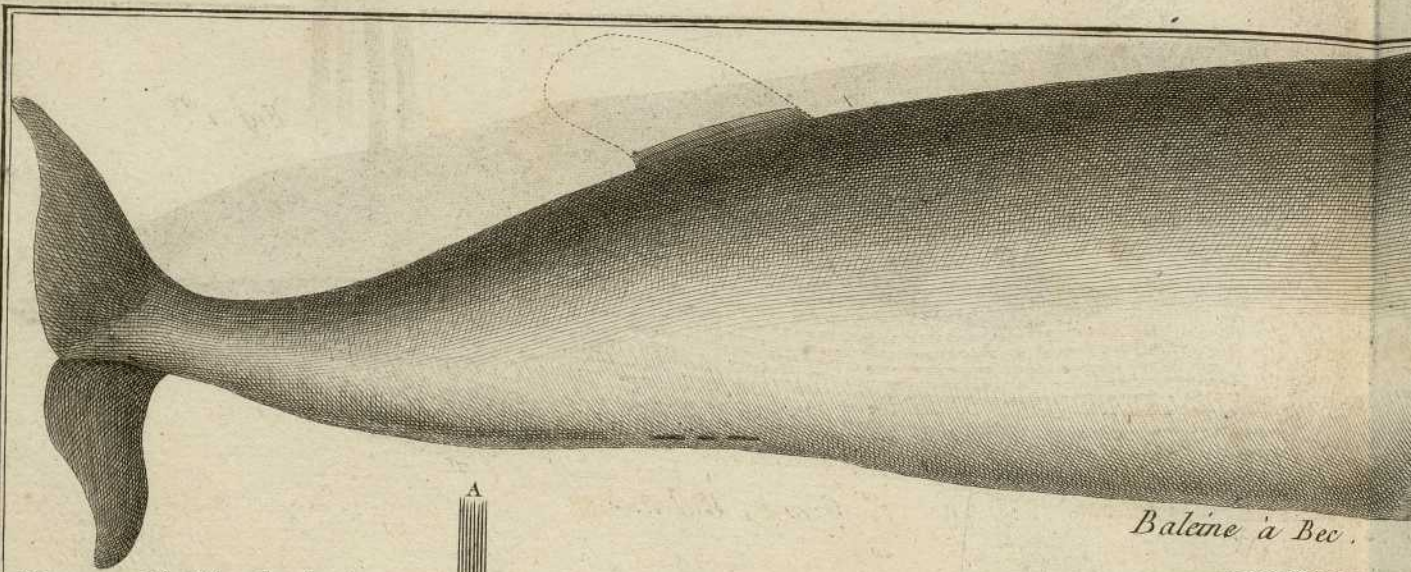


Fig. 3^e.









Baleine à Bec.

*Vue perpendiculaires de plusieurs
Fanons réunis. Fig. 5.*

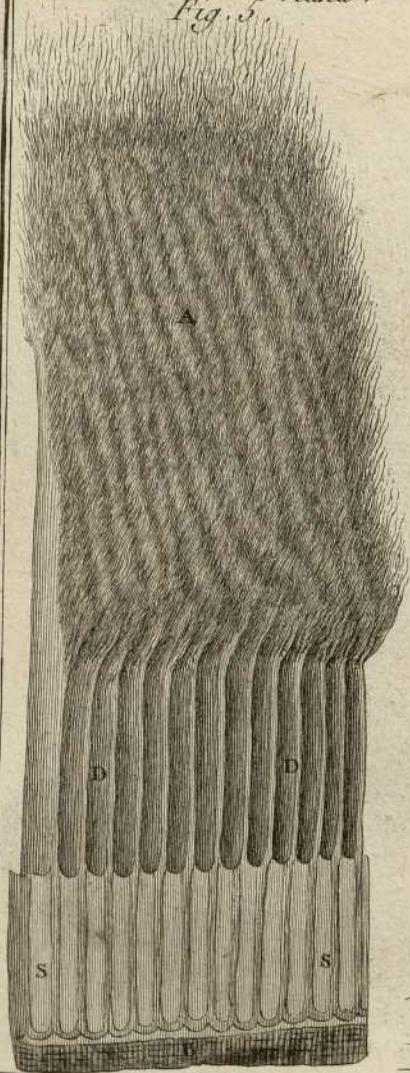
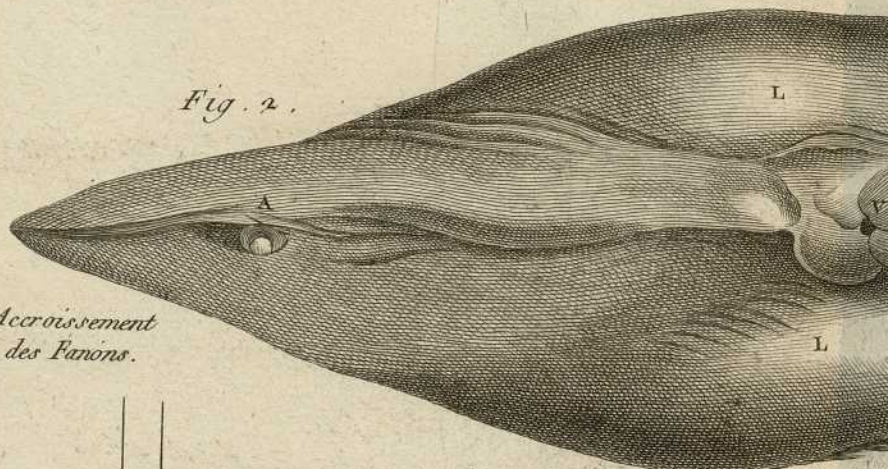


Fig. 2.



*Accroissement
des Fanons.*

Les parties extérieures de la gencive

Fig. 6.

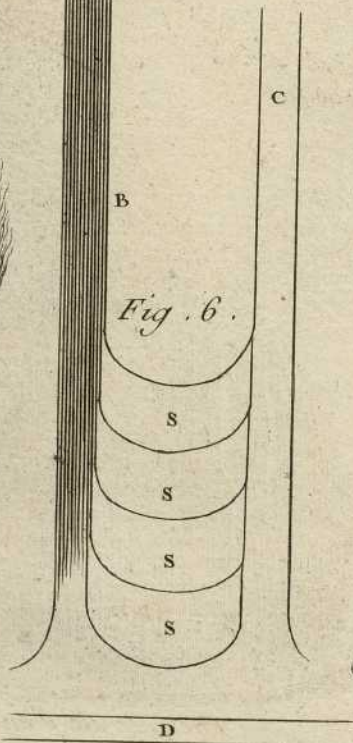
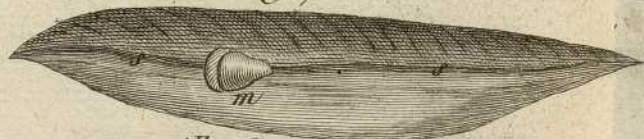
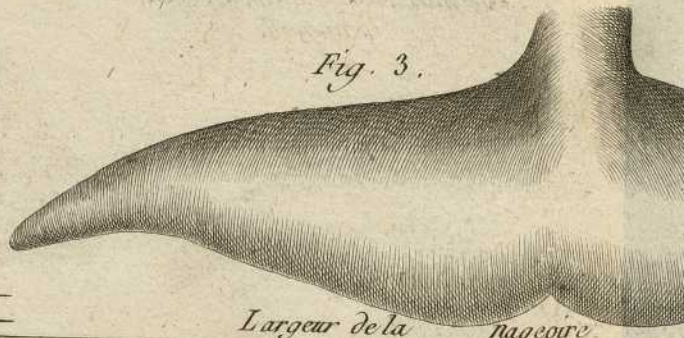


Fig. 7.

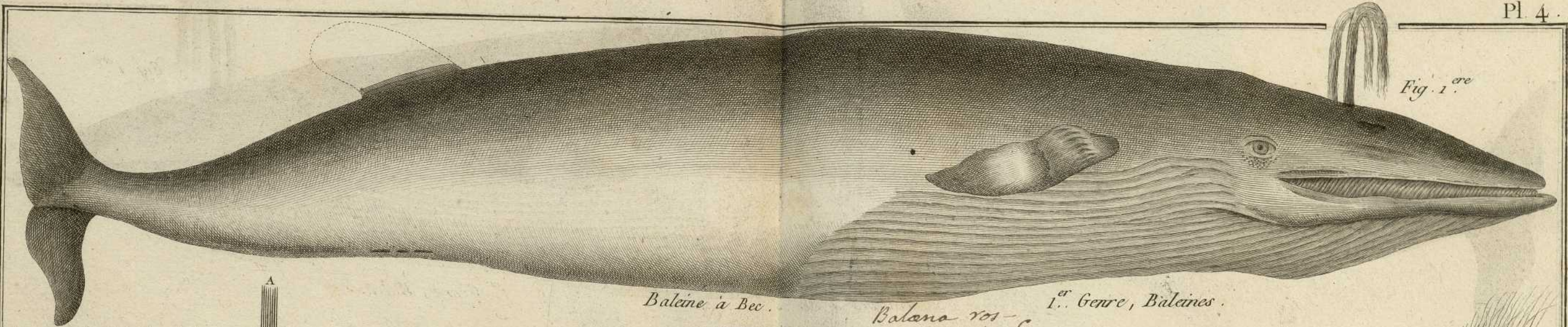


Sillon de la mamelle gauche.

Fig. 3.



Largeur de la nageoire



Vue perpendiculaires de plusieurs Fanons réunis. Fig. 5.

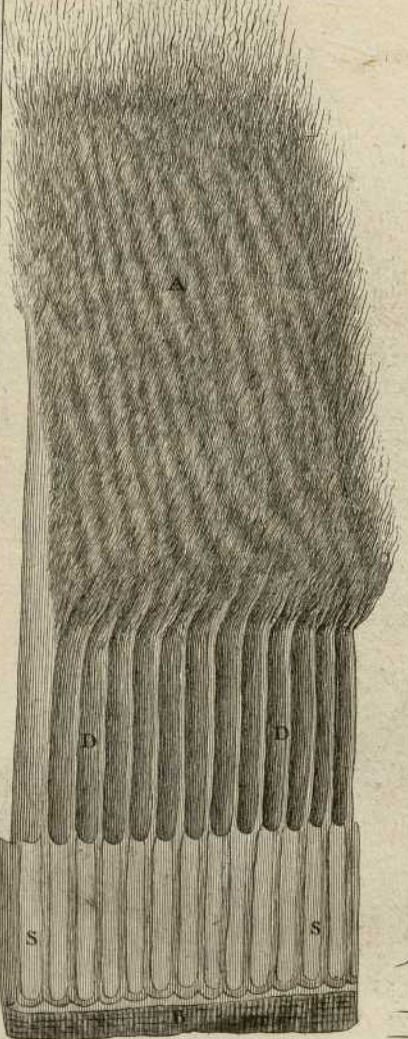
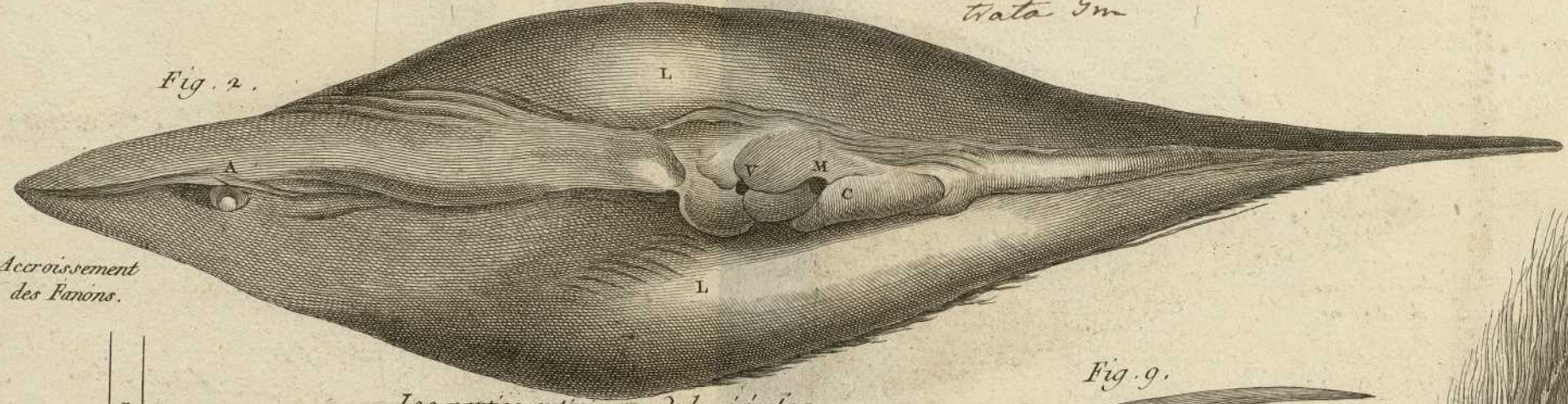


Fig. 2.



Accroissement des Fanons.

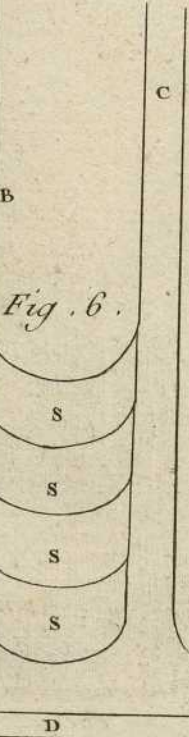


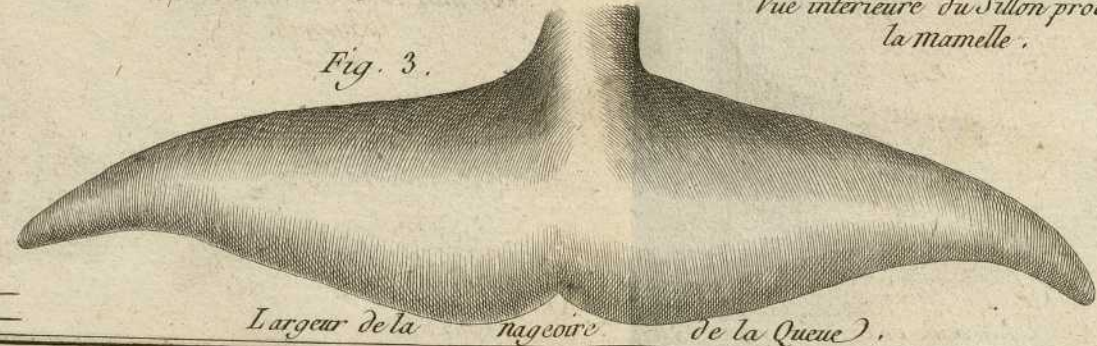
Fig. 6.

Les parties extérieures de la génération.



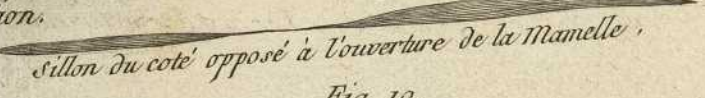
Sillon de la mamelle gauche.

Fig. 3.



Largeur de la nageoire de la Queue.

Fig. 9.



Sillon du côté opposé à l'ouverture de la Mamelle.

Fig. 10.



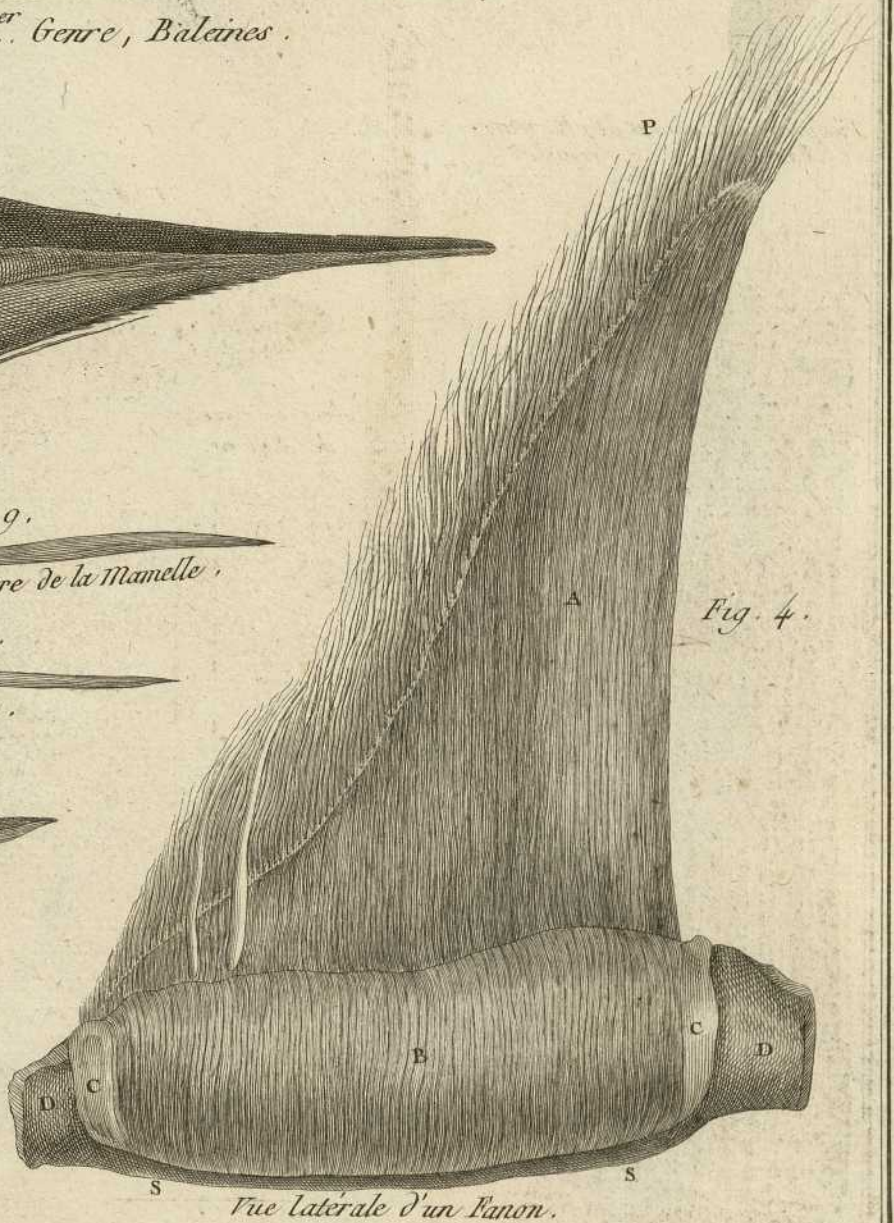
Sillon de la Mamelle droite.

Fig. 8.



Vue intérieure du Sillon proche la mamelle.

Fig. 4.



Vue latérale d'un Fanon.

2.^e Genre.

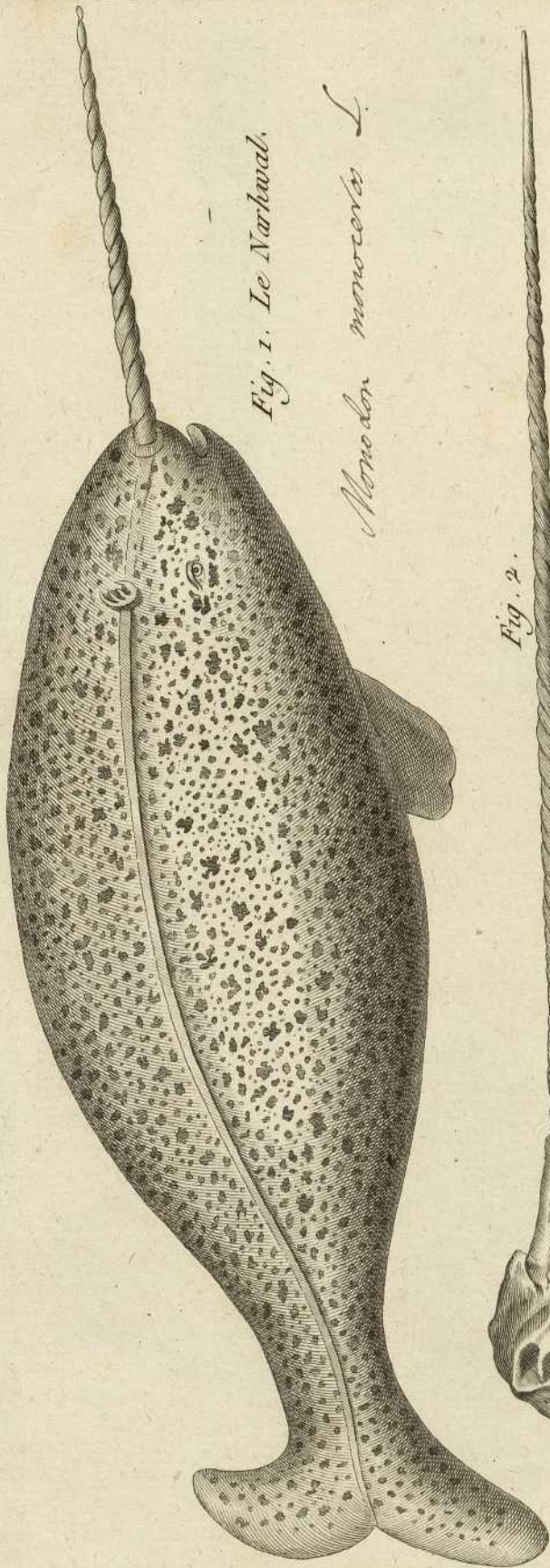


Fig. 1. Le Narhwal.

Monodon monoceros L.

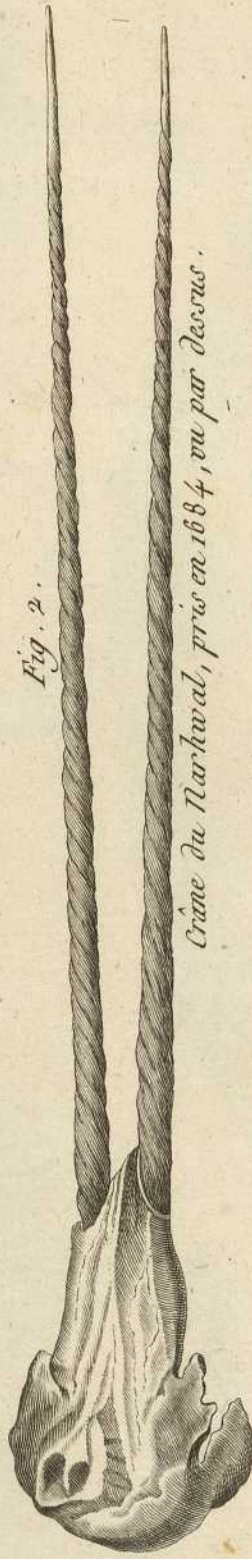


Fig. 2.

Crâne du Narhwal, pris en 1684, vu par dessous.

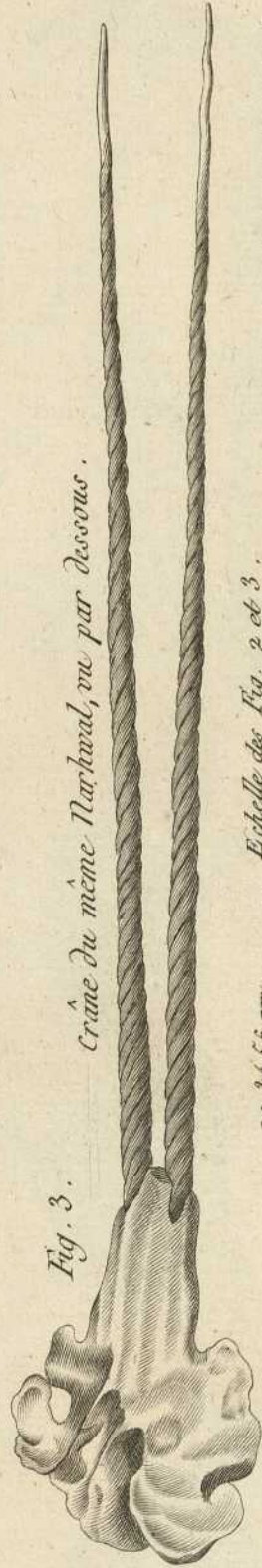


Fig. 3.

Crâne du même Narhwal, vu par dessus.

Echelle des Fig. 2 et 3.

1 2 3 4 5 pou.

Physeter macrocephalus L
Catodon id. Lacep

3^e. Genre, Cachalots.

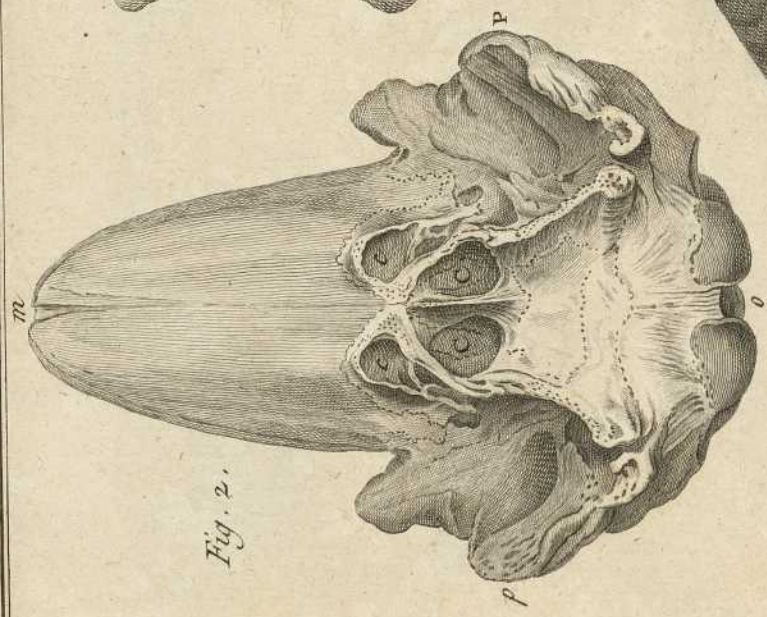
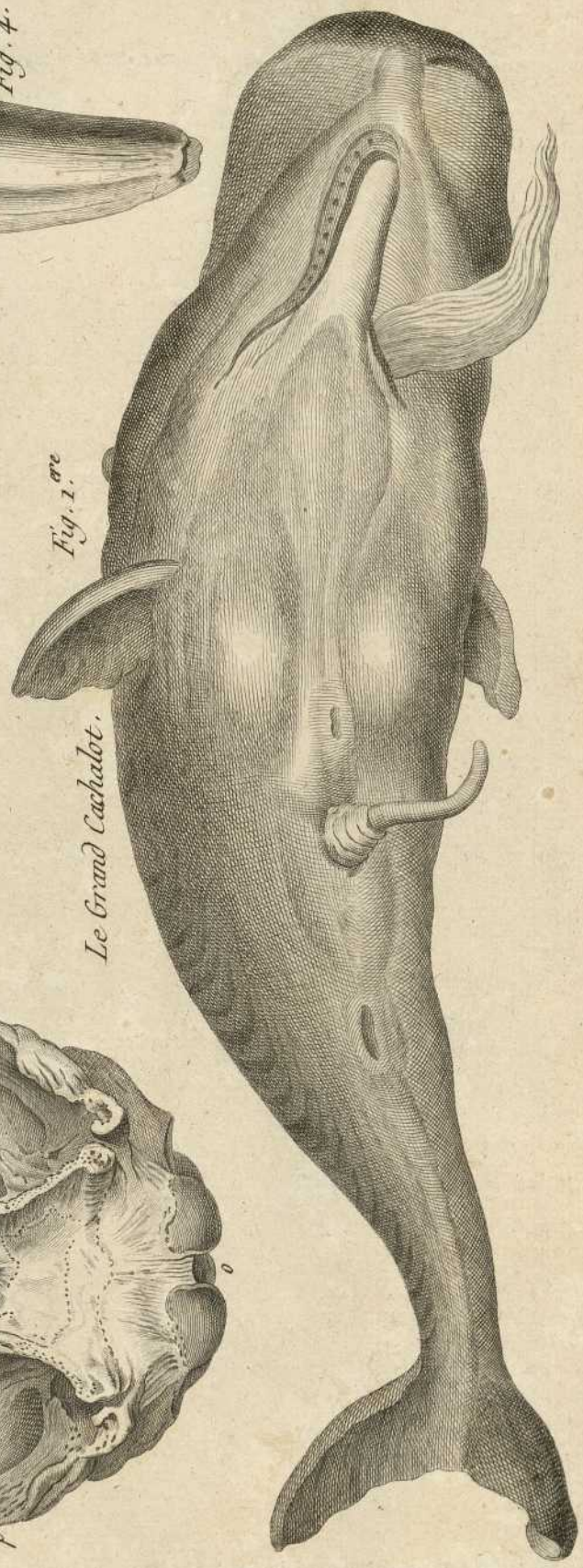
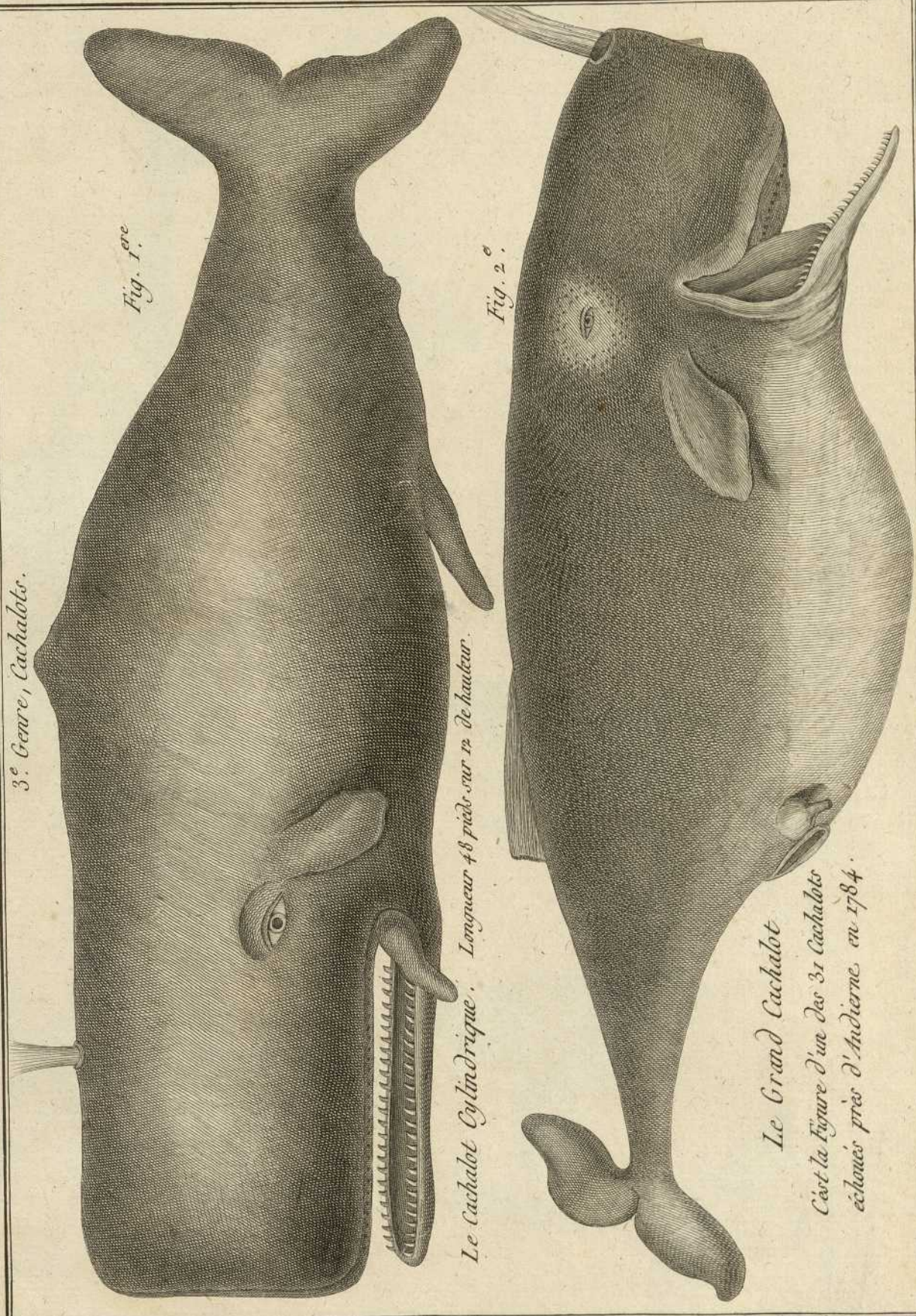


Fig. 1. *Physeter macrocephalus* L.
Physalus cylindricus Lacep.

Fig. 2. *Physeter macrocephalus* L.



3^e. Genre, Cachalots.

Fig. 1^{re}.

Fig. 2^e.

Le Cachalot Cylindrique. Longueur 48 pieds sur 12 de hauteur.

Le Grand Cachalot
C'est la Figure d'un des 31 Cachalots
échoués près d'Andierne en 1784.

Catodon *Wumpo* *Saepp.*
Physetes *id.* *Idem.*

3^e. Genre, Cachalots.

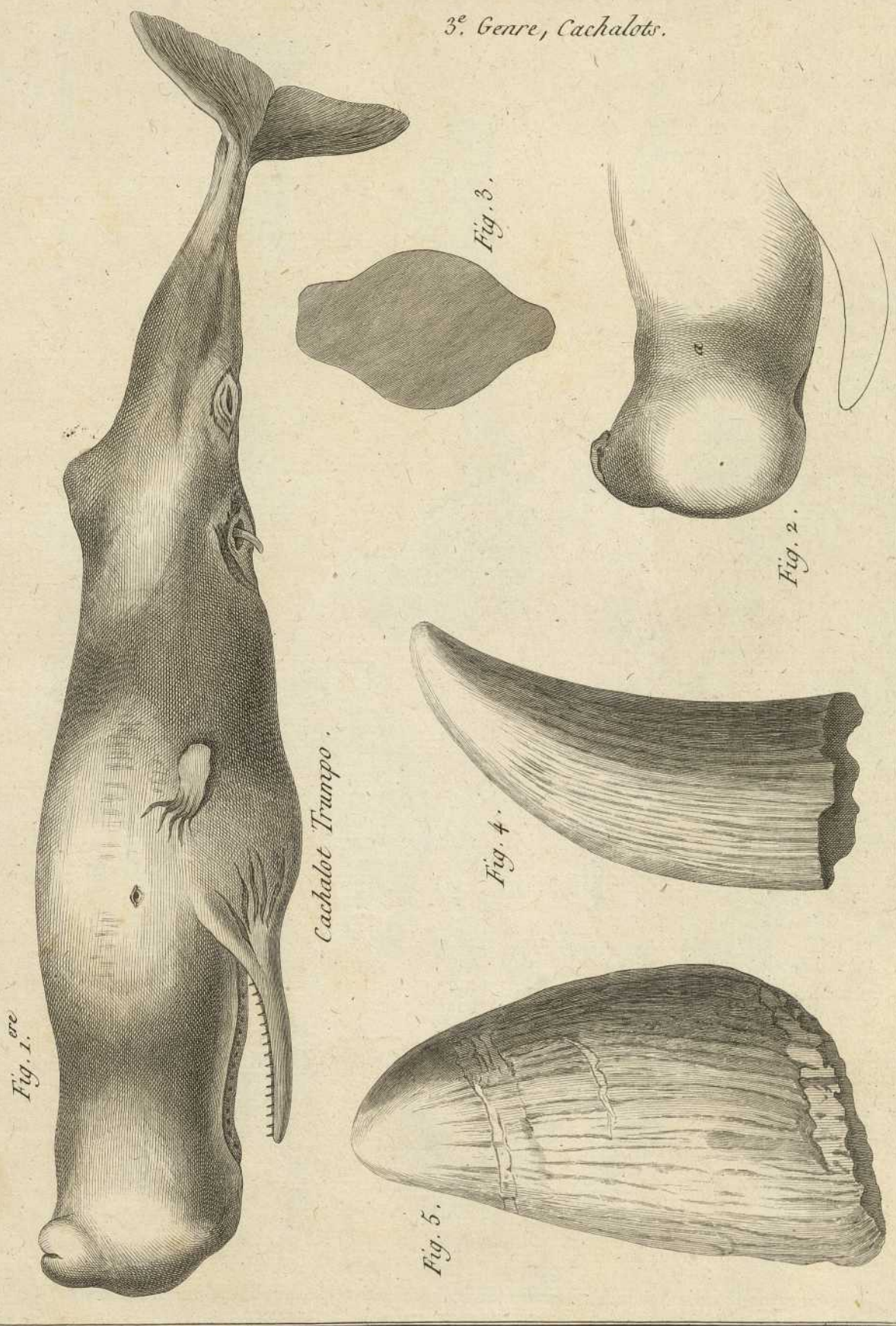


Fig. 1.

Cachalot Trunpo.

Fig. 3.

Fig. 2.

Fig. 4.

Fig. 5.

Anatomie du Dauphin.

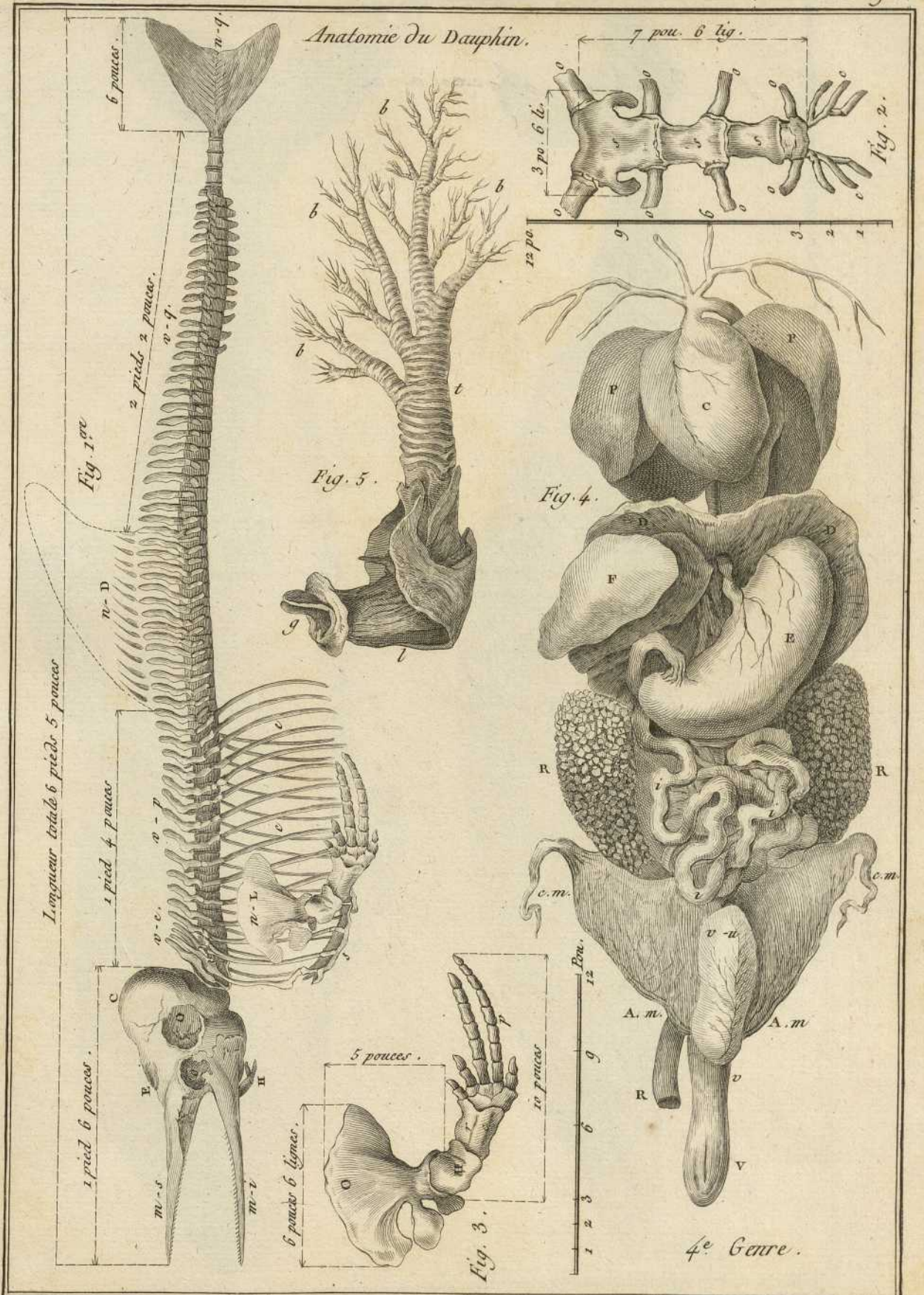


Fig. 1. *Delphinus phocaena* L.

Fig. 2. *Delphinus delphis* L.

4^e Genre.

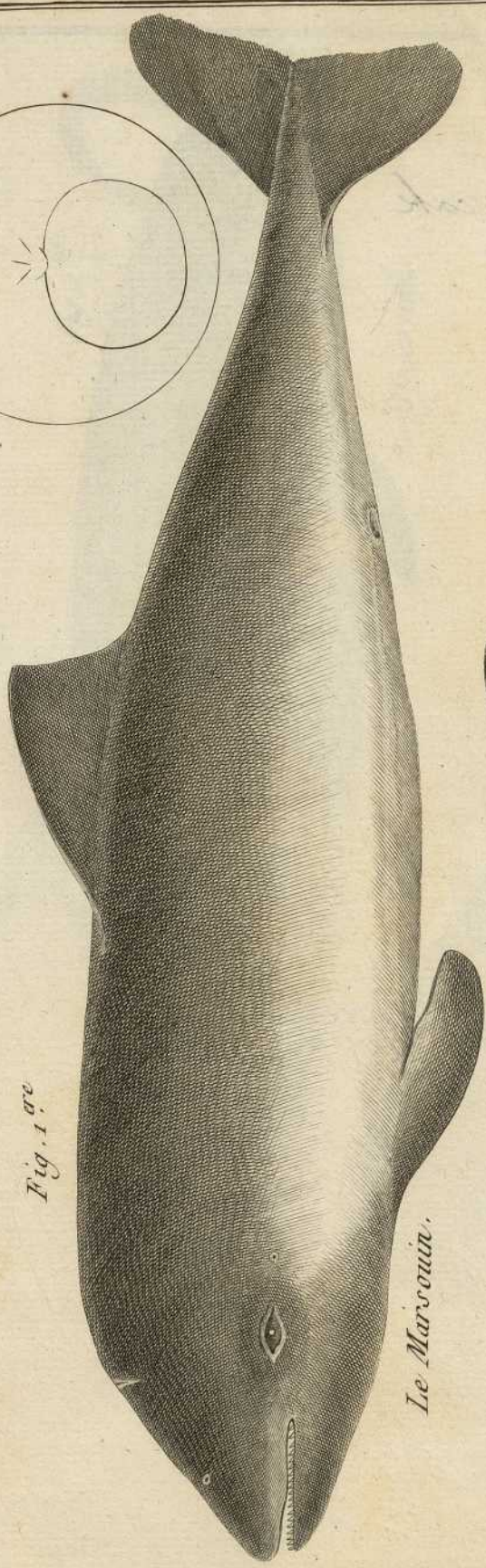


Fig. 1^{re}

Le Marsouin.

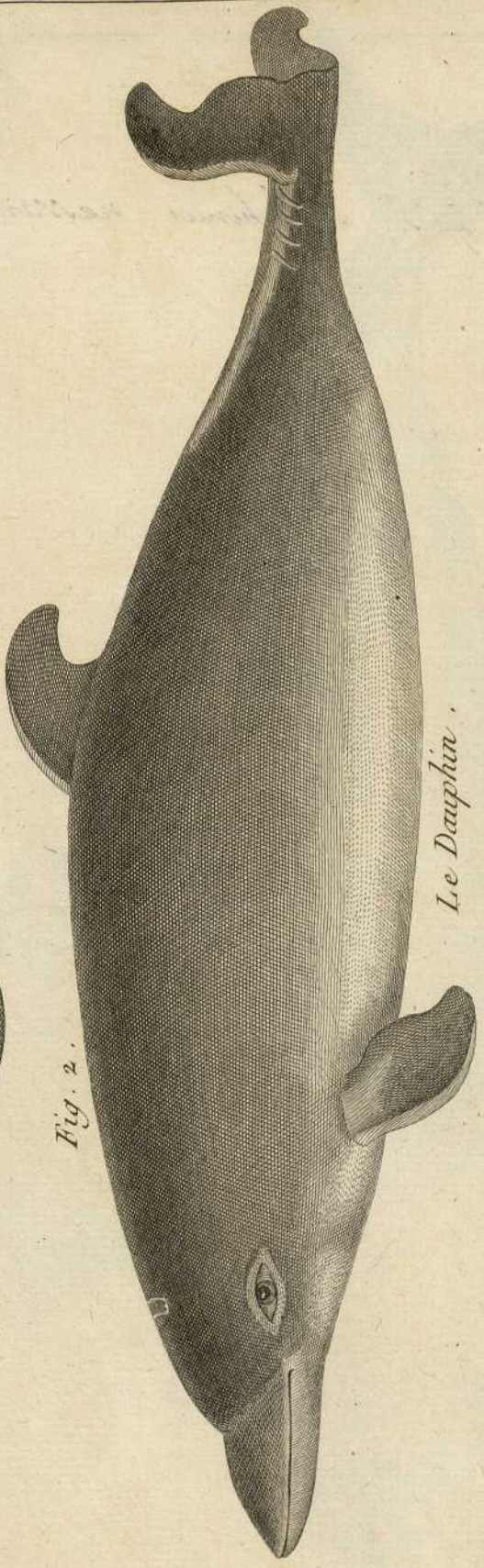
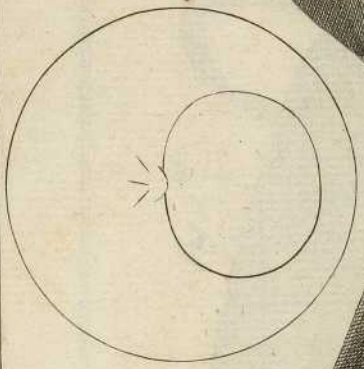


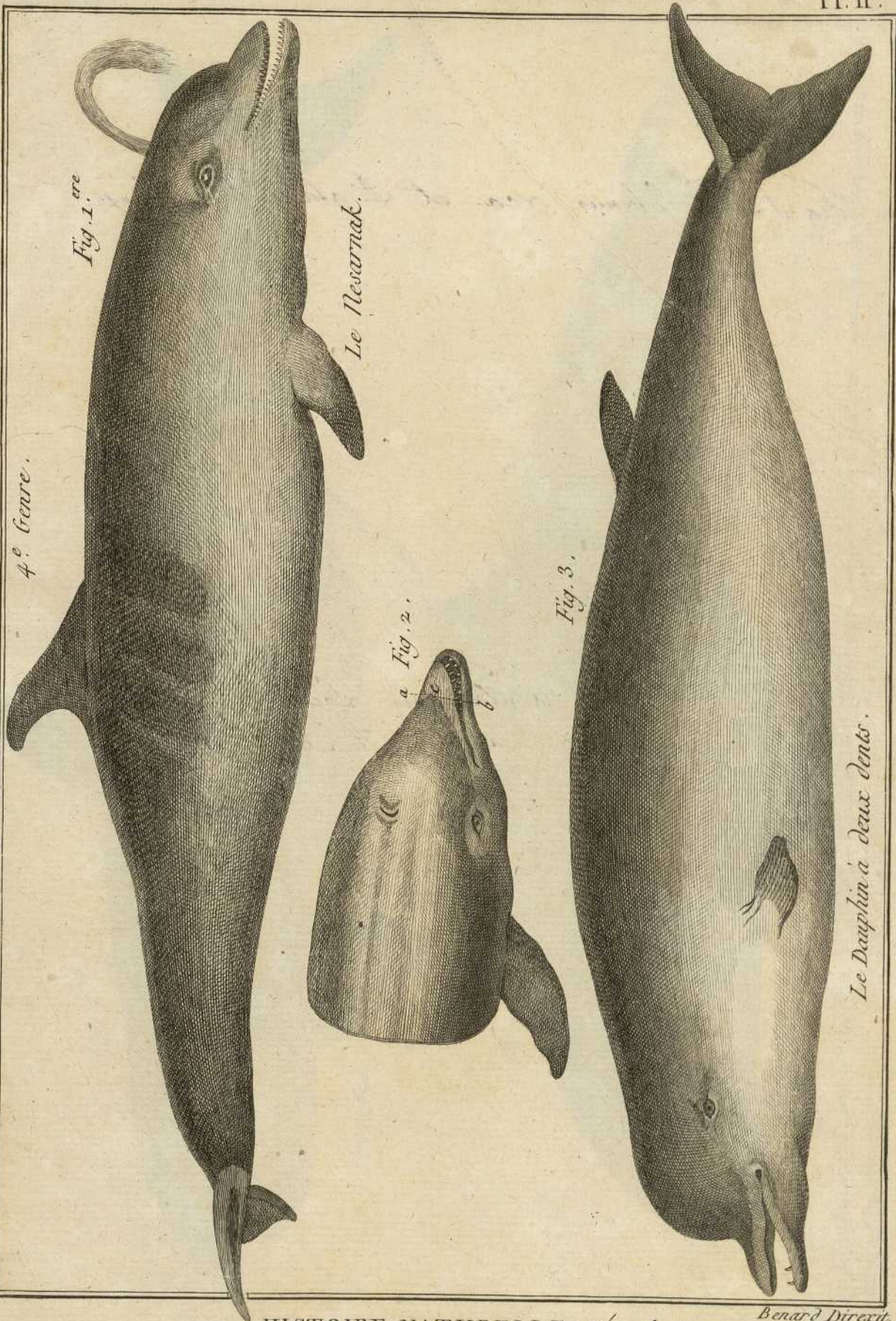
Fig. 2.

Le Dauphin.

Fig. 1. *Delphinus nescarcate* Fab.

Fig. 2

Fig. 3 *Delphinus bidentatus* Hunter
Heterodon Hunteri Lesca.



4. e. Genre.

Fig. 1. ere

Le Narval.

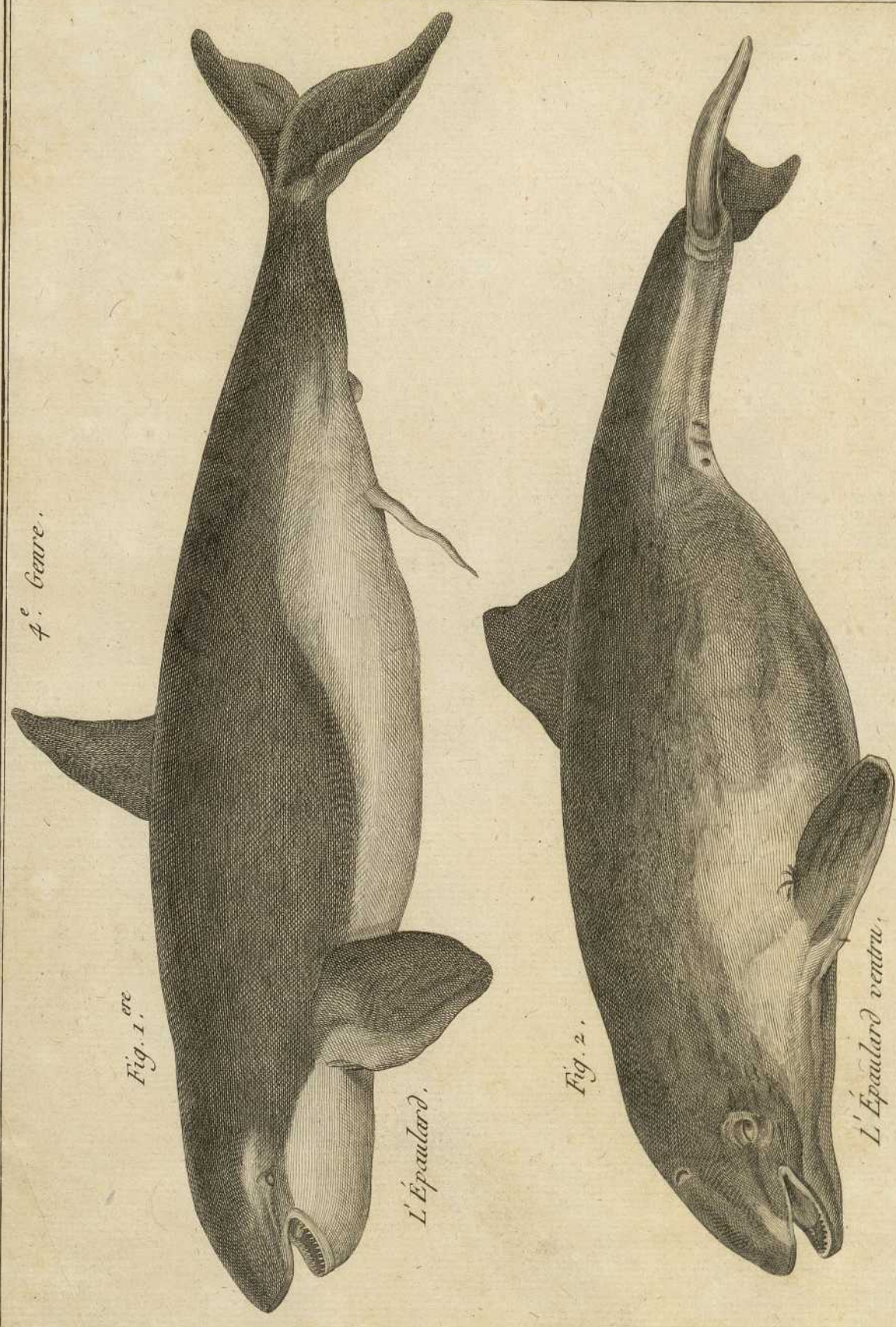
Fig. 2.

Fig. 3.

Le Dauphin à deux dents.

Fig. 1. *Delphinus oca* et *D. gladiator* Lacep.

Fig. 2. *Delphinus ventriosus* Lacep.
Phocaena id. Hunter.



4.^e Genre.

Fig. 1.

L'Épaulard.

Fig. 2.

L'Épaulard ventru.



THE FOUR FIGURES OF THE WHALE

