

Data management plan template

University Library of Granada Open Access-Open Data Group.

(Version 2, January 2020)

The aim of this document is to serve as a guide for researchers who must draw up their Data Management Plans (DMPs) in compliance with the regulations for research projects funded under the European Commission's Horizon 2020 plan. These DMPs must necessarily stipulate the measures taken by researchers to make their data FAIR, i.e. Findable, Accessible, Interoperable and Reusable.

This document includes:

- -A description of the contents required in the Data Management Plans in the Horizon 2020 framework
- -A template for the elaboration of a Data Management Plan that uses the repository of the University of Granada, DIGIBUG, as a place to host the dataset.
- -A practical example: Data Management Plan developed by the ARIADNE project [http://dx.doi.org/10.30827/Digibug.59003] following the Horizon 2020 model.



[DMP Frontpage]

PROJECT

[Document information (project description)]

Project name	
Project acronym	
Status	
Security	
Coordinator	
Start date	
Contact	
Project URL	

[Historical - Revision of the document]

Date	Author	Description
	Date	Date Author

[Statement / Validation]



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In this guide we intend to focus on the functional requirements for describing the set of data collected or created during your research. The sections into which it is divided correspond to the indications of the Horizon 2020 plan. These sections or epigraphs are indicative and in point 1, Data summary; you can replace the sections with a brief description including the minimum information required.



I.	Data su	mmary - Admin Data	You should provide a summary of your project data, addressing as far as possible the following	
	A.	Purpose:	aspects:	
	В.	Relevance to Project targets	Must set the purpose of data collection or creation.	
			Explain the relationship of the data to the project objective.	
	C.	Type and format of Data		
	D.	Re-Used Data	Describe and specify the type of data created or collected during your research, as well as the format of such data.	
	E.	Data Origin	Indicate whether existing data is reused.	
			Specify their origin.	
	F.	Quantity	Once the size of the data is known, you should specify it as far as possible.	
	G.	Data value	Describe the value of the data. Reach third parties, i.e. to whom they may be of value.	



II. FAIR Data

This second section must include information to make the dataset or set of research data, localizable, accessible and reusable through the application of the principles of interoperability and licensing. We recommend that in this section you respect the following parts.

A. Discoverability of Data [Findable Data]



- Metadata system
- Identifiers
- Used nomenclature
- Keywords
- Standards for the creation of metadata. If there is no standard in the project discipline, describe the metadata that will be created and how it will be done.

B. Data accesibility

You must guarantee the Interoperability of your data through the following indications:

- What data, metadata, standards or methodologies have you followed to make your dataset interoperable?
- Did you use a recommended standard vocabulary to ensure interoperability? If not, briefly and concisely specify the ontologies used.



C. Making Data Interoperable

Include metadata information to make your data interoperable:

- You must indicate what data will be available. Remember that if any data is to remain confidential you must justify the reason.
- Indicate the method used to make your dataset available.
- You must also describe or indicate what program or software is needed to access the data described and if possible, in the case of free software, incorporate that tool.
- Do not forget to indicate where the data, metadata, documentation and other material are housed. In our case insert the description of our institutional repository DIGIBUG.

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D. Re-usable data

To increase the Reuse of your dataset, indicate the following:

- License type: Choose a type that allows the reuse of the dataset as broadly as possible, in the same way you must specify it in this section of the plan.
- When and for how long the data will be available for reuse. In case of applying an embargo period to the data, explain the causes and its duration.
- Whether or not you allow third parties to use the data created or used in the project after its completion. Specify the reasons for a possible restriction of the dataset.
- Description of the processes that ensure data quality.
- Finally, indicate the period of time in which the data will be reusable



III. Allocation of resources

This should include information on the resources for adapting the dataset to the FAIR data principles.

- Explain the budget, the cost of applying FAIR to the dataset.
- Indicate those responsible for managing the data within the project.
- Describe the costs required for long-term preservation.

IV. Data security

Specify in detail the following information regarding your dataset

- Data recoverability
- Your storage
- The transfer and processing of sensitive data.

V. Ethical aspects

We recommend that in this section you report on the ethical aspects of dataset in line with the ethical review, the ethical section of the Action Paper and the reports submitted.

Include references and technical details to ensure that these aspects are sufficiently explained.



VI. Others

Mention and describe, in this section, any other procedure or data management that is being used in the project.



ARIADNE - Structure and dynamics in active glass-forming liquids

Data Management Plan

Project Name	Structure and dynamics in active glass-forming liquids		
Project Acronym (number)	ARIADNE (840195)		
Funding	European Commission - MSCA-IF-EF-ST (2018)		
Coordinator	Sándalo Roldán-Vargas		
Beneficiary	University of Granada, Spain		
Deliverable Number	1		
Deliverable Title	Data Management Plan		
Due Date 01/12/2019			
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Status	Submitted		
Dissemination level	Public		
Contact	sandalo@ugr.es		

Version Modifications		Date	Author
1.0	Initial Document Creation	29/11/2019	Sándalo Roldán-Vargas

ARIADNE - Data Management Plan

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1. Data Summary

1.1. Introduction and purpose

This report describes the initial **Data Management Plan** (DMP) for the project **ARIADNE (840195)**, which is funded by the European Commission through the Marie Skłodowska-Curie Actions (MSCA) as part of the Individual European Standard Fellowship Programme (IF-EF-ST). The coordinator of this DMP, who is also the experienced researcher associated to the funded fellowship, is Dr. Sándalo Roldán-Vargas from the department of applied physics at the University of Granada (UGR), Spain (the beneficiary institution).

The purpose of this DMP is to provide a detailed description of the procedures and protocols for the management of the datasets generated during the lifetime of the project. This DMP will describe the main data management principles in terms of data standards and metadata, sharing, archiving, preservation, and security.

This is an alive document that will be updated at regular intervals during the lifetime of the project and be allocated in the institutional repository of the UGR, DIGIBUG, under the name of ARIADNE 01 DMP V1.0 WP4.pdf (see section 2.1 for naming conventions).

1.2. Relevance to project targets

ARIADNE will generate several datasets of different types both quantitative and qualitative. The data management will serve to support the project scientific objectives and spread the project results. This includes the management of three main data categories:

- **1- Research objectives**. The datasets associated to this category will allow any potential user to replicate the main scientific results of the project. This includes data from experiments and computer simulations as well as codes to produce and analyze data.
- **2- Dissemination activities for expert audiences**. The datasets associated to this category will give access to any potential user to those documents summarizing the main scientific results of the project. This includes preprints, technical reports (*e.g.* protocols), and conference presentations.
- **3- Communication activities for non-experts audiences**. The datasets associated to this category will give access to any potential user to those documents dedicated to educational purposes. This includes presentations used in events for distinct non-expert audiences and teaching material for undergraduate and graduated students.

1.3. Type, origin, format, and quantity of data

ARIADNE aims to investigate the dynamic and structural collective patterns arising in systems of active particles (in particular bacterial colonies) at high densities. To this purpose, ARIADNE proposes two complementary approaches. On one hand, during the lifetime of the project ARIADNE will generate data coming from three different experimental techniques: light scattering (static and dynamic), rheology, and microscopy (optical and transmission electron microscopy, TEM). On the other hand, ARIADNE will generate data coming from Molecular Dynamics (MD) simulations whose codes will be created from scratch and will be open to any potential user. Apart from the research objectives, ARIADNE will generate data to disseminate its results between different expert audiences and data for educational purposes. A brief description of the main objectives (both scientific and pedagogical) can be found in the work package table presented in Annex A.

ARIADNE will generate data with different formats that will be accessible using free software (see table in section 2.2). The different formats are presented in the table below.

Type of Data	Description	Format
Compressed data	Apart from saving data storage, compression will be used for packaging files with similar and/or complementary content	TAR.GZ (other formats inside)
Crude numerical data	Experimental and computational	dat
Images	Scientific and educational purposes	JPEG, PNG, TIFF, PDF
Codes (programing languages)	Used for both running simulations and analyzing data	FORTRAN and Python (codes), dat (parameter files and readme's)
Reports	Scientific, technical, and educational purposes	PDF
Paper preprints	Green open access according to the H2020 guidelines	PDF
Graphical representations	Used for graphical analysis and Molecular Visualization	XMGRACE, VMD
Presentations	Scientific and educational purposes	PDF and Keynote (talks and posters), mp4 (video)

ARIADNE will create data from <u>five distinct origins</u>: experimental, computational, reports (technical and pedagogical), paper preprints, and presentations (technical and pedagogical). In the following four tables we summarize in a tentative scheme the different types of datasets that will be generated by ARIADNE linked to the four project work packages presented in Annex A. The total estimated amount of data is around 7GB, with datasets ranging from 10MB to 1000MB.

ARIADNE - Data Management Plan

Work Package 1. Location of the Glass Transition (Research Objectives O1, O2, and O3)					
Type of dataset	Origin	Format	Quantity		
Dynamic Light Scattering (DLS) measurements	Experimental	TAR.GZ (dat)	< 200 MB		
Static Light Scattering (SLS) measurements	Experimental	TAR.GZ (dat)	< 200 MB		
Rheology measurements	Experimental	TAR.GZ (dat)	< 100 MB		
Optical microscopy images	Experimental	JPEG, PNG, TIFF, PDF	< 300 MB		
Optical microscopy data	Experimental	TAR.GZ (dat)	< 500 MB		
TEM images	Experimental	JPEG, PNG, TIFF, PDF	< 200 MB		
Data from MD simulations (Isotropic systems)	Computational	TAR.GZ (dat)	< 1000 MB		
Data from MD simulations (Non-isotropic systems)	Computational	TAR.GZ (dat)	< 500 MB		
Data from MD simulations (Polar systems)	Computational	TAR.GZ (dat)	< 500 MB		
MD codes (Isotropic systems)	Computational	TAR.GZ (FORTRAN, dat)	< 50 MB		
MD codes (Non-isotropic systems)	Computational	TAR.GZ (FORTRAN, dat)	< 50 MB		
MD codes (Polar systems)	Computational	TAR.GZ (FORTRAN, dat)	< 50 MB		
Codes for analyzing experimental Data (see previous data with an experimental origin)	Computational	TAR.GZ (FORTRAN, Python, dat)	< 50 MB		
Codes for analyzing computational Data (see previous data with a computational origin)	Computational	TAR.GZ (FORTRAN, Python, dat)	< 50 MB		
Files containing graphical representations coming from experimental and computational data	Experimental, Computational	TAR.GZ (XMGRACE, VMD)	< 100 MB		

ARIADNE - Data Management Plan

Work Package 2. Study of Collective Properties (Research Objective	es O4 and O5)
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Type of dataset	Origin	Format	Quantity
DLS measurements	Experimental	TAR.GZ (dat)	< 200 MB
SLS measurements	Experimental	TAR.GZ (dat)	< 200 MB
Optical microscopy images	Experimental	JPEG, PNG, TIFF, PDF	< 200 MB
Optical microscopy data	Experimental	TAR.GZ (dat)	< 500 MB
Codes for analyzing dynamic collective properties in experimental Data	Computational	TAR.GZ (FORTRAN, Python, dat)	< 50 MB
Codes for analyzing dynamic collective properties in computational Data	Computational	TAR.GZ (FORTRAN, Python, dat)	< 50 MB
Codes for analyzing Static collective properties in experimental data	Computational	TAR.GZ (FORTRAN, Python, dat)	< 50 MB
Codes for analyzing static collective properties in computational data	Computational	TAR.GZ (FORTRAN, Python, dat)	< 50 MB
Files containing graphical representations coming from experimental and computational data	Experimental, Computational	TAR.GZ (XMGRACE, VMD)	< 100 MB

Work Package 3. Training and Management						
Type of dataset	Origin	Format	Quantity			
Research training on protocols for sample preparation (Bacterial colonies)	Report	PDF	< 20 MB			
Research training on protocols for DLS measurements	Report	PDF	< 20 MB			
Research training on protocols for SLS measurements	Report	PDF	< 20 MB			
Research training on protocols for rheology measurements	Report	PDF	< 20 MB			
Research training on protocols for optical microscopy measurements	Report	PDF	< 20 MB			
Career Development Plan (with a description of the hands-on-training and management activities)	Report	PDF	< 20 MB			

Work Package 4. Dissemination and Communication			
Type of dataset	Origin	Format	Quantity
DMP (including updates)	Report	PDF	< 10 MB
Final preprint versions of papers for expert audiences (Estimation: 3 preprints)	Paper preprint	PDF	< 20 MB
Presentations in international conferences for expert audiences (including talk presentations, videos, and posters)	Presentation	TAR.GZ (PDF, Keynote, mp4)	< 500 MB
Teaching material (undergraduates/graduates, including lessons on Biological Physics and short courses)	Report	TAR.GZ (PDF, Keynote, mp4	< 500 MB
Presentations in internal seminars	Presentation	PDF, Keynote, mp4)	< 300 MB
Presentations in events for non-expert audiences (including talk presentations, videos, and posters)	Presentation	TAR.GZ (PDF, Keynote, mp4)	< 500 MB

1.4. Data value

ARIADNE aims to reveal how active systems organize and cooperate at different time and length scales at high packing fractions. This general problem presents its culmination in the physical study of archetypal biological systems: bacterial colonies. The data supporting the project scientific results and their dissemination will reach a broad range of expert audiences. This includes: physicists, biologists, chemists, engineers, computer scientists, and professionals from biotechnological companies (e.g. nano-medicine and design of soft materials).

ARIADNE will also generate data for pedagogical purposes that will reach different non-experts audiences. This includes: children and professors of elementary education, students and professors of secondary education, undergraduate and graduate students (particularly in the broad fields of physics and biology), and general public.

ARIADNE will also create new standardization activities that will be supported by the project data management. This includes the creation of technical reports describing new experimental protocols (based on an interplay between biological and physical techniques) as well as a new data context management to maintain and extend the produced computational resources.

2. FAIR Data

2.1. Making data Findable

To ensure data visibility, the metadata system used for the description of the materials hosted in the UGR repository, DIGIBUG, is Dublin Core Qualified. This is a metadata initiative adopted by the European repository OpenAIRE. DIGIBUG assigns a unique identifier (handle) to each document and/or dataset, which allows the identification and citation of electronic documents.

Each dataset generated by ARIADNE will be recorded by a dataset identifier in the general file **ARIADNE_DATASET_LIST.pdf**, which will be hosted (and regularly updated) in **DIGIBUG**. The information of each individual dataset will be included in a linked metadata file, which will be updated (if necessary) and will contain the information appearing in the table below.

Contents of	a generic Metadata file associated to a given Dataset
Dataset Identifier	The ID will result from the naming convention provided in the next table
Tile of the Dataset	The title of the dataset, which will be easily searchable and findable
Responsible Partner	Partner institution responsible for the creation of the dataset (always UGR)
Work Package	Project work package (e.g. WP2, see work package table in Annex A)
Dataset Description	A brief description of the dataset (<i>e.g.</i> DLS measurement, specifying the experiment conditions)
Dataset Benefit	What are the benefits of the dataset (<i>e.g.</i> the data will serve to reproduce some particular results and/or perform further analysis)
Dataset Dissemination	Where will the dataset be disseminated (e.g. peer reviewed journal)
Type Format	See table with formats in section 1.3 (e.g. dat, PDF, TIFF,)
Expected Size	Dataset size (see size in the work package tables in section 1.3)
Source	How was the dataset generated (e.g. experimental data)
Repository	DIGIBUG (for final preprints we will also have an arXiv version, section 3)
DOI (if known)	The DOI will be entered once the dataset has been deposited
Date of Submission	The date of submission will be added once the dataset has been uploaded on the repository
Keywords	Keywords associated with the dataset (e.g. light scattering, E coli bacteria)
Version Number	Version number to keep track of changes (e.g. V1.0)

The dataset identifier (first field in the previous table) will be created according to the convention presented in the table below. The corresponding metadata file will be named by adding **META** at the end of the identifier of its linked dataset file. All the metadata files will have extension .dat.

Convention for creating the Dataset Identifier		
Components	Example	
Project name	ARIADNE (always)	
Two digits chronological number (corresponding to the order of appearance in ARIADNE_DATASET_LIST.pdf)	12	
Title of the dataset	MD-code-polar-systems	
Version of the dataset (DIGIBUG will allow to keep several versions)	V1.0	
Work Package associated to the dataset	WP1	
Format of the dataset	TAR.GZ	
Example dataset file identifier: ARIADNE_12_MD-code-polar-systems_V1.0_WP1.TAR.GZ Example metadata file identifier: ARIADNE_12_MD-code-polar-systems_V1.0_WP1_META.dat		

2.2. Making data openly accessible

The data hosted in the institutional repository DIGIBUG will be accessible to the complete research community. In this respect, the data generated by ARIADNE does not entail Intellectual Property (IP) rights such as patents, trademarks, or copyrights. The agreement, supervised by UGR's Research Results Transfer Office, between the beneficiary institution (UGR) and the DMP coordinator complies with the IP-MSCA rules for access rights (royalty-free basis) and results ownership. The data generated will be accessible through the DIGIBUG website and will be open to any user without restrictions.

In the table below we provide examples of software packages to open and/or use the data generated by ARIADNE for different operating systems (Ubuntu, MacOS, and Windows) and for all the formats. These examples are not unique and the potential user might use other standard packages and/or platforms. At least one of the options for each format is free software based (Ubuntu).

Format	Examples of software (operating system) to open/use them	
TAR.GZ	TAR.GZ package (Ubuntu), tar utility (MacOS), 7-Zip (Windows)	
dat	GNU emacs (Ubuntu, MacOS), Notepad (Windows)	
PDF	Adobe Reader (Ubuntu, Windows), Preview (MacOS)	
JPEG, PNG, TIFF	gThumb (Ubuntu), Preview (MacOS), Adobe Illustrator (Windows)	
FORTRAN	gfortran (Ubuntu, MacOS, Windows)	
Python	Python sources releases (Ubuntu, MacOS, Windows) in www.python.org	
XMGRACE	XMGRACE (Ubuntu), XQuartz (MacOS), QtGrace (Windows)	
VMD	Visual Molecular Dynamics (VMD) (Ubuntu, MacOS, Windows) in www.ks.uiuc.edu/Research/vmd/ (Theoretical and Computational Biophysics group at the Beckman Institute, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign)	
Keynote	Keynote (MacOS) (another pdf version will uploaded for each Keynote presentation)	
mp4	VLC (Ubuntu, Windows), MPlayerX (MacOS)	

2.3. Making data interoperable

ARIADNE aims to collect and document all the data generated in a standardized way (Dublin Core Qualified) to ensure that all datasets, which will be accompanied by the corresponding metadata file, can be interpreted and shared.

In this respect, a metadata file will be created and linked to each dataset. These metadata files will include all the information detailed in the first table of section 2.1 (Contents of a generic Metadata file associated to a given Dataset).

2.4. Increase data re-use

The datasets will be made available for their re-use and be stored in DIGIBUG without any cost. If datasets are updated, the coordinator of this DMP will be responsible for managing the different data versions, making sure that the latest version is available. The policies adopted by DIGIBUG concerning licenses, availability periods, and quality are:

1. License.

All materials published in the DIGIBUG repository incorporate different licenses of the nonprofit organization Creative Commons, in particular, the Creative Commons 4.0 version of the Non-Commercial-ShareAlike CC BY-NC-SA license, which is the one recommended by OpenAIRE. This license allows the reuse of data at the end of the project and the use by third parties.

2. Availability.

The data will remain reusable after the end of the project with no time limitations nor access restrictions, unless embargo or access restrictions are eventually indicated.

3. Quality.

The quality of the datasets is guaranteed by the DIGIBUG operating software, which performs routine backups and checking of the material hosted.

3. Allocation of Resources

All the datasets generated by ARIADNE will be allocated in DIGIBUG without costs (neither in the short nor in the long term), time limitation, or access restrictions. In particular, another version of the produced preprints will be uploaded on the arXiv (a private not-for-profit educational repository owned and operated by Cornell University). For the arXiv version we will use the same preprint title as the one used for the version allocated in DIGIBUG. With this we will ensure and enhance green open access according to the H2020 guidelines.

Dr. Sándalo Roldán-Vargas, department of applied physics at the UGR (Spain), will be responsible for the data management within the ARIADNE project, in particular for the creation of the DMP and its subsequent updates, and for recording and updating the datasets generated by ARIADNE.

4. Data Security

The Scientific Documentation Service of the UGR, located in the Library of the Hospital Real (Granada, Spain), coordinates the electronic management of the DIGIBUG repository. In particular, DIGIBUG incorporates a program for backup and preservation. In this respect, the ARIADNE datasets hosted in DIGIBUG will receive the same security treatment as the rest of the documents in this repository. All the responsibilities concerning data recovery and secure storage will go to the Scientific Documentation Service of the UGR, which is in charge of the storing of the datasets hosted in DIGIBUG.

5. Ethical Aspects

As stated in the Ethics Issues of the MSCA-IF-EF-ST grant agreement (840195 - 2019), there is no requirement for ethical review since ARIADNE does not involve the use of human participants, human cells or tissues, personal data collection and/or processing, animals, potential for misuse of research results, or elements that may cause harm to the environment, animals or plants.

6. References

- [1] Guidelines on FAIR Data Management in Horizon 2020, version 3.0, 26 July 2016
- [2] Data Management Plan Template, UGR Library, version 1.0, 1 July 2017
- [3] J. Horst and C. Lynch, AMECRYS Data Management Plan, version 3.0, 29 March 2017

7. List of Acronyms

Acronym	Meaning
DLS	Dynamic Light Scattering
DMP	Data Management Plan
GT	Glass Transition
IP	Intellectual Property
MD	Molecular Dynamics
MSCA-IF-EF-ST	Marie Skłodowska-Curie Actions - Individual Fellowship - European Fellowship - Standard
SLS	Static Light Scattering
TEM	Transmission Electron Microscopy
UGR	University of Granada

8. Annex A. Work Packages

The table below summarizes the main research objectives, tasks, training, management, and documents associated to each work package of the ARIADNE project (see tables in section 1.3).

Work Package 1. Objectives O1, O2, O3	Title: Location of the Glass Transition (GT)	<u>Duration</u> : month 1 to 14
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Research Objectives.

- Objective O1: Characterization of the GT in isotropic models (both experimental and computational).
- Objective O2: Characterization of the GT in non-isotropic models (computational).
- Objective O3: Characterization of the GT in polar models (both experimental and computational).

Main Tasks.

Computer programming and testing. Computer data collection and analysis. Experiment data collection and analysis.

Work Package 2.	Tido. Collective Duemouties	Duration: month 14 to 23
Objectives O4 and O5	<u>Title</u> : Collective Properties	Duration. Month 14 to 23

Research Objectives.

- Objective O4: Characterization of collective dynamic properties in experiments and simulations.
- Objective O5: Characterization of collective static properties in experiments and simulations.

Main Tasks.

Computer programming and testing. Computer data collection and analysis. Experiment data collection and analysis.

Work Package 3. Management	Title: Training and Management	Duration : month 1 to 24
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Documents to be produced.

Four Career Development Plan reports: one for the initial document and three updates. One report on protocols for sample preparation (bacterial colonies). One report on protocols for DLS measurements. One report on protocols for SLS and DLS measurements. One report on protocols for rheology measurements. One report on protocols for optical microscopy measurements. One Final Report summarizing the results of the project.

Main Tasks.

Hands-on training activities. Report writing. Research training on isotropic sample preparation for rheological measurements and light scattering measurements. Research training on polar sample preparation for rheological and light scattering measurements. Research training on sample preparation for optical microscopy measurements.

Work Package 4. Dissemination	Title: Dissemination and Communication	Duration : month 6 to 24
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Documents to be produced.

One DMP (with 2 repository updates). Three final preprint papers. Presentations for: five international conferences, three internal seminars, seven events for non-experts, two specific lab courses, and material for biological physics lessons for undergraduate students.

Main Tasks.

Report writing. Repository updates. Paper writing. Preparation of material for conferences, labs, lessons, seminars, and events for non-experts.